



Division of Licensing Services

New York State
Department of State, Division of Licensing Services
(518) 474-4429
www.dos.ny.gov

New York State
Division of Consumer Rights
(888) 392-3644

New York State Housing and Anti-Discrimination Disclosure Form

Federal, State and local Fair Housing Laws provide comprehensive protections from discrimination in housing. It is unlawful for any property owner, landlord, property manager or other person who sells, rents or leases housing, to discriminate based on certain protected characteristics, which include, but are not limited to **race, creed, color, national origin, sexual orientation, gender identity or expression, military status, sex, age, disability, marital status, lawful source of income or familial status**. Real estate professionals must also comply with all Fair Housing Laws.

Real estate brokers and real estate salespersons, and their employees and agents violate the Law if they:

- Discriminate based on any protected characteristic when negotiating a sale, rental or lease, including representing that a property is not available when it is available.
- Negotiate discriminatory terms of sale, rental or lease, such as stating a different price because of race, national origin or other protected characteristic.
- Discriminate based on any protected characteristic because it is the preference of a seller or landlord.
- Discriminate by “steering” which occurs when a real estate professional guides prospective buyers or renters towards or away from certain neighborhoods, locations or buildings, based on any protected characteristic.
- Discriminate by “blockbusting” which occurs when a real estate professional represents that a change has occurred or may occur in future in the composition of a block, neighborhood or area, with respect to any protected characteristics, and that the change will lead to undesirable consequences for that area, such as lower property values, increase in crime, or decline in the quality of schools.
- Discriminate by pressuring a client or employee to violate the Law.
- Express any discrimination because of any protected characteristic by any statement, publication, advertisement, application, inquiry or any Fair Housing Law record.

YOU HAVE THE RIGHT TO FILE A COMPLAINT

If you believe you have been the victim of housing discrimination you should file a complaint with the New York State Division of Human Rights (DHR). Complaints may be filed by:

- Downloading a complaint form from the DHR website: www.dhr.ny.gov;
- Stop by a DHR office in person, or contact one of the Division’s offices, by telephone or by mail, to obtain a complaint form and/or other assistance in filing a complaint. A list of office locations is available online at: <https://dhr.ny.gov/contact-us>, and the Fair Housing HOTLINE at (844)-862-8703.

You may also file a complaint with the NYS Department of State, Division of Licensing Services. Complaints may be filed by:

- Downloading a complaint form from the Department of State’s website
https://www.dos.ny.gov/licensing/complaint_links.html
- Stop by a Department’s office in person, or contact one of the Department’s offices, by telephone or by mail, to obtain a complaint form.
- Call the Department at (518) 474-4429.

There is no fee charged to you for these services. It is unlawful for anyone to retaliate against you for filing a complaint.



Division of Licensing Services

New York State
Department of State, Division of Licensing Services
(518) 474-4429
www.dos.ny.gov

New York State
Division of Consumer Rights
(888) 392-3644

New York State Housing and Anti-Discrimination Disclosure Form

For more information on Fair Housing Act rights and responsibilities please visit
<https://dhr.ny.gov/fairhousing> and <https://www.dos.ny.gov/licensing/fairhousing.html>.

This form was provided to me by Monifa Charles (print name of Real Estate Salesperson/
Broker) of MNS (print name of Real Estate company, firm or brokerage)

(I)(We) Annastacia Gladston

(Buyer/Tenant/Seller/Landlord) acknowledge receipt of a copy of this disclosure form:

Buyer/Tenant/Seller/Landlord Signature Annastacia Gladston Date: 5/10/24

Buyer/Tenant/Seller/Landlord Signature _____ Date: _____

Real Estate broker and real estate salespersons are required by New York State law to provide you with this Disclosure.



New York State
DEPARTMENT OF STATE
Division of Licensing Services
P.O. Box 22001
Albany, NY 12201-2001

Customer Service: (518) 474-4429
www.dos.state.ny.us

New York State Disclosure Form for Landlord and Tenant

THIS IS NOT A CONTRACT

New York State law requires real estate licensees who are acting as agents of landlords and tenants of real property to advise the potential landlords and tenants with whom they work of the nature of their agency relationship and the rights and obligations it creates. This disclosure will help you to make informed choices about your relationship with the real estate broker and its sales agents.

Throughout the transaction you may receive more than one disclosure form. The law may require each agent assisting in the transaction to present you with this disclosure form. A real estate agent is a person qualified to advise about real estate.

If you need legal, tax or other advice, consult with a professional in that field.

Disclosure Regarding Real Estate Agency Relationships

Landlord's Agent

A landlord's agent is an agent who is engaged by a landlord to represent the landlord's interest. The landlord's agent does this by securing a tenant for the landlord's apartment or house at a rent and on terms acceptable to the landlord. A landlord's agent has, without limitation, the following fiduciary duties to the landlord: reasonable care, undivided loyalty, confidentiality, full disclosure, obedience and duty to account. A landlord's agent does not represent the interests of the tenant. The obligations of a landlord's agent are also subject to any specific provisions set forth in an agreement between the agent and the landlord. In dealings with the tenant, a landlord's agent should (a) exercise reasonable skill and care in performance of the agent's duties; (b) deal honestly, fairly and in good faith; and (c) disclose all facts known to the agent materially affecting the value or desirability of property, except as otherwise provided by law.

Tenant's Agent

A tenant's agent is an agent who is engaged by a tenant to represent the tenant's interest. The tenant's agent does this by negotiating the rental or lease of an apartment or house at a rent and on terms acceptable to the tenant. A tenant's agent has, without limitation, the following fiduciary duties to the tenant: reasonable care, undivided loyalty, confidentiality, full disclosure, obedience and duty to account. A tenant's agent does not represent the interest of the landlord. The obligations of a tenant's agent are also subject to any specific provisions set forth in an agreement between the agent and the tenant. In dealings with the landlord, a tenant's agent should (a) exercise reasonable skill and care in performance of the agent's duties; (b) deal honestly, fairly and in good faith; and (c) disclose all facts known to the tenant's ability and/or willingness to perform a contract to rent or lease landlord's property that are not consistent with the agent's fiduciary duties to the buyer.

Broker's Agents

A broker's agent is an agent that cooperates or is engaged by a listing agent or a tenant's agent (but does not work for the same firm as the listing agent or tenant's agent) to assist the listing agent or tenant's agent in locating a property to rent or lease for the listing agent's landlord or the tenant agent's tenant. The broker's agent does not have a direct relationship with the tenant or landlord and the tenant or landlord can not provide instructions or direction directly to the broker's agent. The tenant and the landlord therefore do not have vicarious liability for the acts of the broker's agent. The listing agent or tenant's agent do provide direction and instruction to the broker's agent and therefore the listing agent or tenant's agent will have liability for the acts of the broker's agent.

Dual Agent

A real estate broker may represent both the tenant and the landlord if both the tenant and landlord give their informed consent in writing. In such a dual agency situa-

tion, the agent will not be able to provide the full range of fiduciary duties to the landlord and the tenant. The obligations of an agent are also subject to any specific provisions set forth in an agreement between the agent, and the tenant and landlord. An agent acting as a dual agent must explain carefully to both the landlord and tenant that the agent is acting for the other party as well. The agent should also explain the possible effects of dual representation, including that by consenting to the dual agency relationship the landlord and tenant are giving up their right to undivided loyalty. A landlord and tenant should carefully consider the possible consequences of a dual agency relationship before agreeing to such representation. A landlord or tenant may provide advance informed consent to dual agency by indicating the same on this form.

Dual Agent with Designated Sales Agents

If the tenant and the landlord provide their informed consent in writing, the principals and the real estate broker who represents both parties as a dual agent may designate

a sales agent to represent the tenant and another sales agent to represent the landlord. A sales agent works under the supervision of the real estate broker. With the informed consent in writing of the tenant and the landlord, the designated sales agent for the tenant will function as the tenant's agent representing the interests of and advocating on behalf of the tenant and the designated sales agent for the landlord will function as the landlord's agent representing the interests of and advocating on behalf of the landlord in the negotiations between the tenant and the landlord. A designated sales agent cannot provide the full range of fiduciary duties to the landlord or tenant. The designated sales agent must explain that like the dual agent under whose supervision they function, they cannot provide undivided loyalty. A landlord or tenant should carefully consider the possible consequences of a dual agency relationship with designated sales agents before agreeing to such representation. A landlord or tenant may provide advance informed consent to dual agency with designated sales agents by indicating the same on this form.

This form was provided to me by Monifa Charles (print name of licensee) of MNS

(print name of company, firm or brokerage), a licensed real estate broker acting in the interest of the:

(☒) Landlord as a (check relationship below) (☐) Tenant as a (check relationship below)

(☐) Landlord's agent

(☐) Tenant's agent

(☐) Broker's agent

(☐) Broker's agent

(☐) Dual agent

(☐) Dual agent with designated sales agent

For advance informed consent to either dual agency or dual agency with designated sales agents complete section below:

(☐) Advance informed consent dual agency

(☐) Advance informed consent to dual agency with designated sales agents

If dual agent with designated sales agents is indicated above: _____ is appointed to represent the tenant; and _____ is appointed to represent the seller in this transaction.

(I) (We) ☒ Annastacia Gladston acknowledge receipt of a copy of this disclosure

form: signature of { ☐ } Landlord(s) and/or { ☐ } Tenant(s):

☒ Annastacia Gladston

Date: ☒ 5/10/24

Date: _____

Health Questionnaire Screening Form for Coronavirus (COVID-19)

The Real Estate Board of New York (REBNY) has put together this Coronavirus (COVID-19) Health Screening Questionnaire Form (the "Form") which shall be distributed to all persons who are attending any in-person property showings and/or meetings with the undersigned real estate licensee (the "Broker"). This Form shall be distributed to all attendees within 24 hours of any scheduled meeting. Please understand that the purpose of this Form is to elicit information to help promote the health and safety of all persons who may be involved in the meeting and/or showing, and that taking precautionary measures to prevent the spread of the Coronavirus (COVID-19) is paramount to those efforts.

The Broker (or any agent of the Broker) may cancel or postpone any in-person showing or meeting without prejudice or penalty upon any indication that a person who is attending the showing or meeting is exhibiting any [symptoms of the Coronavirus \(COVID-19\)](#) or any other cold or flu-like symptoms.

The person signing this Form hereby acknowledges and agrees that: (i) the information requested on this Form is being provided voluntarily, (ii) the information provided on this Form is confidential and is not intended for use outside of determining whether an in-person showing or meeting can occur, (iii) the refusal or failure to answer each question below may result in the cancellation of any scheduled meeting or showing, and that the Broker reserves the absolute right, in their sole discretion, to refuse entry to that person; (iv) if the answer to any of the questions below is "Yes" that person will not be permitted to attend the in-person showing or meeting; (v) any person may be asked in the future to execute another Form in connection with a future meeting and/or showing; and (vi) they must notify the real estate licensee listed below if they become symptomatic and/or test positive for COVID-19 within 48 hours of the last visit to the property.

The Broker represents that they use and present this Form uniformly and in the same manner for all in-person interactions and meetings and in accordance with all Federal, State and Local Fair Housing Laws.

SCREENING QUESTIONS

Please answer the following 3 questions:

1. Have you knowingly been in close or proximate contact in the past 14 days with anyone who has tested positive for COVID-19 or who has had symptoms of COVID-19?
YES NO
2. Have you tested positive for COVID-19 in the past 14 days?
YES NO
3. Have you experienced any symptoms of COVID-19 in the past 14 days?
YES NO

Print Name	<i>Annastacia Gladston</i> Signature	Date
Property Address	Name of Real Estate Licensee	Name of Brokerage Company

Important Note: This Form should not be construed as offering or providing legal advice in any form. This Form is not intended to replace the reader's need to speak with their own legal counsel regarding the issues presented. All readers should seek independent legal advice prior to instituting any re-entry policies and/or practices.

Limitation of Liability Form

for Coronavirus (COVID-19)

With stay-at-home orders being lifted in New York State, any parties involved in a real estate transaction must continue to be aware of the risks that are associated with the Coronavirus (COVID-19).

Throughout the course of a real estate transaction, it may become necessary for a party to enter or access a residential or commercial property in-person, which raises the possibility of potential liability resulting from exposure to the Coronavirus (COVID-19).

By entering the property or permitting a party to enter the property, you acknowledge that there is an assumption of exposure to the Coronavirus (COVID-19) and any and all consequences that may result from such exposure, including but not limited to, physical injury, psychological injury, pain, suffering, illness, temporary or permanent disability, death or economic loss.

This form is intended to notify the parties of the risks associated with conducting property visits in-person. All parties associated with the in-person meeting or showing (including the Agent or Broker) should sign this form. By signing this form, you hereby acknowledge and assume such risks and/or potential consequences.

The undersigned hereby acknowledges receipt of this Coronavirus (COVID-19) Limitation of Liability Form and understands that the refusal to sign this form may result in the cancellation of any scheduled in-person meeting or showing.

Property Address

Annastacia Gladston

Signature

Full Name

Date

This form was presented to me by _____ of _____.

Name of Real Estate Licensee Real Estate Brokerage Company

Please note that this form should not be construed as providing legal advice and you should review this form with an attorney before signing.