

SECTION A (All Fields Must Be Completed by the Owner/Owner Representative)

Subject Apartment Address:

19 Rockwell Pl 14C Brooklyn, NY, 11217
Number/Street Apt. No City, State, Zip Code

Lease Offered to Tenant(s): Jeong Yeon Yun
(print name)

Lease Description: (Please select only one) ☒ Vacancy lease ☐ Renewal lease

Owner/Owner Representative Contact Information: (Please print)

Name(s): 19 Rockwell Place LLC

Email Address:

Mailing Address: 19 ROCKWELL PL, Brooklyn, NY 11217-1113

(Owner/Owner Representative)

Date

SECTION B (All Fields Must Be Completed by the Tenant)

Tenant Contact Information: (Please print)

Name(s): Jeong Yeon Yun

Email Address: wjddus1881@gmail.com

Mailing Address: 225 Schermerhorn Street, Brooklyn, NY 11201 - US

(If different from subject apartment address)

Tenant's Statement of Consent

I hereby affirm that I have read this notice and voluntarily consent to an electronic lease offering and execution by the owner of the subject building and apartment.



4/2/2026
03:31 PM EDT

Jeong Yeon Yun (Tenant)

Date

Form W-9 (Rev. March 2024) Department of the Treasury Internal Revenue Service	Request for Taxpayer Identification Number and Certification ▶ Go to www.irs.gov/FormW9 for instructions and the latest information.	Give form to the requester. Do not send to the IRS.
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Print or type. See Specific Instructions on page 3.	Before you begin. For guidance related to the purpose of Form W-9, see Purpose of Form, below.		
	1 Name of entity/individual. An entry is required. (For a sole proprietor or disregarded entity, enter the owner's name on line 1, and enter the business/disregarded entity's name on line 2.) Jeong Yeon Yun		
	2 Business name/disregarded entity name, if different from above		
	3a Check the appropriate box for federal tax classification of the entity/individual whose name is entered on line 1. Check only one of the following seven boxes. ☒ Individual/sole proprietor or ☐ C corporation ☐ S corporation ☐ Partnership ☐ Trust/estate ☐ LLC. Enter the tax classification (C=corporation, S=S corporation, P=Partnership) ▶ _____ Note: Check the "LLC" box above and, in the entry space, enter the appropriate code (C, S, or P) for the tax classification of the LLC, unless it is a disregarded entity. A disregarded entity should instead check the appropriate box for the tax classification of its owner. ☐ Other (see instructions) ▶ _____		4 Exemptions (codes apply only to certain entities, not individuals; see instructions on page 3): Exempt payee code (if any) _____ Exemption from Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act (FATCA) reporting code (if any) _____ (Applies to accounts maintained outside the United States)
	3b If on line 3a you checked "Partnership" or "Trust/estate," or checked "LLC" and entered "P" as its tax classification, and you are providing this form to a partnership, trust, or estate in which you have an ownership interest, check this box if you have any foreign partners, owners, or beneficiaries. See instructions ☐		
	5 Address (number, street, and apt. or suite no.) See instructions. 19 Rockwell PI #14C		Requester's name and address (optional)
6 City, state, and ZIP code Brooklyn, New York 11217			
7 List account number(s) here (optional)			

Part I Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN)	
Enter your TIN in the appropriate box. The TIN provided must match the name given on line 1 to avoid backup withholding. For individuals, this is generally your social security number (SSN). However, for a resident alien, sole proprietor, or disregarded entity, see the instructions for Part I, later. For other entities, it is your employer identification number (EIN). If you do not have a number, see <i>How to get a TIN</i> , later. Note: If the account is in more than one name, see the instructions for line 1. See also What Name and Number To Give the Requester for guidelines on whose number to enter.	Social security number 3 1 1 8 9 6 7 5 8 or Employer identification number

Part II Certification

Under penalties of perjury, I certify that:

- The number shown on this form is my correct taxpayer identification number (or I am waiting for a number to be issued to me); and
- I am not subject to backup withholding because: (a) I am exempt from backup withholding, or (b) I have not been notified by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) that I am subject to backup withholding as a result of a failure to report all interest or dividends, or (c) the IRS has notified me that I am no longer subject to backup withholding; and
- I am a U.S. citizen or other U.S. person (defined below); and
- The FATCA code(s) entered on this form (if any) indicating that I am exempt from FATCA reporting is correct.

Certification Instructions. You must cross out item 2 above if you have been notified by the IRS that you are currently subject to backup withholding because you have failed to report all interest and dividends on your tax return. For real estate transactions, item 2 does not apply. For mortgage interest paid, acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, contributions to an individual retirement arrangement (IRA), and generally, payments other than interest and dividends, you are not required to sign the certification, but you must provide your correct TIN. See the instructions for Part II, later.

Sign Here



4/2/2026
03:31 PM EDT

Jeong Yeon Yun (Signature of U.S. Person)

Date

April 2, 2026

Dear Jeong Yeon Yun:

We would like to thank you for your interest in leasing an apartment at **ONE NINE ROCKWELL**. At this time, your lease application has been processed. Please review the following lease terms:

Apartment: **19 Rockwell Pl #14C, Brooklyn, NY 11217**
Rent: **\$4,275.00**
Term: **1 year and 8 days**
Lease Dates: **June 23, 2026 to June 30, 2027**
Concession: Early Occupancy Beginning **May 8, 2026**
Source: Streeteasy.com

Note that no lease is binding until counter-signed by Owner. Approval is subject to our receipt of the following executed original documents together with the payments set forth below **within 48 hours**:

- | | |
|--|--|
| 1) 421-A Rider To Lease Agreement | 2) Amenity Use Policy Rider |
| 3) Gym Rules | 4) Bedbug Infestation History Disclosure |
| 5) Bike Agreement | 6) Construction Rider |
| 7) Early Occupancy License Agreement - BELKIN | 8) Electronic Lease Offer Rider - Unstabilized |
| 9) Fair Chance Housing Notice | 10) Fare Act - Fee Guide |
| 11) Fire Safety Plan | 12) Flood History and Risk Rider |
| 13) Indoor Allergen Hazard Notice | 14) Indoor Allergen Tenant Pamphlet |
| 15) NY Disclosure Form for Landlord and Tenant | 16) New York State Good Cause Eviction Notice |
| 17) No Smoking Policy | 18) Notice of Suspected Gas Leak |
| 19) Notice to Reasonable Accommodation | 20) Occupancy Rider |
| 21) Overnight Subleasing Prohibition | 22) Prohibition of E-Bicycles E-Scooters and Hoverboards |
| 23) Recycling Notice NYC | 24) Renters Insurance |
| 25) Smoking Policy | 26) Sprinkler Disclosure Lease Rider |
| 27) Submeter Rider | 28) Temporary Amenity Concession Rider |
| 29) Tenant Contact Worksheet | 30) Terrace/Balcony Rider |
| 31) W-8 / W-9 | 32) Welcome Letter |
| 33) Standard Form of Apartment Lease | 34) Window Guards |
- 35) Payment in the form of certified check, bank check or money order for the following: **\$4,275.00** representing the first month's rent payable to **19 Rockwell Place LLC** and a separate check for **\$1,500.00** representing the security deposit payable to **Rentable**.

Sincerely,

RESIDENTIAL APARTMENT LEASE

THIS APARTMENT IS NOT SUBJECT TO RENT REGULATION

Owner and Renter make this apartment lease agreement as follows:

Owner's Name 19 Rockwell Place LLC				
Owner's Address for Notices: 19 ROCKWELL PL, Brooklyn, NY 11217-1113				
Renter's Name: Jeong Yeon Yun		Driver's License # (if applicable):		Social Security #: ***_**_****
Renter's Present Address 225 Schermerhorn Street, Brooklyn, NY 11201 - US				
Address of Premises to be Rented: 19 Rockwell Pl Brooklyn, NY 11217				
Apt. No.: 14C	Term of This Lease: 1 year and 8 days	Date of Lease: April 2, 2026	Beginning: June 23, 2026	Ending: June 30, 2027
*Monthly Rent: \$4,275.00			Yearly Rent: \$51,300.00	

- HEADINGS:** Paragraph headings are only for ready reference to the terms of this lease.
- CONDITION "AS IS":** Renter acknowledges inspecting the apartment prior to signing this lease and accepts the apartment in the condition it is in as of such inspection. Renter acknowledges that the apartment is free of defects. Owner warrants that the apartment and building are fit for habitation and there are no conditions dangerous to health, life or safety.
- USE AND OCCUPANCY OF APARTMENT:** The apartment is to be used and occupied for private residential purposes only, as the primary residence of Renter. The apartment may be occupied only by Renter named in this lease, Renter's immediate family, or other occupants in accordance with the applicable provisions of law. Renter agrees that the apartment will be occupied only by the following individuals, in addition to Renter:

NAME	DATE OF BIRTH	RELATIONSHIP TO RENTER

Renter is obligated to advise Owner, in writing, if any additional occupant moves into the apartment. Such notice must be furnished by Renter to Owner within 10 days of the date such additional occupant moves into the apartment. The apartment may not be occupied by more than the number of occupants permitted by §272075 of the Housing Maintenance Code. The apartment may be occupied by one roommate.

- RENTER'S POSSESSION OF APARTMENT:** Owner shall not be liable for failure to give Renter possession of the apartment on the beginning day of the lease term. Rent shall be payable as of the beginning of the term unless Owner is unable to give possession, in which case rent shall be payable as of the date possession is available. Owner must give possession within 30 days of the beginning day of the lease term. If not, Renter may cancel this lease and obtain a refund of money deposited. Owner will notify Renter as of the date possession is available. The ending date of the lease term will not change in the event Owner is unable to give possession as of the beginning of the lease term.
- RENT, ADDED RENT:** a. Rent payments for each month are due on or before the first day of each month at the address above or at a location designated by Owner in writing. Notice from Owner to Renter that rent is due is not required. The rent must be paid in full without deductions. The first month's rent and added rent must be paid when Renter signs this lease. b. Renter may be required to pay other charges and fees to Owner under the terms of this lease. They are called "added rent." This added rent will be payable as rent, together with the next monthly rent due. If Renter fails to pay the added rent on time, Owner shall have the same rights against Renter as if Renter failed to pay rent.
- FAILURE TO PAY RENT ON DUE DATE:** **Rent is due by the first day of each month.** Payment after the **6th** day of each month shall be considered a "late payment." Renter expressly agrees and understands that three (3) or more late payments in any twelve month period shall be deemed to be a failure to comply with a substantial obligation of this lease and be grounds for the termination of this lease and eviction of Renter by Owner.
- FEE FOR LATE PAYMENT:** Due to administrative inconvenience and costs incurred due to late payment of rent, Renter agrees to pay the sum of **\$50.00** per month in any month in which the rent is tendered after the late payment date,

as added rent. Although Owner is charging a late charge, Owner may commence any action or proceeding with regard to Renter's failure to pay timely rent. This paragraph is not a waiver of Owner's right to collect or demand rent.

- 8. DISHONORED CHECK FEE:** If Renter pays rent by check and such check is dishonored for any reason by the bank on which the check is drawn, Renter will be responsible to pay Owner a dishonored check fee of **\$50.00** in addition to the fee for late payment. This fee is added rent.
- 9. SECURITY:** Renter has given a security deposit to Owner at the time of Renter's signing of this lease in the sum of **\$1,500.00** which is equal to **Reduced SD**. If required by law, the account will bear interest at the banking institution's prevailing rate. If Renter carries out all of Renter's obligations under the terms of this lease, an annual payment of accrued interest will be made by the banking institution to the Renter, less 1% interest of the security on deposit, to be tendered by the banking institution to Owner. Owner may use or apply all or any part of the deposit as may be required to pay for damage to the apartment during the term of this lease. If Renter carries out all of Renter's obligations under this lease, and if the apartment is returned to Owner at the expiration of the lease term in the same condition as when rented by Renter, ordinary wear and tear excepted, Renter's security deposit will be returned in full to Renter, with accrued interest thereon, within **14 days** of Renter vacating. If this lease is renewed, and the amount of security deposit Owner is permitted to retain is increased above the amount deposited upon the commencement of this lease term, then Renter shall, upon such lease renewal, pay to the order of Owner such additional sum. If Owner sells or leases the building, Owner may remit the security deposit, as provided by law, to Renter or to the new Owner or lessee, at Owner's election. If Owner remits the security deposit to the new Owner or lessee, Renter agrees to seek the return of the security deposit from the new Owner or lessee, and releases Owner from any claim to the security deposit. Renter shall not use the security on deposit to pay the last month's rent of the lease term. Owner may use security deposit in full or in part if necessary to pay for unpaid rent, damage or loss due to rerenting over the course of this lease.
- 10. SUBLETTING/ASSIGNMENT:** Renter shall not assign the apartment in whole or in part. Renter shall not sublet the apartment in whole or in part without the written consent of Owner, nor permit anyone not specifically indicated in this lease to occupy the apartment. A sublet without consent, or any assignment shall constitute a default of this lease.
- 11. SERVICES:** Owner will provide services which are required by law. The following services and utilities are the responsibility of Renter unless otherwise indicated below:
- | | | | |
|--------------|-------|--------------|-----------------------------|
| Electricity: | _____ | Cable TV: | _____ |
| Gas: | _____ | Hot Water: | <u>Paid by Owner</u> |
| Telephone: | _____ | Cooking Gas: | _____ |
| Heat: | _____ | Other: | _____ |
- 12. OWNER'S INABILITY TO PROVIDE SERVICE:** If Owner is unable to provide certain services as a result of circumstances which are not the fault of Owner, Renter's obligations under this lease, including the obligation to pay rent without abatement, shall remain in effect.
- 13. REPAIRS:** Renter is responsible for the proper maintenance of the apartment. Renter must, at its sole cost and expense, repair or replace anything in the apartment requiring repair replacement as a result of Renter's actions or neglect. If Renter fails to effectuate such repair or replacement Owner may do so at the Renter's expense. The cost of such repair or replacement shall be added rent. Renter will reimburse Owner all costs incurred by Owner to remedy damages to the apartment or the building caused by Renter, members of Renter's family, Renter's guests or Renter's household staff. Such sums shall be added rent.
- 14. ACCESS:** Owner shall be permitted to enter the apartment at all reasonable hours for the purposes of making repairs, showing the apartment to prospective renters, mortgagees, or buyers, making improvements to the building at Owner's sole discretion and for the inspection of the apartment. In the event of an emergency which affects the safety of the renters in the building or which may cause damage to the building, Owner may enter the premises without prior notice to Renter. Failure to provide access is a substantial violation of this lease.
- 15. LIABILITY OF RENTER:** Renter shall pay all sums incurred by Owner, in the event Owner is held liable for damages resulting from any act by Renter. Landlord recommends that tenant secure insurance to protect himself and his property.
- 16. FIRE AND CASUALTY DAMAGE:** Renter is required to advise Owner immediately in the event of fire or other casualty which renders the apartment partially or wholly unfit for occupancy. Owner shall repair the premises as soon as possible subject to any delays due to adjustment of insurance claims or any cause not under Owner's control. If part of the premises is usable, Renter must pay rent for the usable part. If the premises are damaged where Owner feels that the apartment is beyond repair, the term of this lease shall end and Renter must vacate the apartment. If the fire or casualty was caused by Renter's actions the costs of the repairs shall be repaid to Owner by Renter as added rent.
- 17. DEFAULT:** 1) You default under the Lease if You act in any of the following ways: a) You fail to carry out any agreement or provision of this Lease b) You or another occupant of the Apartment behaves in an objectionable manner; c)

You do not take possession or move into the Apartment 15 days after the beginning of this Lease; d) You and other legal occupants of the Apartment move out permanently before this Lease ends; If You do default in any one of these ways, other than a default in the agreement to pay rent, Owner may serve You with a written notice to stop or correct the specified default within 10 days. You must then either stop or correct the default within 10 days, or, if You need more than 10 days, You must begin to correct the default within 10 days and continue to do all that is necessary to correct the default as soon as possible. 2) If You do not stop or begin to correct a default within 10 days, Owner may give You a second written notice that this Lease will end seven days after the date of the second written notice is sent to You. At the end of the 7 day period, this Lease will end. You then must move out of the Apartment. Even though this Lease ends, You will remain liable to Owner for unpaid rent up to the end of this Lease, the value of your occupancy, if any, after the Lease ends, and damages caused to Owner after that time as stated in Article 17. 3) If You do not pay your rent when this Lease requires after a personal demand for rent has been made, or within three days after a statutory written demand for rent has been made, or if the Lease ends, Owner may do the following: a) enter the apartment and retake possession of it if You have moved out; or b) go to court and ask that You and all other occupants in the Apartment be compelled to move out. Once this Lease has been ended, whether because of default or otherwise, You give up any right You might otherwise have to reinstate or renew the Lease.

18. EARLY TERMINATION OF LEASE: If this lease is canceled as set forth in paragraph "17," Renter must pay "use and occupancy" (in an amount equivalent to monthly rent) until Renter vacates the apartment. If Renter vacates the apartment prior to the expiration of the lease term, Renter shall be liable for "use and occupancy" until the expiration of the lease term or until such time as the apartment is rerented, whichever is sooner. After Renter vacates, Owner may rent the apartment for the remainder of the lease term, or for a period shorter than or greater than the term of this lease at a monthly rental which may be more or less than the monthly rental specified on page one of this lease. If the apartment is rerented for less than the monthly rental specified above, Renter shall be liable for the difference between Renter's monthly rent and the new rental amount, until such time as the balance of the term of this lease expires. In addition, Renter shall be liable for all expenses incurred in connection with the rerented of the apartment, including but not limited to broker's fees, advertising costs and cleaning expenses.

19. LEGAL FEES (Owner's Option):

☐ In the event either Owner or Renter incurs legal fees and/or court costs in the enforcement of any of Owner's or Renter's rights under this lease or pursuant to law, neither party shall be entitled to the repayment of such legal fees and/or court costs.

If the above box is not checked, Renter shall be liable to Owner in the event Owner incurs legal fees in the enforcement of any of Owner's rights under this lease or pursuant to law. Renter shall be liable to Owner for such legal fees and/or court costs as added rent.

20. NO JURY TRIAL: In any legal proceeding arising under the terms of this lease, whether instituted by Owner or Renter, the parties agree to give up the right to a trial by a jury. **The right to a trial by jury is an important right of Renter, and Renter is agreeing not to demand a trial by jury.** The foregoing is not intended to prohibit a demand for a trial by jury in actions for personal injury or damage to property.

21. NO COUNTERCLAIMS: In any action by Owner seeking recovery of the apartment, Renter shall not make a counterclaim against Owner relating to any matter other than a claim that Owner has not properly maintained the condition of the building or apartment. Renter shall be required to bring an independent action on any other counterclaim.

22. REENTRY: If Renter is dispossessed by legal action Owner may enter the apartment without being liable for reentry, and may rerent the apartment. Renter will be liable to Owner for any and all expenses related to the entering, repairing, redecorating and rerenting. Renter waives the right to reenter the apartment after a final order or judgment in any action is signed or after Renter is removed from the leased apartment.

23. ABANDONMENT: The removal of all or a substantial part of Renter's furniture from the apartment or any other indications that the apartment has been vacated shall be deemed an abandonment by Renter and Owner may then reenter and take possession of the apartment, repair and redecorate it for the purpose of rerenting, whether or not Renter has surrendered the keys. Such taking by Owner shall not be deemed to relieve Renter from liability to pay the rent. Renter releases Owner from any and all claims for damages by reason of such reentry.

24. WINDOW CLEANING: Renter shall not allow any windows to be cleaned from the outside unless such service is provided by Owner.

25. COMMON AREAS: Renter shall not place baby carriages, bicycles or any other property in or on fire escapes, sidewalks, entrances, driveways, elevators, stairways, halls or any other public areas. Public access ways shall be used only for entering and leaving the apartment and the building. Only those elevators and passageways designated by Owner can be used for deliveries.

26. GARBAGE AND REFUSE:

- a.) Residents duties:** Resident agrees, at his sole cost and expense, to comply with all present and future laws, orders and regulations of all state, federal municipal and local governments, departments, commissions and boards regarding the collections sorting, separation and recycling of waste products, garbage, refuse and trash. Resident shall sort and separate such items into categories as provided by law, and in accordance with the rules and regulations adopted by Owner for the sorting and separating of such designated recycling material.
- b.) Owners rights if resident fails to comply:** Owner reserves the right, where permitted by law, to refuse to collect or accept from Resident any waste products, garbage, refuse or trash which is not separated and sorted as required by law, and to require Resident to arrange for such collection, at Resident's sole cost and expense, using contractor satisfactory to Owner.
- c.) Fines and penalties, indemnification of Owner:** Resident shall pay all costs, expenses, fines, penalties or damages imposed on Owner or Resident by reason of Residents' failure to comply with Paragraphs a and c above, and shall indemnify, defend, and hold Owner harmless from and against any actions, claims, and suits arising from such noncompliance, using counsel reasonably satisfactory to owner, if Owner so elects. Residents' noncompliance with Paragraphs a, b or c shall constitute a violation of a substantial obligation of the tenancy and Owners' rules and regulations. Resident shall be liable to owner for any costs or expenses, including attorneys' fees, of any actions or proceeding by Owner against Resident, based upon Residents' breach of Paragraphs a, b or c.
- 27. KEYS:** Renter must provide a key to any and all locks to Renter's apartment to Owner, and Owner must pay to Renter the reasonable cost of the keys. Renter shall not install a doublekeyed cylinder in any lock to Renter's apartment.
- 28. NO PETS:** Renter acknowledges that he shall not have any dog, cat or other animal on the premises unless permitted in writing by Owner. In no event shall any dog, cat or other animal be permitted in any elevator or in any public portion of the building unless carried or on a leash. Failure to comply with this provision shall be grounds for termination of the tenancy and lease.
- 29. SMOKE ALARMS AND CARBON MONOXIDE DETECTORS:** Renter acknowledges that the apartment being rented has smoke alarm(s) and carbon monoxide detector(s) in proper working order.
- 30. WINDOW GUARDS:** Renter hereby agrees to notify Owner if any child who is ten years of age or under occupies this apartment so that Owner may install window guards in each window of the apartment in accordance with law, which shall be at tenant's expense. Renter shall not install any gate or guard on any window without written permission of the Owner or remove any window guard installed by Owner. Renter shall be liable to Owner for any violations issued to Owner as a result of Renter's failure to permit Owner to install window guards.
- 31. PEELING PAINT:** Renter hereby agrees to notify Owner of any paint within the apartment that is peeling, cracking, flaking, blistering or loose in any manner so that Owner may repair such conditions.
- 32. END OF TERM MOVING OUT:** At the end of this lease term, Renter shall leave the apartment clean and in good order, reasonable wear and tear excepted. Renter shall remove all of Renter's personal possessions from the apartment after Renter has vacated. If any property remains in the apartment at the expiration of the term, it will be deemed by Owner to be abandoned property which Owner may discard or sell. Renter agrees to pay any expenses incurred by Owner as a result of Owner's disposition of said property.
- 33. FACILITIES:** Storeroom, roof access, laundry facilities in the building or television master antenna may be provided by Owner at the option of Owner. Owner may discontinue the facilities at any time and shall not be liable for any damage, injury or loss from the use or discontinuance of these facilities.
- 34. NOTICES:** All notices, which include bills and/or other statements with respect to this lease, must be in writing. Notices to Renter shall be sent to Renter at the apartment by regular mail except that any notice alleging failure to comply with any terms of this lease shall be sent by certified mail. Notices to the Owner shall be sent to Owner by certified mail to the address on this lease, or to such other address as Owner shall advise Renter in writing. Notices will be considered delivered on the date mailed.
- 35. ALTERATIONS:** At least 80% of the floor area of each room, except for kitchens and bathrooms, shall be covered with rugs or carpeting. Renter may not paste or nail any carpet, tile or linoleum to the floors. Renter shall not apply wallpaper or other wall covering to the walls or ceilings. When Renter vacates the apartment, it shall be left painted in the same color as when rented. Renter shall not install a waterbed, washing machine, dryer, dishwasher, air conditioner, refrigerator, sink, kitchen cabinets, stove, other mechanical equipment or an external antenna in an apartment without the written consent of Owner. If Renter is permitted and does install a window air conditioner, Owner is entitled to receive a rent increase in accordance with law. The rent increase is payable to Owner as added rent beginning on the first day of the month following installation.
- 36. DEPOSIT OF RENT:** If Owner commences legal proceedings against Renter, Renter may be required to deposit rent into court. Failure to deposit such rent may result in the entry of a final judgment against Renter.

- 37. POOL AND RECREATION AREAS:** Permission to use any pool and/or recreation areas, including a playroom and health club, must be in writing. Owner may revoke permission at any time. Renter must pay all fees imposed by Owner.
- 38. TERRACES AND BALCONIES:** The apartment may have a terrace or balcony. The terms of this lease apply to the terrace or balcony as if the terrace or balcony are part of the apartment. Owner may make special rules for the terrace and balcony. Owner will notify Renter of such rules. The failure of Renter to comply with such rules shall constitute a substantial violation of the lease. Renter must keep the terrace or balcony in good repair and clean and free from snow, ice, leaves and garbage. No cooking is allowed on the terrace or balcony. Renter may not keep plants or install a fence or any addition on the terrace or balcony. If Renter does so, Owner has the right to remove and store them at Renter's expense. It is expressly understood and agreed that the Tenant shall not enclose by screens or windows or in any other manner, the balcony for said apartment nor shall any ropes, wires, or any other wash or drying of clothes or other material be put thereon, nor shall any storage of any boxes, tools, equipment, litter or refuse of any kind but that the same shall be kept clean, neat and unencumbered, at all times and used only as a sitting area. The failure of the Tenant to so comply, it is expressly agreed, shall be on the Tenant's part a substantial violation of this lease.
- 39. BATHROOM AND PLUMBING FIXTURES:** The bathrooms, toilets, wash closets and plumbing fixtures shall only be used for the purposes for which they were designed or built; sweepings, rubbish bags, acids or other substances shall not be placed in them.
- 40. LAUNDRY:** Laundry machines if any, provided by Owner, shall be used by Renter in the manner and at the times that Owner may designate. Renter shall not dry or air clothes on the roof or on the terrace or balcony, if any. Renter may use laundry machines, if any, at their own risk.
- 41. OBJECTIONABLE CONDUCT:** Renter, their families, guests, employees, or visitors shall not engage in any conduct which makes the apartment or building less fit to live in for Renter or other occupants. Renter shall not make or permit any disturbing noises in the apartment or building or permit anything to be done that will interfere with the rights, comfort or convenience of other renters. Renter shall not play a musical instrument or operate or allow to be operated audio or video equipment so as to disturb or annoy any other occupant of the building.
- 42. NO PROJECTIONS:** Renter may not install or cause to be installed anything on the roof or outside wall of the building or any balcony, terrace, or window.
- 43. MOVING:** Renter can use the elevator or service elevator, if any, to move furniture and possessions only on designated days and at designated hours. Owner shall not be liable for any costs, expenses or damages incurred by Renter in moving because of delays caused by unavailability of the elevator. Renter shall be liable for any damage caused to the building or the apartment during such move.
- 44. WAIVER OF FOREIGN SOVEREIGN AND DIPLOMATIC IMMUNITY:** Renter represents that he is not subject to foreign sovereign or diplomatic immunity. Renter expressly waives the doctrine of foreign sovereign immunity and diplomatic immunity and consents to the jurisdiction of the Housing Court and all other courts. Renter expressly represents that in the event a judgment is obtained against him, Owner may enforce the judgment against any property or assets of Renter, wherever they are located.
- 45. MILITARY STATUS:** Renter represents that he is not in the United States military, and is not dependent upon a member of the United States military. Renter must notify Owner within ten days of enlistment in the military.
- 46. PARTIES BOUND:** This lease agreement is binding on Owner and Renter, and on all those who claim a right, or have a right, to succeed to the legal interest of Owner and Renter.
- 47. FORMS:** Renter agrees to complete any and all forms that may be requested by Owner from time to time.
- 48. SUBORDINATION:** The rights of Renter, including all rights granted under the terms of this lease are, and shall be, subject to and subordinate to the terms of any mortgage on the building or the land under the building which now exists, or which may hereafter exist. The foregoing shall include but not be limited to any modification, consolidation or extension agreement of any existing mortgage on the land or building.
- 49. SINGULAR/PLURAL and JOINT/SEVERAL:** The use of the singular shall be deemed to include the plural, and vice versa, whenever the context so requires. If more than one entity is renting the apartment, their obligations shall be joint and several.
- 50. CONDEMNATION/EMINENT DOMAIN:** If the building, or any part of the building, is taken or condemned by a public authority or government agency, this lease will end on the date of such taking. In such event, Renter will have no claim for damages against Owner based upon such taking, and Renter will be required to surrender the apartment to Owner upon 30 days written notice from Owner to Renter of such government taking.
- 51. CONSTRUCTION/CONVENIENCE:** Neighboring buildings may be the subject of construction, renovation or demolition. Owner will not be liable to Renter, nor shall Renter seek to hold Owner liable for interference with views, light, air flow, or

ventilation, the covenant of quiet enjoyment, or breach of the warranty of habitability whether such interference is temporary or permanent, if such interference results from activities conducted on adjoining Owners'properties.

- 52. NO WAIVER:** The failure of Owner to insist at any time upon strict performance of any clause in this lease shall not be construed as a waiver of Owner's rights. No waiver by Owner of any provision of this lease can be made unless made in writing by Owner. Acceptance of rent by Owner with knowledge of the breach of any condition or term of this lease is not a waiver of the breach.
- 53. CREDIT REPORTS:** Renter authorizes Owner to use the Social Security number of Renter to obtain any and all credit reports for the purpose of the initial lease or any renewal thereof now and no more than five years after the expiration of this lease or any renewal thereof, and fully understands that these reports will be used by owner in connection with Renter's occupancy of the apartment.
- 54. GUARANTOR:** If Renter has a Guarantor sign the initial lease, Renter agrees to have a Guarantor sign all renewal leases. The guarantee is a material term and condition of the lease. The failure to continue the guarantee negates Owner's obligation to enter into a renewal lease.
- 55. NO RIGHT TO RENEWAL:** Renter acknowledges that there is no automatic right to a renewal lease. If Owner, in its discretion, determines that it will issue a renewal lease, Owner may set a new rent.
- 56. NOTICES:** All notices, which include bills and/or other statements with respect to this lease, must be in writing. Notices to Renter shall be sent to Renter at the apartment by regular mail except that any notice alleging failure to comply with any terms of this lease shall be sent by certified mail. Notices to the Owner shall be sent to Owner by certified mail to the address on this lease, or to such other address as Owner shall advise Renter on writing. Notices will be considered delivered on the date mailed.
- 57. THIS APARTMENT IS NOT SUBJECT TO RENT STABILIZATION:** It is expressly understood that the apartment which is the subject of this lease is not subject to the Rent Stabilization Law or any other rent regulatory laws.
- 58. ENTIRE AGREEMENT:** Owner and Renter have read this lease and agree that it contains the entire understanding of the parties regarding the rental of the subject apartment. The lease can only be changed in writing. The writing must be signed by both Owner and Renter.

If any part of this lease is determined to be unlawful, the remaining provisions of the lease will remain valid and in full force and effect.

19 Rockwell Place LLC

 **Signed by Jeong Yeon Yun**
Thu Apr 2 2026 07:24:28 PM EDT
Key: DB1DE3AC; IP Address: 23.221.221.178

Jeong Yeon Yun (Tenant)

Date

(Landlord)

Date

**§ 421-A(16) RIDER TO LEASE AGREEMENT
MARKET RATE UNITS**

LEASE DATED: April 2, 2026 **OWNER:** 19 Rockwell Place LLC

APARTMENT: 14C in BUILDING at 19 Rockwell Pl, Brooklyn, NY 11217

TENANT: Jeong Yeon Yun

Tenant ("You") are about to sign and deliver to Owner a Lease (the "Lease") for the Apartment in the Building indicated above, dated as of the date shown above. In order to induce Owner to sign the Lease and rent the Apartment to You, You acknowledge and agree that:

I. NOTICE REGARDING RECEIPT OF § 421-A(16) TAX BENEFITS

OWNER HAS OBTAINED OR EXPECTS TO OBTAIN REAL ESTATE TAX EXEMPTION BENEFITS PURSUANT TO REAL PROPERTY TAX LAW SECTION 421-A(16) ("§ 421-A(16)").

PLEASE BE ADVISED THAT PURSUANT TO GUIDANCE OF THE NEW YORK STATE DIVISION OF HOUSING AND COMMUNITY RENEWAL ("DHCR") AND THE NEW YORK CITY DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING PRESEVATION AND DEVELOPMENT, THE APARTMENT IS NOT SUBJECT TO RENT STABILIZATION IF, ON THE DATE OF INITIAL OCCUPANCY OR THE DATE OF OCCUPANCY AFTER ANY VACANCY LEASE FOR THIS APARTMENT, THE AMOUNT OF MONTHLY RENT CHARGED FOR THE APARTMENT EXCEEDS THE DEREGULATION RENT THRESHOLD ("DRT") AS SET BY THE DHCR AND APPLICABLE AT THAT TIME. FOR THE PERIOD BETWEEN JANUARY 1, 2026 AND DECEMBER 31, 2026, THE DRT IS \$3,218.00

BECAUSE THE INITIAL RENT CHARGED AND PAID FOR THE APARTMENT MEETS OR EXCEEDS THE DRT, THE APARTMENT IS NOT SUBJECT TO RENT STABILIZATION.

TENANT ACKNOWLEDGES THAT HE OR SHE HAS BEEN INFORMED OF OWNER'S RIGHT TO INCLUDE THIS PROVISION IN THE LEASE.

II. YOUR CONFIRMATION

By signing this Rider below, You confirm that You have read and understand this Rider, and that you agree to all of its terms and requirements. If more than one person is a tenant under the Lease, each of us signing below, acknowledges, represents and agrees with the foregoing.

19 Rockwell Place LLC



4/2/2026
07:24 PM EDT

Jeong Yeon Yun (Tenant)

Date

(Landlord)

Date

AMENITY USE POLICY & GUEST GUIDELINES RIDER

This Amenity Use Policy & Guest Guidelines Rider (the "Rider") is incorporated into and made part of the Lease Agreement between the Landlord and Tenant. By using the amenity spaces, Tenant agrees to abide by the rules and guidelines set forth below. Failure to comply may result in suspension of amenity privileges and/or penalties as outlined in the Lease Agreement.

Guest Policy

- Amenity spaces are for the use of residents and their accompanied guests only.
- Each resident may bring up to two guests at a time unless prior written approval is obtained from management.
- Lounge, Rooftop, Backyard, and Screening Room: Maximum of 5 guests per apartment.
- Gym: Maximum of 1 guest per resident at a time.
- Business Center, Game Room, and Laundry Room: Standard guest limit applies (2 guests per resident); management may limit access during peak hours.

Safety Guidelines

- Children under the age of 16 must be accompanied by a responsible adult at all times in amenity spaces.
- Residents are responsible for the conduct of their guests and must ensure all rules are followed.
- All residents must follow posted signage and staff instructions for safety and order.

Equipment Use

- Use all equipment only as intended and according to posted instructions.
- If unsure how to operate equipment, residents should consult building staff before use.

Pets

- Pets are allowed only in the Pet Spa and Backyard.
- Pets are strictly prohibited from the Rooftop, Lounge, Gym, Screening Room, Laundry Room, and other indoor amenity areas.
- Pet owners must clean up after their pets immediately. Failure to do so will result in loss of amenity access privileges and may lead to additional penalties.

Food & Drink

- Food and beverages are allowed only in designated areas: Lounge, Backyard, Rooftop, and event/party rooms.
- Food and beverages are not allowed in: Gym, Screening Room, Laundry Room, or Business Center.
- Residents must dispose of all waste properly and leave spaces clean.

Damage & Liability

- Residents are fully responsible for any damage caused by themselves or their guests to any part of the amenity spaces or building property.

- Costs for repair or replacement due to misuse, negligence, or willful damage will be billed directly to the responsible resident.

19 Rockwell Place LLC



4/2/2026
07:24 PM EDT

Jeong Yeon Yun (Tenant)

Date

(Landlord)

Date

ONE NINE ROCKWELL

GYM RULES AND REGULATIONS

- As gym etiquette suggests, please carry a towel at all times to wipe down machines after each use.
- Please abide by a 30-minute limit workout on cardiovascular equipment during peak hours. Machine usage is on a first come first serve basis; however, please respect the 30-minute rule stated above.
- Moving of stationary equipment is strictly prohibited.
- Please return equipment to its proper location after use.
- Please notify the front desk immediately if any piece of equipment is not working or damaged.
- Shirts and appropriate shoes must be worn at all times. No bare feet are allowed.
- Smoking is strictly prohibited.
- Children under the age of 18 are not permitted at any time.
- Guests are not permitted at any time without prior written permission of Owner.
- Pets are not permitted at any time unless such pet is a service animal.
- All personal listening devices must be used with headphones.
- (Limit cell phone usage to a minimum) - No cell phones are permitted to be used in the gym.
- The use of alcoholic beverages is strictly prohibited.
- Anyone visibly intoxicated or otherwise incapacitated will be asked to leave the area and will forfeit their Membership.
- Food is not permitted in the gym. Only water, juice and non-alcoholic beverages in plastic containers are permitted. Must dispose of or remove plastic containers.
- Cannot leave any personal items - Licensor has no liability or responsibility for items left behind.

ZERO TOLERANCE POLICY

Our first and foremost concern is safety of the tenants and staff and guests of **ONE NINE ROCKWELL**. There is a strict "Zero Tolerance" to violation of any of the below; should there be a breach of the rules and regulations, your Membership to the Facilities will be revoked, notification will be made to the guarantor of the apartment, you will be held in breach of your Lease and criminal charges may be filed.

Please be reminded that, as a Tenant or Registered Occupant of the building, you are required to abide by the terms of the lease and are also responsible for the conduct of your guests.

Per the terms of your Lease agreement, tenants are not to engage in objectionable conduct. Objectionable conduct means behavior which makes or will make the Apartment or the Building less fit to live in for you or other occupants. It also means anything which interferes with the right of others to properly and peacefully enjoy their Apartments, or causes conditions that are dangerous, hazardous, unsanitary and detrimental to other tenants in the Building. Objectionable conduct gives Owner the right to end your lease.

Please print sign and date below, acknowledging that you have read, understood and will abide by these rules.



Jeong Yeon Yun (Licensee/Member)

4/2/2026
07:25 PM EDT

Date

(Licensor)

Date



State of New York
Division of Housing and Community Renewal
 Office of Rent Administration
 Web Site: www.nysdhcr.gov

NOTICE TO TENANT
DISCLOSURE OF BEDBUG INFESTATION HISTORY

Pursuant to the NYC Housing Maintenance Code, an owner/managing agent of residential rental property shall furnish to each tenant signing a vacancy lease a notice that sets forth the property's bedbug infestation history.

Name of tenant(s): **Jeong Yeon Yun**

Subject Premises: **19 Rockwell Pl #14C, Brooklyn, NY 11217**

Apt.#: **14C**

Date of vacancy lease: **June 23, 2026**

BEDBUG INFESTATION HISTORY
 (Only boxes checked apply)

- ☒ There is no history of any bedbug infestation within the past year in the building or in any apartment.
- ☐ During the past year the building had a bedbug infestation history that has been the subject of eradication measures. The location of the infestation was on the _____ floor(s).
- ☐ During the past year the building had a bedbug infestation history on the _____ floor(s) and it has not been the subject of eradication measures.
- ☐ During the past year the apartment had a bedbug infestation history and eradication measures were employed.
- ☐ During the past year the apartment had a bedbug infestation history and eradication measures were not employed.
- ☐ Other:

19 Rockwell Place LLC

4/2/2026
 07:25 PM EDT

Jeong Yeon Yun (Tenant)

Date

(Landlord)

Date

BICYCLE STORAGE LICENSE AGREEMENT

THIS BICYCLE STORAGE LICENSE AGREEMENT (this "License") made on April 2, 2026 is by and between 19 Rockwell Place LLC ("Licensor"), having an office c/o 19 ROCKWELL PL, Brooklyn, NY 11217-1113 ("Licensor"), and Jeong Yeon Yun ("Licensee") having an address at Apartment 14C at 19 Rockwell Pl, Brooklyn, NY 11217;

WHEREAS, Licensor is the owner of the building located at 19 Rockwell Pl, Brooklyn, NY 11217 (the "Building"); and

WHEREAS, Licensor and Licensee have entered into a Lease, dated as of June 23, 2026 (the "Lease") for Apartment 14C in the Building; and

WHEREAS, bicycle storage racks have been installed for use by permitted tenants on the _____ floor of the Building; and

WHEREAS, Licensee desires the right to the exclusive use of the bicycle storage rack designated as _____ (the "Designated Bicycle Rack") subject to the terms and conditions set forth herein;

NOW THEREFORE, in consideration of the mutual covenants contained herein and other good and valuable consideration, the sufficiency of which is hereby acknowledged, the parties hereto agree as follows:

1. **License Agreement Provisions Prevail.** Licensor and Licensee agree that, in the event of a conflict between the provisions contained in the Lease and this License, it shall be deemed to be the intent of the parties that the provisions contained in this License supersede any inconsistent provisions of the Lease and the Lease is deemed modified hereby.
2. **License.** Subject to the terms and conditions hereinafter set forth, Licensor hereby grants to Licensee a license ("License") for the exclusive use of the Designated Bicycle Rack and Licensee hereby accepts such License from the Licensor.
3. **Term.** The term ("Term") of this License shall be for a period of 1 year and 8 days, commencing on June 23, 2026 ("Commencement Date") and expiring on June 30, 2027 ("Expiration Date"), unless the Term shall terminate pursuant to any of the terms of this License or pursuant to law. The Term is a period that is co-terminus with the duration of the Licensee's Lease, dated June 23, 2026. In no event shall the Term extend beyond the earlier of the date on which Licensee vacates the Apartment or the date on which the Lease terminates or expires.
4. **License Fee.** In consideration for the granting by Licensor of the License to Licensee, Licensee shall pay to Licensor a license fee ("License Fee") equal to the sum of \$0.00 per annum, in advance, upon execution of this Agreement and the Amenities Agreement (as defined in the Amenities Agreement), and, if renewed, within five (5) business days of the commencement of the renewal term. Licensor may increase the License Fee on thirty (30) days prior notice to Licensee. The License Fee shall be deemed Additional Rent under the Lease. In the event that the License Fee is not received on or before the fifth business day of the commencement of the renewal term, a late charge shall be charged in accordance with the late payment provisions of the Lease.
5. **Use.**
 - (a) Licensee shall use and occupy the Designated Bicycle Rack for storage of his/her bicycle, in compliance with law, and for no other purpose.
 - (b) Licensee shall not store in the Designated Bicycle Rack any articles or material which (i) pose a threat to the health or safety of the Licensee or occupants of the Building or the Building, (ii) that cause noxious odors, dirt or other sanitary problems, or (iii) that would be deemed or determined to be a "hazardous substance" or "hazardous waste" under any federal, state or local statute, law, ordinance or regulation now or hereafter in effect, or otherwise create a nuisance, including any hazardous, flammable, explosive, toxic or radioactive substance, material, matter or waste which is or becomes regulated by any federal, state or local law, rule regulation, code, ordinance or any other governmental restriction or requirement, or (iv) any animals or food. Batteries, if any, must be disconnected at all terminals.
 - (c) Licensee shall not (i) store any property outside of the Designated Bicycle Rack, (ii) allow any other person to use the Designated Bicycle Rack, or (iii) alter, modify, or add signage to the Designated Bicycle Rack.
6. **Condition of Premises, Maintenance, Alterations.**
 - (a) Licensee has examined the Designated Bicycle Rack and accepts it in its current condition without any representations on the part of Licensor. Licensor shall have no obligation to perform any work in, to, or on the Designated Bicycle Rack and Licensee shall accept the Designated Bicycle Rack in its "as-is" condition.
 - (b) Licensee shall, at Licensee's sole cost and expense, keep and maintain the Designated Bicycle Rack in commercially reasonable condition and good repair. Licensee agrees to report in writing to Licensor any defective condition in or about the Designated Bicycle Rack known to Licensee, and further agrees to contact Licensor by telephone or email



Initials: J.Y.

immediately in such instance.

- (c) Licensee shall not make any improvements, installations, alterations or additions in, to, or on the Designated Bicycle Rack.

7. Right to Enter. Licensors, its agents or employees shall have the right (but not the obligation) to open the Designated Bicycle Rack in an emergency at any time, and, at other reasonable times upon prior notice to Licensee (as defined herein), to inspect and examine the Designated Bicycle Rack and to make such repairs, replacements and improvements as Licensors may desire. Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, Licensors shall be under no obligation to make any repairs, replacements, or improvements to the Designated Bicycle Rack.

8. Licensee's Risk & Insurance.

- (a) Licensee shall keep all personal property of every kind, nature and description of Licensee and of all persons claiming by, through or under Licensee, at their sole risk and hazard, and if the same shall be lost, stolen, or damaged by any cause, neither Licensors, its agents, nor any of the aforementioned entities' respective members, officers, agents or employees shall be liable.

- (b) It is required that Licensee obtain insurance with a duly licensed insurance company with respect to the Designated Bicycle Rack and any property therein, and maintain such policy for the duration of the Term. In the event of any claim by Licensee, Licensee agrees to look solely to any insurance policy maintained by Licensee, pursuant to this paragraph or otherwise, and Licensors shall not be liable to Licensee to the extent Licensee's claims are satisfied from such insurance policy.

9. Indemnification. Licensee hereby agrees to indemnify Licensors, its agents, and each aforementioned entity's members, officers, agents, and employees (collectively, "Licensors's Entities") from all liability, losses or damages with respect to the Designated Bicycle Rack, except to the extent it is due to Licensors's gross negligence. Licensee is liable for all losses, injury or damages to any person or property caused by Licensee, and any occupants, guests or invitees of Licensee. Licensee is responsible for all damages suffered and money spent by Licensors's Entities relating to any claim arising from any act or neglect of Licensee and for those persons for whom Licensee is responsible, and Licensee shall reimburse Licensors's Entities for any such money spent by Licensors's Entities. If a legal action or proceeding is brought against Licensors's Entities arising from Licensee's act or neglect, Licensee shall defend Licensors's Entities at Licensee's expense with an attorney of Licensors's Entities' choosing. The obligations of Licensee contained in this Section shall survive the expiration or earlier termination of this License.

10. Relocation. Licensors shall have the right, upon seven (7) days' notice to Licensee and at Licensors's cost, to temporarily or permanently relocate the Designated Bicycle Rack to another location in the Building, without payment of any penalty to Licensee.

11. Default and Termination.

- (a) Licensee defaults under the License if Licensee fails to carry out any agreement or provision of this License.

- (b) If Licensee defaults under the License, other than a default in the agreement to pay the License Fee, Licensors may serve Licensee with a written notice to stop or correct the specified default within ten (10) days. Licensee must then either stop or correct the default within 10 days, or, if Licensee needs more than 10 days, Licensee must begin to correct the default within 10 days and continue to do all that is necessary to correct the default as soon as possible. If Licensee does not stop or begin to correct a default within 10 days, Licensors may give Licensee a second written notice that this License will end ten (10) days after the date the second written notice is sent to Licensee. At the end of this 10-day period, this License will end, and Licensee then must remove all property from the Designated Bicycle Rack. Licensors shall have the right to ask a Court give the Licensors such other relief as the Court can provide.

- (c) If Licensee does not pay the License Fee when this License requires after a personal demand for the License Fee has been made, or within ten (10) days after a statutory written demand for the License Fee has been made, or if the License ends, Licensors may do the following:

1. Enter the Designated Bicycle Rack and retake possession of it if Licensee has vacated; or
2. Go to court and ask that Licensee be compelled to remove all items from the Designated Bicycle Rack. Licensors shall also have the right to ask a Court give the Licensors such other relief as the Court can provide.

- (d) The License shall immediately be revoked at such time as the Licensee vacates the Apartment or the Lease terminates or expires.

- (e) Licensee shall not assign or sublet this License or the Designated Bicycle Rack. In any such event, the License shall immediately be revoked.

- (f) Once this License has been ended, whether because of default or otherwise, Licensee gives up any right Licensee might otherwise have to reinstate or renew the License.

12. Renewal.

- (a) Unless this License is terminated by Licensor pursuant to ¶ 11 prior to its expiration, this Agreement shall be expire at the end of the License Period. This License shall be renewed only by permission of the Licensor for a period that is co-terminus with the Licensee's renewal lease.
- (b) If Licensee wishes to renew the License, Licensee shall execute a License Renewal form prior to the expiration of the License Period. Said License Renewal shall be included with Licensee's Renewal Lease package, and Licensee shall pay the annual fee upon execution of the renewal. It is a condition to renewal of this License Agreement that Licensee additionally renew the Amenities Agreement. If Licensee does not renew the Amenities Agreement, Licensee may not renew this License.

13. Notice

- (a) Notice to Licensee may be given by Licensor, at Licensor's election, by ordinary mail, by certified mail, return receipt requested or by hand delivery to the Apartment.
- (b) Notice to Licensor must be given by certified mail, return receipt requested, at Licensor/s address set forth above or such other address as Licensor may designate in writing.
- (c) Any notice shall be deemed given on the date it is posted if mailing is used.

14. Surrender.

- (a) Upon the expiration or earlier termination of this License, Licensee shall (i) remove Licensee's property from the Designated Bicycle Rack, and (ii) surrender the Designated Bicycle Rack in as good a condition as it was on the commencement date of the License, reasonable wear and tear excepted.
- (b) If Licensee fails to surrender possession of the Designated Bicycle Rack upon the expiration or earlier termination of this License, or if any property of Licensee remains in the Designated Bicycle Rack after the expiration or earlier termination of this License, (i) any property remaining in the Designated Bicycle Rack shall be deemed conclusively abandoned, and (ii) Licensor may, without any notice and without prejudice to any other remedy Licensor may have, enter the Designated Bicycle Rack and remove and dispose of any property in the Designated Bicycle Rack, at Licensee's sole cost and expense, without being liable for any claim for trespass, conversion, or damages.
- (c) Any expenses incurred by Licensor for Licensee's failure to surrender the Designated Bicycle Rack in the manner required under this License and/or for removal and disposal of any property in the Designated Bicycle Rack upon expiration or earlier termination of this License, shall be charged to Licensee as additional rent under the Lease. Any attorney's fees and disbursements incurred as a result of legal action taken by Licensor or its agents to enforce this License shall be charged to Licensee and shall be payable as additional rent pursuant to the Lease.
- (d) If Licensee shall fail to surrender the Designated Bicycle Rack upon the expiration or earlier termination of this License, Licensee shall have the status of a holdover occupant of the Designated Bicycle Rack. Under no circumstances shall Licensee's occupancy of the Designated Bicycle Rack after the expiration or earlier termination of this License be deemed or construed to create any rights for Licensee in the Designated Bicycle Rack. In addition to any other rights and remedies which may be available to Landlord either pursuant to this License or applicable law, Licensor may charge Licensee **zero dollars (\$0.00)** per day during any such holdover period. The acceptance by Licensor of any payments from Licensee after the expiration or earlier termination of this License shall not be deemed or construed to create any rights for Licensee in the Designated Bicycle Rack, and shall be deemed to represent payment of use and occupancy by Licensee for the Designated Bicycle Rack. Nothing herein shall constitute Licensor's consent to any holdover by Licensee or to impair Licensor's right to remove and dispose of property in the Designated Bicycle Rack, or exercise Licensor's other rights and remedies under this License or under applicable law on account of any holdover.

15. No Estate Conveyed. This License shall constitute a License only and shall not be construed under any circumstances to constitute (a) any right, title, estate or interest in the Designated Bicycle Rack (b) a landlord/tenant relationship between Licensor and Licensee, (c) a lease or a conveyance of personal or real property by Licensor to Licensee. This License grants to Licensee only a personal privilege revocable by Licensor on the terms set forth herein.

16. Exculpation of Licensor. Licensee shall look solely to the estate and property of Licensor in the land and Building of which the Premises are a part, for the satisfaction of Licensee's remedies for the collection of a judgment (or other judicial process) requiring the payment of money by Licensor in the event of any default or breach by Licensor with respect to any of the terms, covenants and conditions of this License to be observed and/or performed by Licensor, and no other property or assets of Licensor or Licensor's Entities shall be subject to levy, execution or other enforcement procedure for the

- satisfaction of Licensee's remedies.
- 17. Brokerage.** Licensee represents and warrants that it has not dealt with any broker in connection with the execution of this License and agrees to indemnify and hold Licensors harmless from and against any and all liabilities from any claims of any broker (including, without limitation, the cost of attorneys' fees in connection with the defense of any such claims).
- 18. Subordination.** This License is and shall be subject and subordinate to all ground or underlying leases of the entire Building and to all mortgages, deeds of trust and similar security documents which may now or hereafter be secured upon the Building, and to all renewals, modifications, consolidations, replacements and extensions thereof. This clause shall be self operative and no further instrument of subordination shall be required by any lessor or mortgagee, but in confirmation of such subordination.
- 19. Governing Law.** This License has been made under and shall be construed and interpreted under and in accordance with the laws of the State of New York without regard to principles of conflict of laws.
- 20. Entire Agreement; No Waiver.** This License contains the entire agreement of the parties hereto and no representations, inducements, promises or agreements, oral or otherwise, between the parties not embodied herein shall be of any force and effect. The failure of either party to insist in any instance on strict performance of any covenant or condition hereof, or to exercise any option herein contained, shall not be construed as a waiver of such covenant, condition or option in any other instance. This License cannot be changed or terminated orally, and can be modified only in writing, executed by each party hereto.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned have executed this License as of the day and year first above written.

- ☐ I/We chose to enter into a Bicycle Storage License Agreement.
- ☒ I/We chose not to enter into a Bicycle Storage License Agreement.

LICENSEE:



4/2/2026
07:25 PM EDT

Jeong Yeon Yun (Tenant)

Date

LICENSOR:

19 Rockwell Place LLC

(Landlord)

Date

ADDITIONAL CLAUSES ATTACHED AND FORMING A PART OF THE LEASE DATED APRIL 2, 2026 BETWEEN 19 ROCKWELL PLACE LLC (LANDLORD) AND JEONG YEON YUN (TENANT) REGARDING APARTMENT 14C IN THE PREMISES LOCATED AT 19 ROCKWELL PL, BROOKLYN, NEW YORK 11217 . IN THE EVENT OF ANY INCONSISTENCY BETWEEN THE PROVISIONS OF THIS RIDER AND THE PROVISIONS OF THE LEASE TO WHICH THIS RIDER IS ANNEXED, THE PROVISIONS OF THIS RIDER SHALL GOVERN AND BE BINDING. THE PROVISIONS OF THIS RIDER SHALL BE CONSTRUED TO BE IN ADDITION TO AND NOT IN LIMITATION OF THE RIGHTS OF THE OWNER AND THE OBLIGATIONS OF THE TENANT.

RIDER TO LEASE: CONSTRUCTION

WHEREAS, Jeong Yeon Yun (hereinafter "Tenant") has requested of **19 Rockwell Place LLC** , the Owner of the premises known as and located at **ONE NINE ROCKWELL, 19 ROCKWELL PL, Brooklyn, NY 11217-1113**, (the "Premises"), that Tenant be permitted to execute a lease (hereinafter "the Lease") and enter into occupancy of the above-referenced Apartment (hereinafter "the Apartment") at the Premises; and

WHEREAS, Tenant has been specifically advised prior to the execution of the Lease by Tenant, that the Owner shall be engaging in on-going construction activities at the Premises, which activities shall continue during the term of the Lease, and may include, but may not be limited to, the possible need for access to the Apartment, the creation of noise, dust, debris, loss of use of portions of common areas during certain periods of time and other events normally associated with construction activities; and

WHEREAS, despite having been specifically advised as to the foregoing, Tenant, nonetheless, desires and has requested permission of Owner, that Tenant be permitted to execute the Lease and enter into the Premises and occupy the Apartment therein.

NOW THEREFORE, to induce the Owner of the Premises to grant Tenant's request for permission to be allowed execute the Lease and enter into occupancy of the Apartment:

Tenant hereby:

- (A)** assumes all the risks and hazards attendant upon Tenant's execution of the Lease and entry on and presence at the Premises and
- (B)** releases the agent to the Owner, the Owner, the Construction Manager and any of their agents, employees, contractors or representatives from and against any and all causes of actions, claims, rights, demands, suits, damages and judgments which Tenant or any person on the Premises under the permission may suffer or sustain arising out of or in connection with his/her/their presence on or about the Premises or the Apartment and Tenant's obligations under the Lease, including, but not limited to, the payment of the rent recited therein when said rent is due and
- (C)** agrees that Tenant having accepted the risk of occupancy during said period of construction and having been fully apprised of such prior to executing this lease and/or entering into occupancy of the Apartment, shall not assert nor be entitled to assert that the occurrence of such construction activities breaches any warranties to tenant or warrants an abatement in tenant's rent, and
- (D)** agrees to indemnify and hold harmless the agent to the Owner, the Owner, the Construction Manager and any of their agents, employees, contractors or representatives of, from and/or against, any and/or all loss, costs, claims, suits, damages and judgments arising out of or in connection with his/her/their presence on or about the Premises or the Apartment and
- (E)** agrees to provide access to the premises, on reasonable prior notice, when such is requested by Owner.

Tenant understands that Owner has specifically relied upon the representations made by Tenant herein in determining to enter into the lease with Tenant. Tenant understands that Tenant's representations have served as a special inducement to Owner to execute the Lease with Tenant, such that absent Tenant's representations and inducement to Owner and Owner's specific reliance thereon, Owner would neither have offered the Lease to the Apartment to Tenant nor executed the Lease to the Apartment with Tenant. Accordingly, Tenant's breach of any of the foregoing shall constitute a material misrepresentation which may, among other remedies, entitle Owner to rescind this Lease. Tenant has made the above-described request and has executed this Agreement and the Lease freely, voluntarily and knowingly.

This Rider shall be deemed to have been jointly drafted by both parties in order to avoid any negative inference against the preparer thereof. The parties hereto have caused this Rider to be executed as of the day and year recited below as the date signed by Landlord.

19 Rockwell Place LLC



4/2/2026
07:25 PM EDT

Jeong Yeon Yun (Tenant)

Date

(Landlord)

Date

**BUILDING
APT. # 14C**

EARLY OCCUPANCY AGREEMENT

(License)

IN THE EVENT THAT THERE ARE ANY PROVISIONS CONTAINED IN THIS AGREEMENT WHICH ARE INCONSISTENT WITH THE PROVISIONS CONTAINED IN THE BODY OF THE LEASE DATED APRIL 2, 2026, IT SHALL BE DEEMED TO BE THE INTENT OF THE PARTIES HERETO THAT THE PROVISIONS CONTAINED IN THIS AGREEMENT SUPERSEDE ANY INCONSISTENT PROVISIONS THEREIN SUCH THAT SAID LEASE IS DEEMED MODIFIED HEREBY.

LICENSE AGREEMENT ("Agreement") by and between 19 Rockwell Place LLC ("Licensor"), with offices at 19 ROCKWELL PL, Brooklyn, NY 11217-1113 and Jeong Yeon Yun ("Licensee"), whose address is 19 Rockwell PI #14C, Brooklyn, NY 11217.

WHEREAS, pursuant to a certain lease dated April 2, 2026, (hereinafter "the Lease") Licensee will be the tenant of Apartment 14C (the "Apartment") at 19 ROCKWELL PL, Brooklyn, New York ("Building") commencing on June 23, 2026 ("the Commencement Date"); and

WHEREAS, notwithstanding the Commencement Date of the Lease and the Commencement Date of Licensee's tenancy thereunder, Licensor has agreed to permit Licensee to enter into occupancy of the Apartment prior to said commencement date solely as an accommodation to Tenant and predicated upon the execution and binding nature of the Lease.

WHEREAS, in consideration of the foregoing and other good and valuable consideration the receipt and sufficiency of which is hereby acknowledged, the parties hereto agree as follows:

1. Licensor hereby grants permission for Licensee to occupy the Apartment prior to the Commencement Date.
2. Licensor hereby grants permission to the Licensee to occupy the Apartment effective May 8, 2026.
3. The License shall be for a term commencing June 23, 2026 and expiring on June 30, 2027 ("License Period").
4. Occupancy of the Apartment by Licensee prior to the Commencement Date shall be as the licensee of Licensor. It is expressly understood that Licensee has entered into this Agreement with Licensor predicated on and solely as an incident of Licensee's having entered into the Lease. Absent Licensee's having entered into the Lease, Licensor would not have offered or executed this Agreement to permit Licensee to enter into the Apartment prior to the Commencement Date.
5. It is expressly understood and agreed that the occupancy by the Licensee pursuant to this License Agreement is exempt from and is not covered by the Rent Stabilization Law, the Rent Stabilization Code, the City Rent Law or the Rent and Eviction Regulations and that such rights, if any, only come into effect upon the commencement of a landlord/tenant relationship.
6. Licensee shall use and occupy the apartment for its residential purposes only and for no other purpose and by no other person. Licensee specifically agrees that only the Licensee and such others persons, if any, as are authorized to occupy the apartment under the Lease may use the apartment.
7. Licensee for itself, its heirs, distributees, executors, administrators, legal representatives, successors and assigns, expressly covenants that it shall not assign, mortgage or encumber this agreement, nor assign, underlet, sublet or suffer or permit the demised premises or any part thereof to be used by others, without the prior written consent of the of Licensor in each instance. Said consent of Licensor can be unreasonably withheld. If the Licensee assigns or sublets, its right to occupancy of the apartment, the license shall end and expire immediately upon such attempted assignment or sublease.
8. Licensee has examined the Apartment and accepts it in its present condition. Licensee agrees that Licensee shall complete the move-in inspection checklist.
9. Predicated upon Licensee's representation as to Licensee's intention to honor and proceed with the Lease on its commencement date, Licensor agrees to waive Licensee's payment of a fee for the use and occupancy for of the Apartment during this License Period. However, in the event that Licensee fails to honor and proceed with the Lease on its commencement date and fulfill all obligations of the entire lease term, then Licensee shall be liable to Licensor for Licensee's use and occupancy of the Apartment in the sum of \$143.00 per day, which sum is the equivalent of a pro-rated daily rate of the monthly rental for the Apartment under the Lease; in such an event, Licensee shall continue to be liable for "use and occupancy" payments at this amount until Licensee vacates the Apartment.
10. Licensee agrees that Licensee shall be bound, during the term of this license, to all obligations, rules and regulations of the Lease for the Apartment, as if said Lease were applicable to the Apartment during the term of the License. It is hereby acknowledged that the Licensee has read and understands the Lease and this agreement and will not violate either in any

- way.
11. Licensors may terminate Licensee's license to occupy the Apartment by giving Licensee a written ten (10) day notice to quit pursuant to RPAPL § 713 for any reason set forth in the Lease as a violation of tenancy or due to Licensee's failure to honor the Lease it has executed.
12. It is specifically understood and agreed by and between the parties that the within Agreement is the result of extensive negotiations between the parties, such that both parties shall be deemed to have drawn these documents in order to avoid any negative inference by any court as against the preparer of the document.
13. The parties hereto have caused this AGREEMENT to be executed as of the day and year recited below as the date signed by Licensors.

19 Rockwell Place LLC



4/2/2026
07:26 PM EDT

Jeong Yeon Yun (Tenant) _____ Date _____ (Landlord) _____ Date _____



NYC Fair Chance Housing Notice: Criminal Records

As of January 1, 2025, in NYC, it is illegal for most housing providers to discriminate on the basis of a conviction history in rentals or sales, including co-ops and condos.

The protections of the NYC Fair Chance Housing Law apply to current tenants as well as applicants.

It is a violation of the Law for covered housing providers to:	
Make statements about criminal background checks or criminal records or express limitations on this basis in ads and applications	Treat applicants or tenants differently because of a conviction history except as allowed by the Fair Chance Housing Law.

Covered housing providers **may NEVER** change the terms of a sale or lease because of a conviction history. Covered housing providers **may** revoke a housing offer or decline to renew a lease **ONLY** based on limited kinds of convictions and **ONLY** when they follow the requirements of the Fair Chance Housing Law.

The NYC Fair Chance Housing Law does not require housing providers to run criminal background checks. Any housing provider can accept a renter or buyer without following the steps below. The steps below are only for covered housing providers that choose to run a background check.



If a Covered Housing Provider Chooses to Run a Criminal Background Check: You Have Rights.

Covered housing providers **must first** consider your general housing eligibility (ability to meet lease terms) AND make a conditional offer of housing. **Only after** this conditional offer is it lawful for a covered housing provider to run a criminal background check.

Before conducting a criminal background check, covered housing providers must:

- Make you a conditional offer of housing AND
- Give you a copy of this notice explaining your rights

Housing providers are also responsible for compliance with laws governing the collection and use of personal information, such as Federal and State Fair Credit Reporting Acts.

Conditional Offer of Housing

A conditional offer of housing is a **written lease, rental agreement, or agreement for a sale** that conditionally commits a unit(s) to a renter or buyer and can only be revoked in limited circumstances. Next a covered housing provider chooses either:

NOT to conduct a criminal background check	TO conduct a criminal background check
At this time, the housing provider can either finalize the offer or revoke it for a lawful, non-discriminatory purpose that is unrelated to conviction history.	It is illegal for the housing provider to seek or review your conviction history before you have a conditional offer.



Criminal Background Check

If a covered housing provider chooses to run a criminal background check after making you a conditional offer, they may only consider **very limited** categories of convictions:

- convictions that require registration on a sex offense registry at the time of the background check
- felony convictions from the last 5 years, except those below
- misdemeanor convictions from the last 3 years, except those below

The 3 or 5 years are measured from the **actual date of release OR the sentencing date** (if the sentence does not include jail or prison time), regardless of probation or parole status.

A covered housing provider can **NEVER** consider arrests or pending cases, or:

- convictions that were sealed, expunged, are under an executive pardon or certificate of relief from disabilities, or legally nullified or vacated
- convictions for violations, which are non-criminal offenses such as disorderly conduct
- convictions under federal law or another state's law for conduct related to reproductive or gender affirming care that is lawful in New York State
- convictions under federal law or another state's law for cannabis possession that does not constitute a felony in New York State
- Adjourments in Contemplation of Dismissal (ACDs)
- adjudications as a youthful offender or for juvenile delinquency
- terminations in favor of an individual, including but not limited to, acquittals, reversals upon appeal, and exonerations)
- Dispositions of criminal matters under federal law or another state's law that are comparable to those listed here.

It is illegal for a covered housing provider to consider information in these categories. In addition, tenant screening companies may be held liable under federal fair housing laws for discriminatory decisions by housing providers.



Right to Provide Support for Your Application

After considering only reviewable convictions, a covered housing provider that wants to revoke a housing offer must **FOLLOW THE FAIR CHANCE HOUSING PROCESS** while holding a unit open. They must:

1. Give you a copy of all criminal history information they received and/or reviewed
2. Allow you 5 business days to respond by:
 - pointing out errors in the conviction history
 - identifying any information that should not have been considered (any information outside the lawfully reviewable convictions)
 - sharing information on your background, personal and professional references, and/or any information that supports your application.

You are not required to provide information to support your application at this stage. A housing provider must complete an individualized assessment even if you do not provide supporting information.



Right to an Individualized Assessment of Your Application

A covered housing provider must conduct an individualized assessment of the reviewable convictions, together with any other information that you have timely submitted.



A covered housing provider **CANNOT** revoke a conditional offer of housing after running a criminal background check except in two **limited circumstances**:

After conducting an individualized assessment if they show in writing BOTH:

- a legitimate business interest AND
- how the legitimate business interest is linked to your individual history.

If they show *new information, unrelated to criminal history*, that impacts your qualifications for tenancy and that they did not know at the time of your conditional offer.

Legitimate Business Interest

A covered housing provider's legitimate business interest must be specific and objective. Compliance with a particular lease term is a permissible legitimate business interest. Purely discriminatory motives, stigma, stereotypes, or assumptions never constitute a legitimate business interest.

A covered housing provider that shows a legitimate business interest must also **explain** the link between that interest and your particular individual history in light of the individual information you shared to justify a decision to revoke your conditional offer of housing. **The existence of a conviction alone never creates that link.**

The following are not legitimate business interests and do not establish a sufficient link to justify a housing provider's decision to revoke an offer:

- "I don't want a hot spot for law enforcement"
- "The applicant seems likely to commit another crime and I want tenant safety"
- "This is a family building"
- "We don't want bad guys hanging around"
- "My tenants don't want criminals"
- "My insurance rates will go up"
- "This will impact my property value"

Revoking a Conditional Offer of Housing

Before a covered housing provider can revoke a conditional offer because of your criminal history, the housing provider **MUST** take the following steps:

1. Do an individualized assessment of your reviewable convictions **AND** the information you provided
2. Give you copies of all documents that it received and/or reviewed
3. Give you a written statement that explains:
 - the decision to revoke based on your conviction history **AND** the link to a legitimate business interest
 - how your individual information and circumstances were taken into account

Exemptions for Housing Providers

- Housing provider-occupied properties with 2 or fewer rooms or units are not covered by the NYC Fair Chance Housing Law.
- State or federally funded housing providers, including public housing authorities that are required or authorized to take specific actions related to criminal history **CAN** take such specific actions without violating the NYC Fair Chance Housing Law.

For additional information about tenants' and buyers' rights & housing providers' responsibilities under the NYC Fair Chance Housing Law, and to see this notice in multiple languages, visit [NYC.gov/FairChanceHousing](https://www.nyc.gov/fairchancehousing).

REMINDER: All New Yorkers have a right to be free from retaliation in housing. It is illegal for housing providers in NYC to punish you or treat you negatively for telling them about your rights or for reporting discrimination or harassment.



HOME STARTS HERE

FEE GUIDE FOR ONE NINE ROCKWELL

Welcome! We're excited to have you here! To make things simple and clear, we've put together a list of potential fees you might encounter as a current or future resident. This way, you can easily see what your initial and monthly costs might be. To help budget your monthly fixed costs, add your base rent to the Essentials and any Personalized Add-Ons you will be selecting. Our goal is to help you plan your budget with ease, enhancing your rental home experience

MOVE-IN BASICS

Application Fee: \$20/leaseholder (once) - required

Security Deposit (Refundable): 100%/per unit (once) - required

ESSENTIALS

Community Amenity Fee: \$75/per month - required

Utility - Electric - Sub metered: usage-based/per unit/month - required

PERSONALIZED ADD-ONS

Pet Fee: \$50/per pet/month - optional

Bike Fee: \$15/month - optional

Storage Cage Fee (dependent on size):

\$250-\$350/per cage/month - optional

Party Room: \$100/hour - optional

SITUATIONAL FEES

Late Fee: \$50/per occurrence

Non-Sufficient Funds (NSF): \$35/per occurrence

Access Device - Fob Replacement: \$75/per fob

Lease Reassignment: \$550/per occurrence

Weekend Move in Fee: \$300/per occurrence



4/3/2026
09:47 AM EDT

Jeong Yeon Yun (Tenant)

Date

If you have any questions or just want to chat about your fees, our friendly Leasing Agents are here to help! Feel free to stop by, give us a call, or send a message we're excited to assist you!

Standard Security Deposit subject to change based on applicable law. Resident may be responsible for maintaining insurance pursuant to the Lease. Some fees may not apply to apartment homes subject to an affordable program.

Some items may be taxed under applicable law. This form does not modify the Lease.

Date of Issuance: 6/11/2025

FARE M.N.S
REAL ESTATE
NYC BROOKLYN



FIRE SAFETY PLAN

PART I - BUILDING INFORMATION SECTION

BUILDING: **ONE NINE ROCKWELL**ADDRESS: **19 Rockwell Pl, Brooklyn, NY 11217****BUILDING OWNER/REPRESENTATIVE:**Name: **19 Rockwell Place LLC**Address: **19 Rockwell Place Brooklyn, NY 11217**Telephone: **646-439-6000****BUILDING INFORMATION:****Year of Construction:** **2025****Type of Construction:** **Non-Combustible****Number of Floors:** **26** Above Ground **1** Below Ground**Sprinkler System:** **Yes**

Fire Alarm: **Yes**; Transmits Alarm to Fire Dept/Fire Alarm Co.
Manual Pull Stations: In the cellar electrical equipment room near north exit

Public Address System: **Yes**

Location of Speakers:

Means of Egress: (e.g., Unenclosed/Enclosed Interior Stairs, Exterior Stairs, Fire Tower Stairs, Fire Escapes, Exits):

Type of Egress	Identification	Location	Leads to
Enclosed interior stairs	A - South West side of building	Roof to Ground floor	Enclosed interior stairs
B - East side of building	Roof to Cellar	Enclosed interior stairs	C - South West side of building
Ground floor to Cellar	Enclosed interior stairs	D - East side of building	Ground floor to Cellar

Other Information: Emergency Lighting is provided in the following areas: Hallways, stairways, cellar and garage. There is no access to any adjoining building at roof level.

DATE PREPARED: 6/23/2017

FIRE SAFETY PLAN

PART II - FIRE EMERGENCY INFORMATION

BUILDING: ONE NINE ROCKWELL

ADDRESS: 19 Rockwell Pl #14C, Brooklyn, NY 11217

THIS FIRE SAFETY PLAN IS INTENDED TO HELP YOU AND THE MEMBERS OF YOUR HOUSEHOLD PROTECT YOURSELVES IN THE EVENT OF FIRE. THIS FIRE SAFETY PLAN CONTAINS:

- Basic fire prevention and fire preparedness measures that will reduce the risk of fire and maximize your safety in the event of a fire.
- Basic information about your building, including the type of construction, the different ways of exiting the building, and the types of fire safety systems it may have.
- Emergency fire safety and evacuation instructions in the event of fire in your building.

PLEASE TAKE THE TIME TO READ THIS FIRE SAFETY PLAN AND TO DISCUSS IT WITH THE MEMBERS OF YOUR HOUSEHOLD. FIRE PREVENTION, PREPAREDNESS, AND AWARENESS CAN SAVE YOUR LIFE!

IN THE EVENT OF A FIRE,

CALL 911

OR THE FIRE DEPARTMENT DISPATCHER, AT

Manhattan	(212) 999-2222
Bronx	(718) 999-3333
Brooklyn	(718) 999-4444
Queens	(718) 999-5555
Staten Island	(718) 999-6666

OR TRANSMIT AN ALARM FROM THE NEAREST FIRE ALARM BOX

BASIC FIRE PREVENTION AND FIRE PREPAREDNESS MEASURES

These are fire safety tips that everybody should follow:

1. Every apartment should be equipped with at least one smoke detector. Check them periodically to make sure they work. Most smoke detectors can be tested by pressing the test button. Replace the batteries in the spring and fall when you move your clocks forward or back an hour, and whenever a smoke detector chirps to signal that its battery is low. The smoke detector should be replaced on a regular basis in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendation, but at least once every ten years.
2. Carelessly handled or discarded cigarettes are the leading cause of fire deaths. Never smoke in bed or when you are drowsy, and be especially careful when smoking on a sofa. Be sure that you completely extinguish every cigarette in an ashtray that is deep and won't tip over. Never leave a lit or smoldering cigarette on furniture.
3. Matches and lighters can be deadly in the hands of children. Store them out of reach of children and teach them about the danger of fire.
4. Do not leave cooking unattended. Keep stove tops clean and free of items that can catch on fire. Before you go to bed, check your kitchen to ensure that your oven is off and any coffeepot or teapot is unplugged.
5. Never overload electrical outlets. Replace any electrical cord that is cracked or frayed. Never run extension cords under rugs. Use only power strips with circuit-breakers.
6. Keep all doorways and windows leading to fire escapes free of obstructions, and report to the owner any obstructions or accumulations of rubbish in the hallways, stairwells, fire escapes or other means of egress.
7. Install window gates only if it is absolutely necessary for security reasons. Install only approved window

gates. Do not install window gates with key locks. A delay in finding or using the key could cost lives. Maintain the window gate's opening device so it operates smoothly. Familiarize yourself and the members of your household with the operation of the window gate.

8. Familiarize yourself and members of your household with the location of all stairwells, fire escapes and other means of egress.
9. With the members of your household, prepare an emergency escape route to use in the event of a fire in the building. Choose a meeting place a safe distance from your building where you should all meet in case you get separated during a fire.
10. Exercise care in the use and placement of fresh cut decorative greens, such as Christmas trees and holiday wreaths. If possible, keep them planted or in water. Do not place them in public hallways or where they might block egress from your apartment if they catch on fire. Keep them away from any flame, including fireplaces. Do not keep for extended period of time; as they dry, decorative greens become easily combustible.

BUILDING INFORMATION

Building Construction

In a fire emergency, the decision to leave or to stay in your apartment will depend in part on the type of building you are in.

Residential buildings built before 1968 are generally classified either as "fireproof" or "non-fireproof." Residential buildings built in or after 1968 are generally classified either as "combustible" or "non-combustible". The type of building construction generally depends on the size and height of the building.

A "non-combustible" or "fireproof" building is a building whose structural components (the supporting elements of the building, such as steel or reinforced concrete beams and floors) are constructed of materials that do not burn or are resistant to fire and therefore will not contribute to the spread of the fire. In such buildings, fires are more likely to be contained in the apartment or space in which they start and less likely to spread inside the building walls to other apartments and floors. **THIS DOES NOT MEAN THAT THE BUILDING IS IMMUNE TO FIRE.** While the structural components of the building may not catch fire, all of the contents of the building (including furniture, carpeting, wood floors, decorations and personal belongings) may catch on fire and generate flame, heat and large amounts of smoke, which can travel throughout the building, especially if apartment or stairwell doors are left open.

A "combustible" or "non-fireproof" building has structural components (such as wood) that will burn if exposed to fire and can contribute to the spread of the fire. In such buildings, the fire can spread inside the building walls to other apartments and floors, in addition to the flame, heat and smoke that can be generated by the burning of the contents of the building.

Be sure to check Part I (Building Information Section) of this fire safety plan to see what type of building you are in.

Means of Egress

All residential buildings have at least one means of egress (way of exiting the building), and most have at least two. There are several different types of egress:

Interior Stairs: All buildings have stairs leading to the street level. These stairs may be enclosed or unenclosed. Unenclosed stairwells (stairs that are not separated from the hallways by walls and doors) do not prevent the spread of flame, heat and smoke. Since flame, heat and smoke generally rise, unenclosed stairwells may not ensure safe egress in the event of a fire on a lower floor. Enclosed stairs are more likely to permit safe egress from the building, if the doors are kept closed. It is important to get familiar with the means of egress available in your building.

Exterior Stairs: Some buildings provide access to the apartments by means of stairs and corridors that are outdoors. The fact that they are outdoors and do not trap heat and smoke enhances their safety in the event of a fire, provided that they are not obstructed.

Fire Tower Stairs: These are generally enclosed stairwells in a "tower" separated from the building by air shafts open to the outside. The open air shafts allow heat and smoke to escape from the building.

Fire Escapes: Many older buildings are equipped with a fire escape on the outside of the building, which is accessed through a window or balcony. Fire escapes are considered a "secondary" or alternative means of egress, and are to be used if the primary means of egress (stairwells) cannot be safely used to exit the building because they are obstructed by flame, heat or smoke.

Exits: Most buildings have more than one exit. In addition to the main entrance to the building, there may be separate side exits, rear exits, basement exits, roof exits and exits to the street from stairwells. Some of these exits may have alarms. Not all of these exits may lead to the street. Roof exits may or may not allow access to adjoining buildings.

Be sure to review Part I (Building Information Section) of this fire safety plan and familiarize yourself with the different means of egress from your building.

Fire Sprinkler Systems

A fire sprinkler system is a system of pipes and sprinkler heads that when triggered by the heat of a fire automatically discharges water that extinguishes the fire. The sprinkler system will continue to discharge water until it is turned off. When a sprinkler system activates, an alarm is sounded.

Sprinkler systems are very effective at preventing fire from spreading beyond the room in which it starts. However, the fire may still generate smoke, which can travel throughout the building.

Residential buildings are generally not required to have fire sprinkler systems. Some residential buildings are equipped with sprinkler systems, but only in compactor chutes and rooms or boiler rooms. All apartment buildings constructed or substantially renovated after March 1999 will be required by law to be equipped with fire sprinkler systems throughout the building.

Be sure to review Part I (Building Information Section) of this fire safety plan to learn whether your building is equipped with fire sprinkler systems.

Interior Fire Alarm Systems

Although generally not required, some residential buildings are equipped with interior fire alarm systems that are designed to warn building occupants of a fire in the building. Interior fire alarm systems generally consist of a panel located in a lobby or basement, with manual pull stations located near the main entrance and by each stairwell door. Interior fire alarm systems are usually manually-activated (must be pulled by hand) and do not automatically transmit a signal to the Fire Department, so a telephone call must still be made to 911 or the Fire Department dispatcher. Do not assume that the Fire Department has been notified because you hear a fire alarm or smoke detector sounding in the building.

Be sure to review Part I (Building Information Section) of this fire safety plan to learn whether your building is equipped with an interior fire alarm system and whether the alarm is transmitted to the Fire Department, and familiarize yourself with the location of the manual pull stations and how to activate them in the event of a fire.

Public Address Systems

Although generally not required, some residential buildings are equipped with public address systems that enable voice communications from a central location, usually in the building lobby. Public address systems are different from building intercoms, and usually consist of loudspeakers in building hallways and/or stairwells.

Be sure to review Part I (Building Information Section) of this fire safety plan to learn whether your building is equipped with a public address system.

EMERGENCY FIRE SAFETY AND EVACUATION INSTRUCTIONS

IN THE EVENT OF A FIRE, FOLLOW THE DIRECTIONS OF FIRE DEPARTMENT PERSONNEL. HOWEVER, THERE MAY BE EMERGENCY SITUATIONS IN WHICH YOU MAY BE REQUIRED TO DECIDE ON A COURSE OF ACTION TO PROTECT YOURSELF AND THE OTHER MEMBERS OF YOUR HOUSEHOLD.

THIS FIRE SAFETY PLAN IS INTENDED TO ASSIST YOU IN SELECTING THE SAFEST COURSE OF ACTION IN SUCH AN EMERGENCY. PLEASE NOTE THAT NO FIRE SAFETY PLAN CAN ACCOUNT FOR ALL OF THE POSSIBLE FACTORS AND CHANGING CONDITIONS; YOU WILL HAVE TO DECIDE FOR YOURSELF WHAT IS THE SAFEST COURSE OF ACTION UNDER THE CIRCUMSTANCES.

General Emergency Fire Safety Instructions

1. Stay calm. Do not panic. Notify the Fire Department as soon as possible. Firefighters will be on the scene of a fire within minutes of receiving an alarm.
2. Because flame, heat and smoke rise, generally a fire on a floor below your apartment presents a greater risk to your safety than a fire on a floor above your apartment.
3. Do not overestimate your ability to put out a fire. Most fires cannot be easily or safely extinguished. Do not attempt to put the fire out once it begins to quickly spread. If you attempt to put a fire out, make sure you have a clear path of retreat from the room.
4. If you decide to exit the building during a fire, close all doors as you exit to confine the fire never use the elevator. It could stop between floors or take you to where the fire is.
5. Heat, smoke and gases emitted by burning materials can quickly choke you. If you are caught in a heavy smoke condition, get down on the floor and crawl. Take short breaths, breathing through your nose.
6. If your clothes catch fire, don't run. Stop where you are, drop to the ground, cover your face with your hands to protect your face and lungs and roll over to smother the flames.

Evacuation Instructions If The Fire Is In Your Apartment

(All Types of Building Construction)

1. Close the door to the room where the fire is, and leave the apartment.
2. Make sure EVERYONE leaves the apartment with you.
3. Take your keys.
4. Close, but do not lock, the apartment door.
5. Alert people on your floor by knocking on their doors on your way to the exit.
6. Use the nearest stairwell to exit the building.
7. DO NOT USE THE ELEVATOR.
8. Call 911 once you reach a safe location. Do not assume the fire has been reported unless firefighters are on the scene.
9. Meet the members of your household at a predetermined location outside the building. Notify responding firefighters if anyone is unaccounted for.

Evacuation Instructions if The Fire Is Not In Your Apartment

"NON-COMBUSTIBLE" OR "FIREPROOF" BUILDINGS:

1. Stay inside your apartment and listen for instructions from firefighters unless conditions become dangerous.
2. If you must exit your apartment, first feel the apartment door and doorknob for heat. If they are not hot, open the door slightly and check the hallway for smoke, heat or fire.
3. If you can safely exit your apartment, follow the instructions above for a fire in your apartment.
4. If you cannot safely exit your apartment or building, call 911 and tell them your address, floor, apartment number and the number of people in your apartment.
5. Seal the doors to your apartment with wet towels or sheets, and seal air ducts or other openings where smoke may enter.
6. Open windows a few inches at top and bottom unless flames and smoke are coming from below. Do not break any windows.
7. If conditions in the apartment appear life-threatening, open a window and wave a towel or sheet to attract the attention of firefighters.
8. If smoke conditions worsen before help arrives, get down on the floor and take short breaths through your nose. If possible, retreat to a balcony or terrace away from the source of the smoke, heat or fire.

"COMBUSTIBLE" OR "NON-FIREPROOF" BUILDINGS:

1. Feel your apartment door and doorknob for heat. If they are not hot, open the door slightly and check the hallway for smoke, heat or fire.
2. Exit your apartment and building if you can safely do so, following the instructions above for a fire in your apartment.
3. If the hallway or stairwell is not safe because of smoke, heat or fire and you have access to a fire escape, use it to exit the building. Proceed cautiously on the fire escape and always carry or hold onto small children.
4. If you cannot use the stairs or fire escape, call 911 and tell them your address, floor, apartment number and the number of people in your apartment.
 - A. Seal the doors to your apartment with wet towels or sheets, and seal air ducts or other openings where smoke may enter.
 - B. Open windows a few inches at top and bottom unless flames and smoke are coming from below. Do not break any windows.
 - C. If conditions in the apartment appear life-threatening, open a window and wave a towel or sheet to attract the attention of firefighters.
 - D. If smoke conditions worsen before help arrives, get down on the floor and take short breaths through your nose. If possible, retreat to a balcony or terrace away from the source of the smoke, heat or fire.

FLOOD HISTORY AND RISK LEASE RIDER/NOTICE TO RESIDENTIAL TENANTS

Pursuant to and in accordance with New York State Real Property Law Section 231-b, all residential leases shall provide notice of previous flood history and current flood risk of the leased premises.

The owner of **19 Rockwell Pl, Brooklyn, NY 11217** Apt #**14C** ("Leased Premises") hereby provides such notice by checking one of the following options:

- ☐ Any or all of the Leased Premises is located wholly or partially in a Federal Emergency Management Agency ("FEMA") designated floodplain.
- ☐ Any or all of the Leased Premises is located wholly or partially in the Special Flood Hazard Area ("SFHA"; "100-year floodplain") according to FEMA's current Flood Insurance Rate Maps for the leased premises' area.
- ☐ Any or all of the Leased Premises is located wholly or partially in a Moderate Risk Flood Hazard Area ("500-year floodplain") according to FEMA's current Flood Insurance Rate Maps for the leased premises' area.
- ☐ The leased premises has experienced any flood damage due to a natural flood event, such as heavy rainfall, coastal storm surge, tidal inundation, or river overflow, which is detailed as follows (attach addendum if more space is needed):

☒ None of the above conditions apply to any portion of the Leased Premises.

NOTICE TO TENANT: Flood insurance is available to renters through the Federal Emergency Management Agency's (FEMA's) National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP) to cover your personal property and contents in the event of a flood. A standard renter's insurance policy does not typically cover flood damage. You are encouraged to examine your policy to determine whether you are covered.

19 Rockwell Place LLC



4/3/2026
09:50 AM EDT

Jeong Yeon Yun (Tenant)

Date

(Landlord)

Date

(6/2023)

LEASE/COMMENCEMENT OF OCCUPANCY NOTICE FOR INDOOR ALLERGEN HAZARDS

1. The owner of this building is required, under New York City Administrative Code section 27- 2017.1 et seq., to make an annual inspection for indoor allergen hazards (such as mold, mice, rats, and cockroaches) in your apartment and the common areas of the building. The owner must also inspect if you inform him or her that there is a condition in your apartment that is likely to cause an indoor allergen hazard, or you request an inspection, or the Department has issued a violation requiring correction of an indoor allergen hazard for your apartment. If there is an indoor allergen hazard in your apartment, the owner is required to fix it, using the safe work practices that are provided in the law. The owner must also provide new tenants with a pamphlet containing information about indoor allergen hazards.
2. The owner of this building is also required, prior to your occupancy as a new tenant, to fix all visible mold and pest infestations in the apartment, as well as any underlying defects, like leaks, using the safe work practices provided in the law. If the owner provides carpeting or furniture, he or she must thoroughly clean and vacuum it prior to occupancy. This notice must be signed by the owner or his or her representative, and state that he or she has complied with these requirements.

I, **19 Rockwell Place LLC** (owner or representative name in print), certify that I have complied with the requirements of the New York City Administrative Code section 27- 2017.5 by removing all visible mold and pest infestations and any underlying defects, and where applicable, cleaning and vacuuming any carpeting and furniture that I have provided to the tenant. I have performed the required work using the safe work practices provided in the law.

19 Rockwell Place LLC

(Landlord)

Date

What Every Tenant Should Know About Indoor Allergens (Local Law 55 of 2018)

Allergens are things in the environment that make indoor air quality worse. They can cause asthma attacks or make asthma symptoms worse. Common indoor allergens, or triggers, include cockroaches and mice; mold and mildew; and chemicals with strong smells, like some cleaning products. Environmental and structural conditions, like leaks and cracks in walls often found in poorly maintained housing, lead to higher levels of allergens.

New York City law requires that landlords take steps to keep their tenants' homes free of pests and mold. This includes safely fixing the conditions that cause these problems. Tenants also play a role in preventing indoor allergens.

Tenants should:

- Keep homes clean and dry
- Place food in sealed containers, keep counters and sinks clean, and get rid of clutter such as newspapers and paper bags
- Use garbage cans with tight-fitting lids
- Take garbage and recycling out every day, and tie up garbage bags before putting them in compactor chutes
- Avoid using pesticides and chemicals with strong smells (e.g., cleaning products, air fresheners, etc.)
- Tell landlords right away if there are pests, water leaks, or holes or cracks in the walls and floors
- Let building staff into homes to make any needed repairs
- Call **311** if landlords do not fix the problem or if repair work is being done unsafely

If you are a tenant and you or your child has asthma, and there are pests or mold in your home, your doctor can request a free home environmental inspection for you through the New York City Health Department's Online Registry. Talk to your doctor or call 311 to learn more.

For more information about building owner and landlord responsibilities and safely fixing indoor allergen hazards, see the reverse side of this handout.

For more information about safely controlling asthma, visit nyc.gov/health/asthma.



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nyc.gov/health


"healthy neighborhoods"



Department of
Health & Mental
Hygiene

Department of
Housing Preservation
& Development

What Landlords Must Do to Keep Homes Free of Pests and Mold

New York City law requires that landlords of buildings with three or more apartments – or buildings of any size where a tenant has asthma – take steps to keep tenant homes free of pests and mold. This includes safely fixing the conditions that cause these problems.

Landlords must:

- **Inspect** every apartment and the building's common areas for cockroach and rodent infestations, mold and the conditions that lead to these hazards, at least once a year and more often if necessary. Landlords must also respond to tenant complaints or requests for an inspection.
- **Use integrated pest management (IPM) practices** to safely control pests and fix building-related issues that lead to pest problems.
 - ✓ Remove pest nests and thoroughly clean pest waste and other debris using a HEPA vacuum. Make sure to limit the spread of dust when cleaning.
 - ✓ Repair and seal any holes, gaps or cracks in walls, ceilings, floors, molding, base boards, around pipes and conduits, and around and within cabinets.
 - ✓ Attach door sweeps to all doors that lead to hallways, basements or outside.
 - ✓ Remove all water sources for pests by repairing drains, faucets and other plumbing materials that collect water or leak.
 - ✓ Use pesticides sparingly. If pesticides must be used to correct a violation, they must be applied by a New York State Department of Environmental Conservation–licensed pest professional.
- **Remove indoor mold** and safely fix the problems that cause mold.
 - ✓ Remove any standing water, and fix leaks or moisture conditions.
 - ✓ Move or cover furniture, and seal off doorways, ventilation ducts and other openings securely with plastic sheeting.
 - ✓ Gently spray the moldy area with soap or detergent and water before cleaning to limit the spread of dust.
 - ✓ Clean the work area with wet mops or HEPA vacuums before work starts, at the end of each day and after all repair work is completed.
 - ✓ Dry the cleaned area completely.
 - ✓ Throw away all cleaning-related waste in heavy-duty plastic bags and seal securely.
 - ✓ To clean 10 or more square feet of mold in a building with 10 or more apartments, landlords **must** hire a New York State Department of Labor–licensed mold assessor and remediator. Per New York City Administrative Code section 24-154 and New York State Labor Law Article 32, assessors and remediators must submit paperwork to the New York City Department of Environmental Protection.
- Make sure vacant apartments are thoroughly **cleaned and free of pests and mold** before a new tenant moves in.
- Provide a copy of this fact sheet and a notice with each tenant's lease that clearly states the landlord's and tenant's responsibilities to keep the building free of indoor allergens.

For more information about building owner and landlord responsibilities and safely fixing indoor allergen hazards, visit nyc.gov/hpd and search for **indoor allergen hazards**.



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nyc.gov/health



"healthy neighborhoods"



Department of
Health & Mental
Hygiene

Department of
Housing Preservation
& Development



Division of Licensing Services

New York State
Department of State
Division of Licensing Services
P.O. Box 22001
Albany, NY 12201-2001
Customer Service: (518) 474-4429
www.dos.ny.gov

New York State Disclosure Form for Landlord and Tenant

THIS IS NOT A CONTRACT

New York State law requires real estate licensees who are acting as agents of landlords and tenants of real property to advise the potential landlords and tenants with whom they work of the nature of their agency relationship and the rights and obligations it creates. This disclosure will help you to make informed choices about your relationship with the real estate broker and its sales agents.

Throughout the transaction you may receive more than one disclosure form. The law may require each agent assisting in the transaction to present you with this disclosure form. A real estate agent is a person qualified to advise about real estate.

If you need legal, tax or other advice, consult with a professional in that field.

Disclosure Regarding Real Estate Agency Relationships

Landlord's Agent

A landlord's agent is an agent who is engaged by a landlord to represent the landlord's interest. The landlord's agent does this by securing a tenant for the landlord's apartment or house at a rent and on terms acceptable to the landlord. A landlord's agent has, without limitation, the following fiduciary duties to the landlord: reasonable care, undivided loyalty, confidentiality, full disclosure, obedience and duty to account. A landlord's agent does not represent the interests of the tenant. The obligations of a landlord's agent are also subject to any specific provisions set forth in an agreement between the agent and the landlord. In dealings with the tenant, a landlord's agent should (a) exercise reasonable skill and care in performance of the agent's duties; (b) deal honestly, fairly and in good faith; and (c) disclose all facts known to the agent materially affecting the value or desirability of property, except as otherwise provided by law.

Tenant's Agent

A tenant's agent is an agent who is engaged by a tenant to represent the tenant's interest. The tenant's agent does this by negotiating the rental or lease of an apartment or house at a rent and on terms acceptable to the tenant. A tenant's agent has, without limitation, the following fiduciary duties to the tenant: reasonable care, undivided loyalty, confidentiality, full disclosure, obedience and duty to account. A tenant's agent does not represent the interest of the landlord. The obligations of a tenant's agent are also subject to any specific provisions set forth in an agreement between the agent and the tenant. In dealings with the landlord, a tenant's agent should (a) exercise reasonable

skill and care in performance of the agent's duties; (b) deal honestly, fairly and in good faith; and (c) disclose all facts known to the agent materially affecting the tenant's ability and/or willingness to perform a contract to rent or lease landlord's property that are not consistent with the agent's fiduciary duties to the tenant.

Broker's Agents

A broker's agent is an agent that cooperates or is engaged by a listing agent or a tenant's agent (but does not work for the same firm as the listing agent or tenant's agent) to assist the listing agent or tenant's agent in locating a property to rent or lease for the listing agent's landlord or the tenant agent's tenant. The broker's agent does not have a direct relationship with the tenant or landlord and the tenant or landlord cannot provide instructions or direction directly to the broker's agent. The tenant and the landlord therefore do not have vicarious liability for the acts of the broker's agent. The listing agent or tenant's agent do provide direction and instruction to the broker's agent and therefore the listing agent or tenant's agent will have liability for the acts of the broker's agent.

Dual Agent

A real estate broker may represent both the tenant and the landlord if both the tenant and landlord give their informed consent in writing. In such a dual agency situation, the agent will not be able to provide the full range of fiduciary duties to the landlord and the tenant. The obligations of an agent are also subject to any specific provisions set forth in an agreement between the agent, and the tenant and landlord. An agent acting as a dual agent must explain carefully to both the landlord and tenant that the agent is acting for the other party as well. The agent should also explain the possible effects of dual representation, including that by consenting to the dual agency relationship the landlord and tenant are giving up their right to undivided loyalty. A landlord and tenant should carefully consider the possible consequences of a dual agency relationship before agreeing to such representation. A landlord or tenant may provide advance informed consent to dual agency by indicating the same on this form.

Dual Agent with Designated Sales Agents

If the tenant and the landlord provide their informed consent in writing, the principals and the real estate broker who represents both parties as a dual agent may designate a sales agent to represent the tenant and another sales agent to represent the landlord. A sales agent works under the supervision of the real estate broker. With the informed consent in writing of the tenant and the landlord, the designated sales agent for the tenant will function as the

New York State Disclosure Form for Landlord and Tenant

tenant's agent representing the interests of and advocating on behalf of the tenant and the designated sales agent for the landlord will function as the landlord's agent representing the interests of and advocating on behalf of the landlord in the negotiations between the tenant and the landlord. A designated sales agent cannot provide the full range of fiduciary duties to the landlord or tenant. The designated sales agent must explain that like the dual agent under

whose supervision they function, they cannot provide undivided loyalty. A landlord or tenant should carefully consider the possible consequences of a dual agency relationship with designated sales agents before agreeing to such representation. A landlord or tenant may provide advance informed consent to dual agency with designated sales agents by indicating the same on this form.

This form was provided to me by MNS of MNS
(Print Name of Licensee) (Print Name of Company, Firm or Brokerage)
a licensed real estate broker acting in the interest of the:

- ☐ Landlord as a (check relationship below)
- ☐ Landlord's Agent
- ☐ Broker's Agent
- ☐ Tenant as a (check relationship below)
- ☐ Tenant's Agent
- ☐ Broker's Agent
- ☐ Dual Agent
- ☐ Dual Agent with Designated Sales Agent

For advance informed consent to either dual agency or dual agency with designated sales agents complete section below:

- ☐ Advance Informed Consent Dual Agency
- ☐ Advance Informed Consent to Dual Agency with Designated Sales Agents

If dual agent with designated sales agents is indicated above: _____ is appointed to represent the tenant; and
_____ is appointed to represent the landlord in this transaction.

(I) (We) Jeong Yeon Yun acknowledge receipt of a copy of this disclosure form:

Signature of ☐ Landlord(s) and/or ☒ Tenant(s):



4/3/2026

09:51 AM EDT

Jeong Yeon Yun (Tenant)

Date

NOTICE TO TENANT OF APPLICABILITY OR INAPPLICABILITY OF THE NEW YORK STATE GOOD CAUSE EVICTION LAW

This notice from your landlord serves to inform you of whether or not your unit/apartment/home is covered by the New York State Good Cause Eviction Law (Article 6-A of the Real Property Law) and, if applicable, the reason permitted under the New York State Good Cause Eviction Law that your landlord is not renewing your lease. Even if your apartment is not protected by Article 6-A, known as the New York State Good Cause Eviction Law, you may have other rights under other local, state, or federal laws and regulations concerning rents and evictions. This notice, which your landlord is required to fill out and give to you, does not constitute legal advice. You may wish to consult a lawyer if you have any questions about your rights under the New York State Good Cause Eviction Law or about this notice.

NOTICE (THIS SHOULD BE FILLED OUT BY YOUR LANDLORD)

UNIT INFORMATION
STREET: 19 Rockwell Pl
UNIT OR APARTMENT NUMBER: 14C
CITY/TOWN/VILLAGE: Brooklyn
STATE: NY
ZIP CODE: 11217

1. IS THIS UNIT SUBJECT TO ARTICLE 6-A OF THE REAL PROPERTY LAW, KNOWN AS THE NEW YORK STATE GOOD CAUSE EVICTION LAW? (PLEASE MARK APPLICABLE ANSWER)

- ☐ YES
☒ NO

2. IF THE UNIT IS EXEMPT FROM ARTICLE 6-A OF THE REAL PROPERTY LAW, KNOWN AS THE NEW YORK STATE GOOD CAUSE EVICTION LAW, WHY IS IT EXEMPT FROM THAT LAW? (PLEASE MARK ALL APPLICABLE EXEMPTIONS)

- A. ☐ Village/Town/City outside of New York City has not adopted good cause eviction under section 213 of the Real Property Law;
- B. ☐ Unit is owned by a "small landlord," as defined in subdivision 3 of section 211 of the Real Property Law, who owns no more than 10 units for small landlords located in New York City or the number of units established as the maximum amount a "small landlord" can own in the state by a local law of a village, town, or city, other than New York City, adopting the provisions of Article 6-A of the Real Property Law, known as the New York State Good Cause Eviction Law, or no more than 10 units, as applicable. In connection with any eviction proceeding in which the landlord claims an exemption from the provisions of Article 6-A of the Real Property Law, known as the New York State Good Cause Eviction Law, on the basis of being a small landlord, the landlord shall provide to the tenant or tenants subject to the proceeding the name of each natural person who owns or is a beneficial owner of, directly or indirectly, in whole or in part, the housing accommodation at issue in the proceeding, the number of units owned, jointly or separately, by each such natural person owner, and the addresses of any such units, excluding each natural person owner's principal residence. If the landlord is an entity, organized under the laws of this state or of any other jurisdiction, then such landlord shall provide to the tenant or tenants subject to the proceeding the name of each natural person with a direct or indirect ownership interest in such entity or any affiliated entity, the number of units owned, jointly or separately, by each such natural person owner, and the addresses of any such units, excluding each natural person owner's principal residence (exemption under subdivision 1 of section 214 of the Real Property Law);
- C. ☐ Unit is located in an owner-occupied housing accommodation with no more than 10 units (exemption under subdivision 2 of section 214 of the Real Property Law);
- D. ☐ Unit is subject to regulation of rents or evictions pursuant to local, state, or federal law (exemption under subdivision 5 of section 214 of the Real Property Law);
- E. ☐ Unit must be affordable to tenants at a specific income level pursuant to statute, regulation, restrictive declaration, or pursuant to a regulatory agreement with a local, state, or federal government entity (exemption under subdivision 6 of section 214 of the Real Property Law);

- F. ☐ Unit is on or within a housing accommodation owned as a condominium or cooperative, or unit is on or within a housing accommodation subject to an offering plan submitted to the office of the attorney general (exemption under subdivision 7 of section 214 of the Real Property Law);
- G. ☒ Unit is in a housing accommodation that was issued a temporary or permanent certificate of occupancy within the past 30 years (only if building received the certificate on or after January 1st, 2009) (exemption under subdivision 8 of section 214 of the Real Property Law);
- H. ☐ Unit is a seasonal use dwelling unit under subdivisions 4 and 5 of section 7-108 of the General Obligations Law (exemption under subdivision 9 of section 214 of the Real Property Law) ;
- I. ☐ Unit is in a hospital as defined in subdivision 1 of section 2801 of the Public Health Law, continuing care retirement community licensed pursuant to Article 46 or 46-A of the Public Health Law, assisted living residence licensed pursuant to Article 46-B of the Public Health Law, adult care facility licensed pursuant to Article 7 of the Social Services Law, senior residential community that has submitted an offering plan to the attorney general, or not-for-profit independent retirement community that offers personal emergency response, housekeeping, transportation and meals to their residents (exemption under subdivision 10 of section 214 of the Real Property Law);
- J. ☐ Unit is a manufactured home located on or in a manufactured home park as defined in section 233 of the Real Property Law (exemption under subdivision 11 of section 214 of the Real Property Law);
- K. ☐ Unit is a hotel room or other transient use covered by the definition of a class B multiple dwelling under subdivision 9 of section 4 of the Multiple Dwelling Law (exemption under subdivision 12 of section 214 of the Real Property Law);
- L. ☐ Unit is a dormitory owned and operated by an institution of higher education or a school (exemption under subdivision 13 of section 214 of the Real Property Law);
- M. ☐ Unit is within and for use by a religious facility or institution (exemption under subdivision 14 of section 214 of the Real Property Law);
- N. ☐ Unit has a monthly rent that is greater than the percent of fair market rent established in a local law of a village, town, or city, other than New York City, adopting the provisions of Article 6-A of the Real Property Law, known as the New York Good Cause Eviction Law, or 245 percent of the fair market rent, as applicable. Fair market rent refers to the figure published by the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development, for the county in which the housing accommodation is located, as shall be published by the Division of Housing and Community Renewal no later than August 1st in any given year. The Division of Housing and Community Renewal shall publish the fair market rent and 245 percent of the fair market rent for each unit type for which such fair market rent is published by the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development for each county in New York State in the annual publication required pursuant to subdivision 7 of section 211 of the Real Property Law (exemption under subdivision 15 of section 214 of the Real Property Law);
- 3. IF THIS UNIT IS SUBJECT TO ARTICLE 6-A OF THE REAL PROPERTY LAW, KNOWN AS THE NEW YORK STATE GOOD CAUSE EVICTION LAW, AND THIS NOTICE SERVES TO INFORM A TENANT THAT THE LANDLORD IS INCREASING THE RENT ABOVE THE THRESHOLD FOR PRESUMPTIVELY UNREASONABLE RENT INCREASES, WHAT IS THE LANDLORD'S JUSTIFICATION FOR INCREASING THE RENT ABOVE THE THRESHOLD FOR PRESUMPTIVELY UNREASONABLE RENT INCREASES? (A rent increase is presumptively unreasonable if the increase from the prior rent is greater than the lower of: (a) 5 percent plus the annual percentage change in the consumer price index for all urban consumers for all items as published by the United States Bureau of Labor Statistics for the region in which the housing accommodation is located, as published not later than August 1st of each year by the Division of Housing and Community Renewal; or(b) 10 percent.)**
- (PLEASE MARK AND FILL OUT THE APPLICABLE RESPONSE)**
- A. ☐ The rent is not being increased above the threshold for presumptively unreasonable rent increases described above:
- B. ☐ The rent is being increased above the threshold for presumptively unreasonable rent increases described above:
- B-1:** If the rent is being increased above the threshold for presumptively unreasonable rent increases described above, what is the justification for the increase:
- 4. IF THIS UNIT IS SUBJECT TO ARTICLE 6-A OF THE REAL PROPERTY LAW, KNOWN AS THE NEW YORK STATE GOOD CAUSE EVICTION LAW, AND THIS NOTICE SERVES TO INFORM A TENANT THAT THE LANDLORD IS NOT RENEWING A LEASE, WHAT IS THE GOOD CAUSE FOR NOT RENEWING THE LEASE? (PLEASE MARK ALL APPLICABLE REASONS)**
- A. ☐ This unit is exempt from Article 6-A of the Real Property Law, known as the New York State Good Cause Eviction Law, for the reasons stated in response to question 2, above (IF THIS ANSWER IS CHECKED, NO OTHER

ANSWERS TO THIS QUESTION SHOULD BE CHECKED):

- B.** ☐ The tenant is receiving this notice in connection with a first lease or a renewal lease, so the landlord does not need to check any of the lawful reasons listed below for not renewing a lease under Article 6-A of the Real Property Law, known as the New York State Good Cause Eviction Law (IF THIS ANSWER IS CHECKED, NO OTHER ANSWERS TO THIS QUESTION SHOULD BE CHECKED):
- C.** ☐ The landlord is not renewing the lease because the unit is sublet and the sublessor seeks in good faith to recover possession of the unit for their own personal use and occupancy (exemption under subdivision 3 of section 214 of the Real Property Law):
- D.** ☐ The landlord is not renewing the lease because the possession, use or occupancy of the unit is solely incident to employment and the employment is being or has been lawfully terminated (exemption under subdivision 4 of section 214 of the Real Property Law):
- E.** ☐ The landlord is not renewing the lease because the tenant has failed to pay rent due and owing, and the rent due or owing, or any part there- of, did not result from a rent increase which is unreasonable. A rent increase is presumptively unreasonable if the increase from the prior rent is greater than the lower of: (a) 5 percent plus the annual percentage change in the consumer price index for all urban consumers for all items as published by the United States Bureau of Labor Statistics for the region in which the housing accommodation is located, as published not later than August 1st of each year by the Division of Housing and Community Renewal; or (b) 10 percent (good cause for eviction under paragraph a of subdivision 1 of section 216 of the Real Property Law):
- F.** ☐ The landlord is not renewing the lease because the tenant is violating a substantial obligation of their tenancy or breaching any of the landlord's rules and regulations governing the premises, other than the obligation to surrender possession of the premises, and the tenant has failed to cure the violation after written notice that the violation must cease within 10 days of receipt of the written notice. For this good cause to apply, the obligation the tenant violated cannot be an obligation that was imposed for the purpose of circumventing the intent of Article 6-A of the Real Property Law, known as the New York State Good Cause Eviction Law. The landlord's rules or regulations that the tenant has violated also must be reasonable and have been accepted in writing by the tenant or made a part of the lease at the beginning of the lease term (good cause for eviction under paragraph b of subdivision 1 of section 216 of the Real Property Law):
- G.** ☐ The landlord is not renewing the lease because the tenant is either (a) committing or permitting a nuisance on the unit or the premises; (b) maliciously or grossly negligently causing substantial damage to the unit or the premises; (c) interfering with the landlord's, another tenant's, or occupants of the same or an adjacent building or structure's comfort and safety (good cause for eviction under paragraph c of subdivision 1 of section 216 of the Real Property Law):
- H.** ☐ The landlord is not renewing the lease because the tenant's occupancy of the unit violates law and the landlord is subject to civil or criminal penalties for continuing to let the tenant occupy the unit. For this good cause to apply, a state or municipal agency having jurisdiction must have issued an order requiring the tenant to vacate the unit. No tenant shall be removed from possession of a unit on this basis unless the court finds that the cure of the violation of law requires the removal of the tenant and that the landlord did not, through neglect or deliberate action or failure to act, create the condition necessitating the vacate order. If the landlord does not try to cure the conditions causing the violation of the law, the tenant has the right to pay or secure payment, in a manner satisfactory to the court, to cure the violation. Any tenant expenditures to cure the violation shall be applied against rent owed to the landlord. Even if removal of a tenant is absolutely essential to the tenant's health and safety, the tenant shall be entitled to resume possession at such time as the dangerous conditions have been removed. The tenant also retains the right to bring an action for monetary damages against the landlord or to otherwise compel the landlord to comply with all applicable state or municipal housing codes (good cause for eviction under paragraph d of subdivision 1 of section 216 of the Real Property Law):
- I.** ☐ The landlord is not renewing the lease because the tenant is using or permitting the unit or premises to be used for an illegal purpose (good cause for eviction under paragraph e of subdivision 1 of section 216 of the Real Property Law):
- J.** ☐ The landlord is not renewing the lease because the tenant has unreasonably refused the landlord access to the unit for the purposes of making necessary repairs or improvements required by law or for the purposes of showing the premises to a prospective purchaser, mortgagee, or other person with a legitimate interest in the premises (good cause for eviction under paragraph f of subdivision 1 of section 216 of the Real Property Law):
- K.** ☐ The landlord is not renewing the lease because the landlord seeks in good faith to recover possession of the unit for the landlord's personal use and occupancy as the landlord's principal residence, or for the personal use and occupancy as a principal residence by the landlord's spouse, domestic partner, child, stepchild, parent, step-parent, sibling,

grandparent, grandchild, parent-in-law, or sibling-in-law. The landlord can only recover the unit for these purposes if there is no other suitable housing accommodation in the building that is available. Under no circumstances can the landlord recover the unit for these purposes if the tenant is (a) 65 years old or older; or (b) a "disabled person" as defined in subdivision 6 of section 211 of the Real Property Law. To establish this good cause in an eviction proceeding, the landlord must establish good faith to recover possession of a housing accommodation for the uses described herein by clear and convincing evidence(good cause for eviction under paragraph g of subdivision 1 of section 216 of the Real Property Law);

- L. ☐ The landlord is not renewing the lease because the landlord in good faith seeks to demolish the housing accommodation. To establish this good cause in an eviction proceeding, the landlord must establish good faith to demolish the housing accommodation by clear and convincing evidence (good cause for eviction under paragraph h of subdivision 1 of section 216 of the Real Property Law):
- M. ☐ The landlord is not renewing the lease because the landlord seeks in good faith to withdraw the unit from the housing rental market. To establish this good cause in an eviction proceeding, the landlord must establish good faith to withdraw the unit from the rental housing market by clear and convincing evidence (good cause for eviction under paragraph i of subdivision 1 of section 216 of the Real Property Law):
- N. ☐ The landlord is not renewing the lease because the tenant has failed to agree to reasonable changes at lease renewal, including reasonable increases in rent, and the landlord gave written notice of the changes to the lease to the tenant at least 30 days, but no more than 90 days, before the current lease expired. A rent increase is presumptively unreasonable if the increase from the prior rent is greater than the lower of: (a) 5 percent plus the annual percentage change in the consumer price index for all urban consumers for all items as published by the United States Bureau of Labor Statistics for the region in which the housing accommodation is located, as published by August 1st of each year by the Division of Housing and Community Renewal; or (b) 10 percent(good cause for eviction under paragraph j of subdivision 1 of section 216 of the Real Property Law):

19 Rockwell Place LLC



4/3/2026
09:51 AM EDT

Jeong Yeon Yun (Tenant)

Date

(Landlord)

Date

RIDER FOR 100% SMOKE FREE COMMUNITY

Additional clause attached to and forming a part of the certain Lease dated, April 2, 2026 between 19 Rockwell Place LLC, ("Landlord") and Jeong Yeon Yun ("Tenant") as Tenant(s) Apartment 14C ("Apartment") in the premises located at 19 ROCKWELL PL, Brooklyn, NY 11217-1113 ("Building")

- 1 Definition of Smoking – The term smoking means inhaling, exhaling, breathing or carrying any lighted cigar, cigarette or other legal and or illegal tobacco products or similar lighted product in any manner or in any form;
- 2 Smoking – Due to the increased risk of fire and the know adverse health effects of secondhand smoke, smoking is prohibited in any area of the property, both private and common, whether enclosed or outdoor. This policy applies to all owners, tenants, guests, employees and service persons;
- 3 Smoke Free Community – Tenant agrees and acknowledges that the premises to be occupied by Tenant and members of Tenant's current and future household have been designated as a smoke free living environment. Tenant and members of the Tenant's household shall not smoke anywhere in the Apartment including but not limited to bathrooms, kitchens, rented by Tenant or the Building where the Tenant's Apartment is located or in any of the common areas or adjoining grounds of such Building or other parts of the rental community, nor shall Tenant permit any invitees, workers, guests or visitors under the control of Tenant to do so;
- 4 Tenant to Promote No Smoking Policy and to alert Landlord of Violation – Tenant acknowledges that i) the Building is 100% Smoke Free and ii) all rental advertisements for the building contained the 100% Smoke Free Policy and iii) the 100% Smoke Free Policy will be strictly enforced. Additionally, Tenant shall inform Tenant's invitees, workers, guests or visitors of the 100% Smoke Free Policy. Further, Tenant shall promptly give Landlord a written statement of any incident where tobacco smoke is migrating into the Tenant's Apartment from sources outside of the Tenant's Apartment;
- 5 Landlord Not a Guarantor of Smoke Free Environment – While the Landlord has imposed and will attempt to enforce the 100% no smoking clause throughout the Building the Landlord is not a guarantor of the no smoking policy throughout the Building. The Landlord will at all times use its best efforts to enforce this policy including but not limited to commencing any legal action against the violating party. But nothing in this policy or the Landlord's willingness to enforce this policy will act as, be found to be or be read as a guarantee by the Landlord that this policy will be abided by all Tenants and their invitees, workers, guests or visitors at all times. The Landlord is not guaranteeing that Tenants might not attempt to circumvent, ignore and/or violate this policy. The Landlord cannot be held liable in the event a Tenant violates this Policy. No Tenant will look to or hold the Landlord liable in the event this Policy is violated by another Tenant. The Landlord will use its best efforts to enforce this Policy but at no time is the Landlord a guarantor of the 100% compliance with this Policy by all Tenants.

It is the responsibility of the Tenant to inform his/her guests of the No Smoking provision of this Lease and prohibits smoking of any kind by his/her household members or guests while on the premises. Smoking by the Tenant, members of his/her household, or his/her guests in any area of the leased premises is a violation of this Lease. A breach of this provision shall be considered a material breach of the Lease and grounds for termination of the Lease by the Landlord.

19 Rockwell Place LLC



4/3/2026
09:54 AM EDT

Jeong Yeon Yun (Tenant)

Date

(Landlord)

Date

Section 12-12.1 of Chapter 12 of Title 28 of the Rules of the City of New York describes conditions under which a combined notice may be used, combining notice of suspected gas leak procedures with notice for smoke detectors and carbon monoxide detectors. A sample of a combined notice is below:

NOTICE FOR SUSPECTED GAS LEAKS, SMOKE DETECTING DEVICES, AND CARBON MONOXIDE ALARMS

The law requires the owner of the premises to notify tenants regarding the following:

Suspected Gas Leak Procedure: When a tenant suspects that a gas leak has occurred, the tenant should take the following actions:

1. Quickly open nearby doors and windows and then leave the building immediately; do not attempt to locate the leak. Do not turn on or off any electrical appliances, do not smoke or light matches or lighters, and do not use a house-phone or cell-phone within the building;
2. After leaving the building, from a safe distance away from the building, call 911 immediately to report the suspected gas leak;
3. After calling 911, call the gas service provider for this building as follows:

Provider _____

Number _____

Smoke Detectors: The law requires the owner of the premises to provide and install one or more approved and operational smoke detectors in each apartment and to periodically replace such devices upon the expiration of their useful life in accordance with article 312 of chapter 3 of title 28 of the New York City Administrative Code. The tenant of each apartment is responsible for the maintenance and repair of the detectors installed in the apartment and for replacing any or all detectors which are stolen, removed, missing or become inoperable during the occupancy of the apartment with a device meeting the requirements of article 312 of chapter 3 of title 28 of the Administrative Code, unless a detector becomes inoperable within one year of being installed due to a manufacturing defect. The tenant of each apartment in this building in which a battery-operated smoke detector is provided and installed shall pay the owner a maximum of twenty-five dollars or a maximum of fifty dollars where a combined smoke and carbon monoxide detecting device is installed for the cost of providing and installing each detector. The tenant has one (1) year from the date of installation to make such payment to the owner.

Carbon Monoxide Detectors: The law requires the owner of the premises to provide a carbon monoxide alarm in each apartment in this building. The carbon monoxide alarm must be placed within 15 feet of the primary entrance to each sleeping room, must be equipped with an end of life alarm, and must be periodically replaced by the owner as necessary when the suggested useful life of the alarm expires. Tenants are responsible for the maintenance and repair of the alarms installed in the apartment and for replacing any or all alarms that are stolen, removed, missing, or become inoperable during the occupancy of the apartment, unless an alarm becomes inoperable within one year of being installed due to a manufacturing defect. The occupant of each apartment in which a carbon monoxide alarm is provided and installed must pay the owner **\$0.00** per alarm, or a maximum of **\$0.00** per device where a combined smoke and carbon monoxide detecting device is installed. This fee covers the cost of the work for the initial installation and each periodic replacement. The occupant has one year from the date of installation to pay the owner.



4/3/2026
09:52 AM EDT

Jeong Yeon Yun (Tenant)

Date

NOTICE DISCLOSING TENANTS' RIGHTS TO REASONABLE ACCOMMODATIONS FOR PERSONS WITH DISABILITIES

Reasonable Accommodations

The New York State Human Rights Law requires housing providers to make reasonable accommodations or modifications to a building or living space to meet the needs of people with disabilities. For example, if you have a physical, mental, or medical impairment, you can ask your housing provider to make the common areas of your building accessible, or to change certain policies to meet your needs.

*To request a reasonable accommodation, you should contact your property manager by calling **718-243-2889**, or by e-mailing office@plazaus.com*. You will need to inform your housing provider that you have a disability or health problem that interferes with your use of housing, and that your request for accommodation may be necessary to provide you equal access and opportunity to use and enjoy your housing or the amenities and services normally offered by your housing provider. A housing provider may request medical information, when necessary to support that there is a covered disability and that the need for the accommodation is disability related.*

If you believe that you have been denied a reasonable accommodation for your disability, or that you were denied housing or retaliated against because you requested a reasonable accommodation, you can file a complaint with the New York State Division of Human Rights as described at the end of this notice.

Specifically, if you have a physical, mental, or medical impairment, you can request:+

Permission to change the interior of your housing unit to make it accessible (however, you are required to pay for these modifications, and in the case of a rental your housing provider may require that you restore the unit to its original condition when you move out);

Changes to your housing provider's rules, policies, practices, or services;

Changes to common areas of the building so you have an equal opportunity to use the building. The New York State Human Rights Law requires housing providers to pay for reasonable modifications to common use areas.

Examples of reasonable modifications and accommodations that may be requested under the New York State Human Rights Law include:

If you have a mobility impairment, your housing provider may be required to provide you with a ramp or other reasonable means to permit you to enter and exit the building.

If your healthcare provider provides documentation that having an animal will assist with your disability, you should be permitted to have the animal in your home despite a "no pet" rule.

If you need grab bars in your bathroom, you can request permission to install them at your own expense. If your housing was built for first occupancy after March 13, 1991 and the walls need to be reinforced for grab bars, your housing provider must pay for that to be done.

If you have an impairment that requires a parking space close to your unit, you can request your housing provider to provide you with that parking space, or place you at the top of a waiting list if no adjacent spot is available.

If you have a visual impairment and require printed notices in an alternative format such as large print font, or need notices to be made available to you electronically, you can request that accommodation from your landlord.

Required Accessibility Standards

All buildings constructed for use after March 13, 1991, are required to meet the following standards:

Public and common areas must be readily accessible to and usable by persons with disabilities;

All doors must be sufficiently wide to allow passage by persons in wheelchairs; and

All multi-family buildings must contain accessible passageways, fixtures, outlets, thermostats, bathrooms, and kitchens.

If you believe that your building does not meet the required accessibility standards, you can file a complaint with the New York State Division of Human Rights.

How to File a Complaint

A complaint must be filed with the Division within one year of the alleged discriminatory act or in court within three years of the alleged discriminatory act. You can find more information on your rights, and on the procedures for filing a complaint, by going to www.dhr.ny.gov, or by calling 1-888-392-3644. You can obtain a complaint form on the website, or one can be e-mailed or mailed to you. You can also call or e-mail a Division regional office. The regional offices are listed on the website.



4/3/2026
09:52 AM EDT

Jeong Yeon Yun (Tenant)

Date

* The Notice must include contact information when being provided under 466.15(d)(1), above. However, when being provided under (d)(2) and when this information is not known, the sentence may read "To request a reasonable accommodation, you should contact your property manager."

+ This Notice provides information about your rights under the New York State Human Rights Law, which applies to persons residing anywhere in New York State. Local laws may provide protections in addition to those described in this Notice, but local laws cannot decrease your protections.

RIDER AND THE PROVISIONS OF THE LEASE TO WHICH THIS RIDER IS ANNEXED, THE PROVISION OF THIS RIDER SHALL GOVERN AND BE BINDING. THE PROVISIONS OF THIS RIDER SHALL BE CONSTRUED TO BE IN ADDITION TO AND NOT IN LIMITATION OF THE RIGHTS OF THE OWNER AND THE OBLIGATIONS OF THE TENANT.

OCCUPANCY RIDER

The only people who may reside in the Apartment are:

- 1. named Tenants on the lease ("Tenants");
- 2. any other person who is authorized by all named Tenants to reside in the Apartment is entitled to be so authorized under Section 235-f of the New York Real Property Law ("Occupants"). Occupants shall not have the right to reside in the Apartment if the Tenants die or if the Tenant vacates or abandons the Apartment except as otherwise specifically prescribed by a non-waivable provision of the New York Real Property Law.

Tenant(s) warrant and represent that no one apart from the following individuals occupy the Apartment and have done so from the inception of the lease.

Name of Occupants	Relationship to Tenant
Jeong Yeon Yun (Tenant)	

The inclusion of the above named additional residents in this document shall at no time represent an Owner/Tenant relationship between said resident and Owner. Tenant must notify owner of any change in additional occupancy, which may be allowable under Section 235-f of the New York Real Property Law.

ACKNOWLEDGED, UNDERSTOOD AND AGREED:

19 Rockwell Place LLC



4/3/2026
09:52 AM EDT

Jeong Yeon Yun (Tenant)

Date

(Landlord)

Date

ADDITIONAL CLAUSES ATTACHED TO AND FORMING A PART OF THE LEASE DATED JUNE 23, 2026 BETWEEN 19 ROCKWELL PLACE LLC (LANDLORD) AND JEONG YEON YUN (TENANT) REGARDING APARTMENT 14C IN THE PREMISES LOCATED AT 19 ROCKWELL PL, BROOKLYN, NY 11217. IN THE EVENT OF ANY INCONSISTENCY BETWEEN THE PROVISIONS OF THIS RIDER AND THE PROVISIONS OF THE LEASE TO WHICH THIS RIDER IS ANNEXED, THE PROVISIONS OF THIS RIDER SHALL GOVERN AND BE BINDING. THE PROVISIONS OF THIS RIDER SHALL BE CONSTRUED TO BE IN ADDITION TO AND NOT LIMITATION OF THE RIGHTS OF THE OWNER AND THE OBLIGATIONS OF THE TENANT.

ADDENDUM TO RENTAL AGREEMENT
OVERNIGHT SUBLEASE PROHIBITION

This Addendum to the Lease, without limiting any of Owner's rights or remedies, further supplements and defines the requirements and prohibition maintained in the Lease by and between Owner and Tenant and further restricts Tenant from subletting (or renting) all or any portion of the Apartment to a third party, whether for an overnight use or for the remainder of the lease term or for any short or long term duration, without the prior written consent of the Owner in each and every instance. This prohibition applies to overnight stays arranged on Airbnb.com, VBRO, Splicer, Homeaway, or other similar internet sites.

Tenant is responsible for and shall be held liable for any losses or damage that Owner may incur as a result of any such subletting in breach of the terms of the Lease and this Addendum.

19 Rockwell Place LLC



4/3/2026
09:53 AM EDT

Jeong Yeon Yun (Tenant)

Date

(Landlord)

Date

RIDER TO LEASE
PROHIBITION OF E-BICYCLES, E-SCOOTERS AND HOVERBOARDS

IN THE EVENT THAT THERE ARE ANY PROVISIONS CONTAINED IN THIS RIDER WHICH ARE INCONSISTENT WITH THE PROVISIONS CONTAINED IN THE MAIN BODY OF THE LEASE DATED JUNE 23, 2026, BETWEEN 19 ROCKWELL PLACE LLC, THE OWNER OF THE BUILDING, AND JEONG YEON YUN TENANT, AS HEREINAFTER DEFINED, IT SHALL BE DEEMED TO BE THE INTENT OF THE PARTIES HERETO THAT THE PROVISIONS CONTAINED IN THIS AGREEMENT SUPERSEDE ANY INCONSISTENT PROVISIONS THEREIN SUCH THAT SAID LEASE IS DEEMED MODIFIED HEREBY.

IT IS HEREBY AGREED this 2nd day of April 2026, by and between 19 Rockwell Place LLC, the owner ("Owner") of the premises known as and located at 19 Rockwell Pl, Brooklyn, NY 11217 ("Building") and Jeong Yeon Yun, the tenant ("Tenant") of Apartment 14C ("Apartment") located at the Building as follows:

The parties agree that paragraph 10(B) of the Lease provides that Tenant shall "obey all Owner's rules listed in this Lease and all future reasonable rules of Owner or Owner's agent."

The parties also agree that paragraph 11 of the Lease defines "Objectionable Conduct" in part as "anything which interferes with the right of others to properly and peacefully enjoy their Apartments, or causes conditions that are dangerous, hazardous, unsanitary and detrimental in to other tenants in the Building."

The parties agree that E-Bicycles, E-Scooters and Hoverboards with lithium ion batteries are fire hazards and therefore are extremely dangerous. Consequently, the presence of E-Bicycles, E-Scooters and/or Hoverboards and/or similar devices with a lithium ion battery in the Apartment and the Building shall be deemed to be "Objectionable Conduct" as defined by the Lease, are thereby prohibited pursuant to paragraphs 10(B) and 11 of the Lease, and shall entitle the Owner to end the Lease.

The parties shall be deemed to have jointly drawn this Rider in order to avoid any negative inference against the preparer of the document. The covenants, agreements, terms, provisions and conditions contained in this Rider shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the parties hereto and their respective successors and assigns.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused this Rider to be executed as of the day and year first above written.

19 Rockwell Place LLC



4/3/2026
09:53 AM EDT

Jeong Yeon Yun (Tenant)

Date

(Landlord)

Date

NEW YORK CITY RECYCLING NOTICE

New York City has a mandatory residential recycling program that requires all residents to source-separate designated materials from their waste in their homes for recycling collection by the NYC Department of Sanitation.

Residential building owners/landlords must notify residents about recycling requirements, designate an accessible recycling area, and maintain signs explaining what and how to recycle.

Residents are required to keep the following designated materials separate from regular garbage and discard them according to building management instructions in properly labeled recycling receptacles. (For more info on what to recycle, call 311 or visit www.nyc.gov/recycle.)

WHAT TO RECYCLE: Paper & Cardboard

- Newspapers, magazines, catalogs, white and colored paper (staples OK), mail and envelopes (window envelopes OK), paper bags, wrapping paper, soft-cover books (paperbacks, comics, etc.; no spiral bindings).
- Cardboard egg cartons and trays, smooth cardboard (food and shoes boxes, tubes, file folders, cardboard from product packaging), corrugated cardboard boxes.

WHAT TO RECYCLE: Metal, Glass, Plastics & Cartons (emptied and rinsed)

- Metal cans (soup, pet food, empty aerosol cans, dried-out paint cans, etc.), aluminum foil wrap & trays, household metal (wire hangers, pots, tools, curtain rods, small appliances that are mostly metal, etc.), bulk metal (large metal items, such as furniture, cabinets, large appliances, etc.).
- Glass bottles & jars (and no other glass items).
- Plastic bottles & jugs, rigid plastic caps & lids, rigid plastic food containers (yogurt, deli, hummus, dairy tubs, "clear clamshell" containers, other plastic take-out containers), rigid plastic packaging ("blister-pak" and acetate boxes), rigid plastic housewares (crates, buckets, flower pots, furniture, toys, mixing bowls, plastic appliances, etc.).
- Milk cartons & juice boxes (or any such cartons and aseptic packaging for drinks: ice tea, soy milk, soup, etc.).

BUILDING RECYCLING PROCEDURES

This building has established the following procedures for handling designated recyclables that apply to all residents, housekeepers, guests, subtenants, homecare workers, and other visitors:

Please check all that apply:

- ☒ I have been given information about designated recyclable materials that must be kept separate from my trash.
- ☒ I know the location of the building's recycling area(s) and the procedures for discarding designated recyclables.
- ☒ I understand that recycling requirements apply to all residents, housekeepers, guests, subtenants, homecare workers, and other visitors.



4/3/2026
09:53 AM EDT

Jeong Yeon Yun (Tenant)

Date

Occupant: Keep one copy for your records

ADDITIONAL CLAUSES ATTACHED TO AND FORMING A PART OF
THE LEASE

Owner: 19 Rockwell Place LLC
Tenant: Jeong Yeon Yun
Premises: 19 Rockwell Pl, Brooklyn, NY 11217
Lease Start: June 23, 2026
Lease Expiration: June 30, 2027

IN THE EVENT OF ANY INCONSISTENCY BETWEEN THE PROVISIONS OF THIS RIDER AND THE PROVISIONS OF THE LEASE TO WHICH THIS RIDER IS ANNEXED, THE PROVISIONS OF THIS RIDER SHALL GOVERN AND BE BINDING. THE PROVISIONS OF THIS RIDER SHALL BE CONSTRUED TO BE IN ADDITION TO AND NOT IN LIMITATION OF THE RIGHTS OF THE OWNER AND THE OBLIGATIONS OF THE TENANT.

RENTER'S INSURANCE RIDER

It is required that during the term of this Lease Agreement, Tenant shall maintain "Renters" insurance with minimum coverage of \$100,000.00 per occurrence for bodily or personal injury and minimum contents limit of \$150,000.00 per occurrence for property damage, with a replacement cost endorsement and waiver of subrogation clause in favor of Owner, its agents and employees. Such policy shall cover, among other things, loss of or damage to all property in the Apartment, loss of any property left in the care, custody or control of Owner or any of its agents or employees, loss of use of the Apartment and all other perils commonly insured against by prudent residential tenants. Tenant must provide Owner with a copy of such policy, upon Owner's request and an original certificate signed by an authorized representative of Tenant's insurer, evidencing Tenant's compliance with the insurance requirements set forth in this Lease. Tenant shall pay for damages suffered by and reasonable expenses of Owner relating to any claim arising from any act or neglect committed by Tenant.

19 Rockwell Place LLC



4/3/2026
09:53 AM EDT

Jeong Yeon Yun (Tenant)

Date

(Landlord)

Date

POLICY ON SMOKING FOR RESIDENTIAL BUILDING

Building/Property Address: **19 Rockwell Pl, 14C, Brooklyn, NY 11217**

There is no safe amount of exposure to secondhand smoke. Adults exposed to secondhand smoke have higher risks of stroke, heart disease and lung cancer. Children exposed to secondhand smoke have higher risks of asthma attacks, respiratory illnesses, middle ear disease and sudden infant death syndrome (SIDS). For these reasons, and to help people make informed decisions on where to live, New York City requires residential building owners (referred to in this policy as the "Owner/Manager," which includes the owner of record, seller, manager, landlord, any agent thereof or governing body) in buildings with three or more residential units to create a policy on smoking and share it with all tenants. The building policy on smoking applies to any person on the property, including guests.

I. Definitions

- a. **Smoking:** inhaling, exhaling, burning or carrying any lighted or heated cigar, cigarette, little cigar, pipe, water pipe or hookah, herbal cigarette, non- tobacco smoking product (e.g., marijuana or non-tobacco shisha), or any similar form of lighted object or device designed for people to use to inhale smoke
- b. **Electronic Cigarette** (e-cigarette): a battery-operated device that heats a liquid, gel, herb or other substance and produces vapor for people to inhale

II. Smoke-Free Air Act

New York City law prohibits smoking and using e-cigarettes of any kind in indoor common areas, including but not limited to, lobbies, hallways, stairwells, mailrooms, fitness areas, storage areas, garages and laundry rooms in any building with three or more residential units. NYC Admin. Code, § 17-505.

III. Policy on Smoking

Smoking is not allowed in the locations checked below (check all boxes that apply). Even if no boxes are checked, the Smoke-Free Air Act bans smoking tobacco or non-tobacco products, and using e-cigarettes in indoor common areas.

- ☐ Inside of residential units*
- ☐ Outside of areas that are part of residential units, including balconies, patios and porches
- ☐ Outdoor common areas, including play areas, rooftops, pool areas, parking areas, and shared balconies, courtyards, patios, porches or yards
- ☐ Outdoors within 15 feet of entrances, exits, windows, and air intake units on property grounds
- ☐ Other areas/exceptions:

* Rent-stabilized and rent-controlled units may be exempt from a policy restricting smoking inside residential units unless the existing tenant consents to the policy in writing.

IV. Complaint Procedure

- a. Complaints about smoke drifting into a residential unit or common area should be made promptly to the Owner/Manager listed here: _____
 - b. Complaints should be made in writing and should be as specific as possible, including the date, approximate time, location where smoke was observed, building address, description of incident and apparent source of smoke.
-

Acknowledgment and Signatures:

I have read the policy on smoking described above, and I understand the policy applies to the property. I agree to comply with the policy described above.

For rental units, I understand that violating the smoking policy may be a violation of my lease. For condominiums, cooperatives or other owned units, I understand that violations of the policy on smoking may be addressed according to the building's governing rules.

19 Rockwell Place LLC



4/3/2026
09:53 AM EDT

Jeong Yeon Yun (Tenant)

Date

(Landlord)

Date

THE REAL ESTATE BOARD OF NEW YORK, INC. SPRINKLER DISCLOSURE LEASE RIDER

Pursuant to the New York State Real Property Law, Article 7, Section 231-a, effective December 3, 2014 all residential leases must contain a conspicuous notice as to the existence or non-existence of a Sprinkler System in the Leased Premises.

Name of tenant(s): Jeong Yeon Yun
 Lease Premises Address: 19 Rockwell Pl, Brooklyn, NY 11217
 Apartment Number: 14C (the "Leased Premises")
 Date of Lease: June 23, 2026

CHECK ONE:

1. ☐ There is **NO** Maintained and Operative Sprinkler System in the Leased Premises.
2. ☒ There is a Maintained and Operative Sprinkler System in the Leased Premises.

A. The last date on which the Sprinkler System was maintained and inspected was on **NOT AVAILABLE ***

A "Sprinkler System" is a system of piping and appurtenances designed and installed in accordance with generally accepted standards so that heat from a fire will automatically cause water to be discharged over the fire area to extinguish it or prevent its further spread (Executive Law of New York, Article 6-C, Section 155-a(5)).

Acknowledgment & Signatures:

I, the Tenant, have read the disclosure set forth above. I understand that this notice, as to the existence or non-existence of a Sprinkler System is being provided to me to help me make an informed decision about the Leased Premises in accordance with New York State Real Property Law Article 7, Section 231-a.



4/3/2026
09:53 AM EDT

Jeong Yeon Yun (Tenant)

Date

19 Rockwell Place LLC

(Landlord)

Date

*

ADDITIONAL CLAUSES ATTACHED TO AND FORMING A PART OF THE LEASE DATED APRIL 2, 2026 BETWEEN 19 ROCKWELL PLACE LLC (LANDLORD) AND JEONG YEON YUN (TENANT) REGARDING APARTMENT 14C IN THE PREMISES LOCATED AT 19 ROCKWELL PL, BROOKLYN, NY 11217. IN THE EVENT OF ANY INCONSISTENCY BETWEEN THE PROVISIONS OF THIS RIDER AND THE PROVISIONS OF THE LEASE TO WHICH THIS RIDER IS ANNEXED, THE PROVISIONS OF THIS RIDER SHALL GOVERN AND BE BINDING. THE PROVISIONS OF THIS RIDER SHALL BE CONSTRUED TO BE IN ADDITION TO AND NOT LIMITATION OF THE RIGHTS OF THE OWNER AND THE OBLIGATIONS OF THE TENANT.

SUBMETERING RIDER TO LEASE

Supplementing Section 13 of the Lease:

1. You acknowledge that while Consolidated Edison Company of New York (ConEd), or another local utility company, will be the provider of electricity for air conditioning and heating to the Building and that Owner will be paying the charges for such electricity directly to this entity (or its successor). You will be required to pay Owner for the use of electricity for the air conditioning and heating at the Apartment on the basis of a separate (submetered) charge that will be billed to You by Owner (or its agent) on a monthly basis. The charges to You for electricity for air conditioning and heating are due without offset or abatement on the first day of each and every month for which a bill is rendered. In the event of non-payment of electric charges, the Owner shall afford You all notices and protections available to You pursuant to the Home Energy Fair Practices Act (HEFPA) before any action(s) based on such non-payment, including termination of service, is commenced.
2. The rate calculation to be used is the Consolidated Edison Service Classification EL1 for direct metered service. Specifically a tenant's kilowatt hour (kWh) usage will be multiplied by the Consolidated Edison Service Classification EL1 rate for a billing period, then sales tax (currently 4.5%) will be added to arrive at the total tenant cost.

The Consolidated Edison Service Classification EL1 rate is a combination of various items, including:

Basic Charge: This is a charge for basic system infrastructure and customer-related services, including customer accounting, meter reading, and meter maintenance.

kWh Cost: This energy charge is broken down into four separate components- market supply, monthly adjustment, delivery (transmission and distribution).

Systems Benefit Charge (SBC)/Renewable Portfolio Standard (RPS): This is an additional charge per kWh.

Fuel Adjustment: The sum of Market Supply Charge (MSC) and Monthly Adjustment Charge (MAC) adjustment factors.

Utility Tax: The sum of Commodity Gross Receipt Tax and Full Service Gross Receipt Tax.

Sales Tax: The current NYS sales tax.

The following is an example of the formula that will be used to derive a tenant's electricity charges based on the current Consolidated Edison Service Classification EL1 rate and a monthly use of 250 kWh:

		Total
Basic Charge		\$YY.YY
kWh	XXXXX times 250	\$YY.YY
Systems Benefit Charge	XXXXX times 250	\$Y.YY
Fuel Adjustment Charge	XXXXX times 250	\$Y.YY
	Subtotal	\$YY.YY
Utility Tax	XXXXX times Subtotal YY.YY	\$Y.YY
	Subtotal	\$YY.YY
Sales Tax	YY.YY times 0.045000	\$T.TT
	YY.YY plus T.TT	\$ZZ.ZZ
Tenant Cost		\$ZZ.ZZ

In no event will the total monthly rates (including a monthly administrative charge) exceed the utility's tariff residential rate for direct metered service to such residents (see 16 NYCRR § 96.2 [b] [3]).

All Con Edison rates by classification are available on its website (www.coned.com) under Rates and Tariffs. The electric Rates and Tariffs are listed under the heading "PSC No. 9"- Electric: Full Service.

3. Owner may hire an outside electric billing company to read the meters monthly or may read the meters on its own and process a bill based on the actual consumption of each tenant. The meter reading data and billing calculations will be documented and maintained for a six (6) year period for each unit.

4. When a Tenant has a question about electric bill or believes the electric bill is inaccurate, the following protocol will be followed: Tenant should submit the complaint to the property manager of the Building, including the action or relief requested and/or the reason for a complaint about a submetering charge. The property manager shall investigate and respond to the complaint in writing with fifteen (15) days of the receipt of the complaint. If the Tenant is dissatisfied with the property manager's response, he or she may request a review of the outcome by filing a written protest with a supervisor of the property manager within fifteen (15) days from the date of the response from the property manager. If the Tenant and the property manager cannot reach an equitable agreement within fifteen (15) days of the Tenant's filing of this protest and Tenant continues to believe the complaint has not been adequately addressed, then the Tenant may file a complaint with the Public Service Commission (PSC) through the Department of Public Service. Alternatively, Tenants may contact the Department of Public Service at any time concerning submetered service in writing at New York State Department of Public Service, 3 Empire State Plaza, Albany, New York 12223, by telephone at 1-800-342-3377, in person at the nearest office at 90 Church Street, New York, New York 10007, or via the Internet at www.dps.state.ny.us.
5. You will be afforded rights and protections available to residential energy consumers in New York State under HEFPA, including the ability to file a complaint with the PSC. The nearest office of the PSC is at: NYS Public Service Commission, 90 Church Street, New York, New York 10007, 212-417-2234, 800-342-3377, www.dps.state.ny.us. You may contact the PSC at any time if you are dissatisfied regarding management's response to your complaint or at any time regarding submetered service.
6. You may request balanced billing for your electric charges. Balanced billing divides the electric costs into equal monthly payments. Periodically, the balanced billing amounts will be reviewed and adjusted as necessary. At the end of one year, you shall be responsible to pay for any electric costs in excess of the balanced billing amount paid, or you will be entitled to a credit for any electric costs less than the balanced billing amount paid.
7. If you have difficulty paying the electric bill, you may contact the management company for the Building by telephone or by letter in order to arrange for a deferred payment agreement, whereby you may be able to pay the balance owed over a period of time. If you can show financial need, the management company for the Building can work with you to determine the length of the agreement and the amount of each monthly payment.
8. Regardless of your payment history, the management company for the Building will continue electric service if your health or safety is threatened. When you become aware of such hardship, the management company for the Building can refer you to the Department of Social Services. Please notify the management company for the Building if the following conditions exist:
 - (a) **Medical Emergencies:** You must provide a medical certificate from a doctor or local board of health; or
 - (b) **Life Support Equipment:** If you have life support equipment and a medical certificate.
9. Special protections may be available if you and/or those living with you are age eighteen (18) or younger or sixty-two (62) or older, blind, or disabled.
10. If you are age sixty-two (62) or older, you may be eligible for quarterly billing for your electrical charges.
11. You can designate a third party as an additional contact to receive notices of past due balances for your electrical charges.
12. As a residential customer for electricity, you also have certain additional rights assured by HEFPA.
13. You agree that at all times the use of electricity in the Apartment shall never exceed the capacity of existing feeders to the Building or the risers, wiring or electrical installations serving the Apartment. You shall not make any alterations, modifications or additions to the electrical installations serving the Apartment.
14. Owner shall have the right to suspend electric service to the Apartment when necessary by reason of accident or for repairs, alterations, replacements or improvements necessary or desirable in Owner's judgment for as long as may be reasonably required by reason thereof and Owner shall not incur any liability for any damage or loss sustained by you or any other occupant of the Apartment as a result of such suspension. Owner shall not in any way be liable or responsible to you or any other occupant for any loss, damage, cost or expense that you or any occupant of the Apartment may incur if either the quantity or character of electric service is changed or is no longer available or suitable for your requirements or if the supply or availability of electricity is limited, reduced, interrupted, or suspended by the public utility company serving the Building or for any reason or circumstances beyond the control of Owner. Except as may be provided by applicable law, you shall not be entitled to any rent reduction because of a stoppage, modification, interruption, suspension, limitation, or reduction of electric service to the Apartment.

15. If Owner (or its agent) fails to deliver a bill to you for the use of electricity at the Apartment for any given month, then such failure shall not prejudice or impair Owner's right to subsequently deliver or cause its agent to deliver such a bill to you, nor shall any such failure relieve or excuse you from having to pay such bill except as may otherwise be provided by applicable law.

19 Rockwell Place LLC



4/3/2026
09:53 AM EDT

Jeong Yeon Yun (Tenant)

Date

(Landlord)

Date

TEMPORARY AMENITY CONCESSION RIDER

IT IS HEREBY AGREED this **2nd** day of **April, 2026**, by and between **19 Rockwell Place LLC** (hereinafter "Owner"), owner of the premises known as and located at **19 Rockwell Pl, Brooklyn, NY 11217** ("subject premises") and **Jeong Yeon Yun** (hereinafter "Tenant"), tenant of **Apartment #14C** in the subject premises (hereinafter "Apartment") as follows:

1. The parties agree that the Owner offers certain amenities at the subject premises (hereinafter "Amenities"), which include **Roof Deck (excluding private cabanas), Fitness Center, Lounge, 2nd Floor Terrace, Pet Spa, Laundry Room.**
2. The parties agree that the cost to utilize the Amenities is **\$75.00** per month, as set forth in the attached lease ("Lease") dated **June 23, 2026**.
 - i. During the entire term of the Lease, the monthly cost for the Amenities shall remain the sum set forth in ¶ 2 of this Rider; however, the Owner agrees to provide Tenant with the following concession, representing a temporary concession of the Amenities fee: a concession equal to **\$70.00** for the _____ period from **May 8, 2026** through **June 30, 2027**. Owner agrees to provide tenant with the following concession for the second lease year, should Tenant renew their lease, representing a temporary concession of the Amenities fee: a concession equal to **\$0.00** for the _____ period from _____ through _____;
3. Said temporary concession is not intended as a preference to govern throughout Tenant's tenancy. Other than during the periods specified at ¶ 3 of this Rider, the full monthly Amenities fee recited in this Lease must be paid in order to satisfy Tenant's Amenities fee obligation pursuant to the Lease. It is acknowledged and agreed by the parties that the Amenities fee for any subsequent lease renewal will be based upon the Amenities fee set forth in ¶ 2 of this Rider, subject to any lawful adjustments, such that the owner's willingness and agreement to grant a temporary concession have no effect upon the full price of the Amenities fee.
4. The parties shall be deemed to have jointly drawn this Rider in order to avoid any negative inference against the preparer of the document. The covenants, agreements, terms, provisions and conditions contained in this Rider shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the parties hereto and their respective successors and assigns.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused this Agreement to be executed as of the day and year first above written.

19 Rockwell Place LLC



4/3/2026
09:54 AM EDT

Jeong Yeon Yun (Tenant)

Date

(Landlord)

Date

RESIDENTIAL CURRENT OCCUPANT INFORMATION

PROPERTY ONE NINE ROCKWELL	UNIT 19 Rockwell Pl #14C, Brooklyn, NY 11217
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Tenant Information:

TENANT Jeong Yeon Yun	DATE OF BIRTH 10/2/1992	SSN ***_**_****
HOME PHONE (347) 420-1330	WORK PHONE	CELL PHONE
EMAIL ADDRESS wjddus1881@gmail.com		
EMERGENCY CONTACT		PHONE
EMPLOYER NAME SYPartners		PHONE (347) 420 - 1330

Lease Information:

Monthly Rent:	\$4,275.00
Security Deposit:	\$1,500.00
Lease Starts:	June 23, 2026
Lease Ends:	June 30, 2027

Vehicle Information:

SPACE	MAKE/MODEL	PLATE STATE/NUMBER
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Additional Occupants:

NAME	DATE OF BIRTH	RELATIONSHIP
NAME	DATE OF BIRTH	RELATIONSHIP
NAME	DATE OF BIRTH	RELATIONSHIP
NAME	DATE OF BIRTH	RELATIONSHIP

TERRACE/BALCONY RIDER

RIDER TO AND FORMING PART OF LEASE DATED JUNE 23, 2026 BETWEEN 19 ROCKWELL PLACE LLC AS LANDLORD, AND JEONG YEON YUN AS TENANT(S), FOR APT. 14C AT 19 ROCKWELL PL BROOKLYN, NY 11217.

Tenant(s) shall have and enjoy the exclusive use of the Terrace/Balcony appurtenant to the subject apartment subject to the applicable provisions of this Lease and to the use of the Terrace/Balcony to the extent herein and therein permitted. The Tenant's use thereof shall be subject to such regulations as may, from time to time, be prescribed by the Landlord. Tenant(s) shall keep the Terrace/Balcony accessible from his/her (their) apartment, free from snow, ice, leaves, rubbish and other debris and shall maintain all screens and drain boxes in good condition. Tenant(s) shall be responsible for any water damage caused to the Apartment or any other apartment or to the building, resulting from clogged drains or from any other use of the Terrace/Balcony. No planting, fences, structures or lattices shall be erected or installed on the Terrace/Balcony without prior written approval of the Landlord, which approval shall be in the sole discretion of the Landlord. Any plantings or structures erected by Tenant(s) may be removed and restored by Landlord at the expense of Tenant(s) for the purpose of repairs, upkeep or maintenance of the Building. Tenant(s) shall immediately report any unusual water accumulation to the Landlord. Any outdoor furniture shall be of sufficient weight and/or properly anchored that wind or other weather conditions cannot move it. Cooking including but -not limited to barbecuing of any kind on the Terrace/Balcony is not permitted. Tenant(s) may not~ store any combustible materials on the Terrace/Balcony. **Tenant(s) may not~ store any bicycles, strollers, grocery carts, clothing, boxes, toys, garbage, cleaning products or furniture on the Terrace/Balcony.** The failure of Tenant(s) to comply with the requirements of this Rider shall constitute a substantial violation of the Lease.

Understood and Agreed to by:

19 Rockwell Place LLC



4/3/2026
09:54 AM EDT

Jeong Yeon Yun (Tenant)

Date

(Landlord)

Date

NOTE: All persons named as a Tenant in the Lease must sign this Lease Rider.



WINDOW GUARDS REQUIRED

LEASE NOTICE TO TENANT

THE CITY OF NEW YORK
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH
AND MENTAL HYGIENE

You are required by law to have window guards in all windows if a child 10 years of age or younger lives in your apartment.

Your Landlord is required by law to install window guards in your apartment:

- If a child 10 years or younger lives in your apartment.
- OR If you ask him/her to install window guards at any time (you need not give a reason).

It is a violation of law to refuse, interfere with installation, or remove window guards where required.

CHECK WHICHEVER APPLY:

- ☐ CHILDREN 10 YEARS OF AGE OR YOUNGER LIVE IN MY APARTMENT
- ☒ NO CHILDREN 10 YEARS OF AGE OR YOUNGER LIVE IN MY APARTMENT
- ☐ I WANT WINDOW GUARDS EVEN THOUGH I HAVE NO CHILDREN 10 YEARS OF AGE OR YOUNGER

Apartment Address: 19 Rockwell Pl #14C, Brooklyn, NY 11217

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "JY Yun".

Jeong Yeon Yun (Tenant)

4/3/2026
09:54 AM EDT

Date

RETURN THIS FORM TO:

19 Rockwell Place LLC
19 ROCKWELL PL
Brooklyn, NY 11217-1113

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CALL:
Window Falls Prevention Program (212) 676-2162