

STANDARD FORM OF CONDOMINIUM APARTMENT LEASE

THE REAL ESTATE BOARD OF NEW YORK, INC.

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PREAMBLE: This Lease contains the agreements between You and Owner concerning the rights and obligations of each party. You and Owner have other rights and obligations which are set forth in government laws and regulations.

You should read this Lease carefully. If You have any questions, or if You do not understand any words or statements, get clarification. Once You and Owner sign this Lease, You and Owner will be presumed to have read and understood it. You and Owner admit that all agreements between You and Owner have been written into this Lease except of obligations arising under the Condominium Documents (as defined in Article 4). You understand that any agreements made before or after this Lease was signed and not written into it will not be enforceable.

THIS LEASE is made as of December 6, 2022 between

Owner, the Lessor, DE BOULEVARD LLC

whose address is 215-15 NORTHERN BLVD, SUITE 301, Bayside, NY 11361, and

You, the Lessee, Tammy Franklin

whose address is

35 Astro Place, Dix Hills, NY 11746 - US .

1. APARTMENT AND USE Owner agrees to Lease to You Condominium Unit 5G (the "Apartment") in the condominium apartment building at 107-06 QUEENS BLVD, Borough of QUEENS, City and State of New York, which is known as the BLVD (the "Condominium"). You shall use the Apartment for living purposes only. The Apartment may be occupied only by You and the following Permitted Occupants: .

You acknowledge that: (i) this Lease may not commence until the Condominium has waived any first refusal rights that it may have with respect to this Lease; and (ii) no other person other than You and the Permitted Occupants may reside in the Apartment without the prior written consent of the Owner and the Condominium.

2. LENGTH OF LEASE The term (that means the length) of this Lease will begin on January 15, 2023 and will end on July 14, 2024. If You do not do everything You agree to do in this Lease, Owner may have the right to end it before the ending date. If Owner does not do everything that Owner agrees to do in this Lease, You may have the right to end the Lease before ending date. You acknowledge that the term of this Lease may be reduced as authorized by Article 6.

3. RENT Your monthly rent for the Apartment is \$4,650.00. You must pay Owner the rent, in advance, on the first day of each month either to Owner at the above address or at another place that Owner may inform You of by written notice. You must pay the first month's rent to Owner when You sign this Lease if the Lease begins on the first day of the month. If the Lease begins after the first of the month, You must pay when you sign this Lease: (i) the part of the rent from the beginning date of this Lease until the last day of the month, and (ii) the full rent for the next full calendar month.

4. CONDOMINIUM DOCUMENTS This Lease shall be subject and subordinate to: (i) the Declaration of Condominium; (ii) the Rules and Regulations of the Condominium (which are sometimes called House Rules); and (iii) the By-Laws of the Condominium. (The Declaration, The Rules and Regulations and the By-Laws of the Condominium and all amendments hereto, including any amendments subsequent to the date hereof, are collectively called the "Condominium Documents.") In the event of any inconsistency between the provisions of this Lease and the Condominium Documents, the Condominium Documents shall govern and be binding.

You and the Permitted Occupants of the Apartment shall faithfully observe and comply with the Condominium Documents, other than the Condominium Documents required to be performed by the Owner (which include the payment and common charges for the Apartment to the Condominium). You and the Permitted Occupants of the Apartment shall not undertake any action which, if performed by Owner, would constitute a violation of the Condominium Documents. You have reviewed the Condominium Documents or waived their examination.

5. SECURITY DEPOSIT You are required to give Owner the sum of \$4,650.00 when You sign this Lease as a security deposit, which is called in law a trust. Owner will deposit this security in _____, _____. This security account shall not bear interest.

If You carry out all the agreements in the Lease and if You move out of the Apartment and return it to Owner in the same condition it was when You first occupied it, except for ordinary wear and tear or damage caused by fire or other

casualty, Owner will return to You the full amount of Your security deposit and interest to which You are entitled within 60 days after this Lease ends. However, if You do not carry out all the agreements in this Lease, Owner may keep all or part of Your security deposit and any interest which has not yet been paid to You necessary to pay Owner for any losses incurred, including missed payments.

If Owner sells or Leases the building, Owner will turn over Your security, with interest, either to You or to the person buying or leasing (lessee) the building within 5 days after the sale or Lease. Owner will then notify You, by registered or certified mail, of the name and address of the person or company to whom the deposit has been turned over. In such case, Owner will have no further responsibility to You for the security deposit. The new Owner or lessee will become responsible to You for the security deposit.

6. **IF YOU ARE UNABLE TO MOVE IN** A situation could arise which might prevent Owner from letting You move into the Apartment on the beginning date set in this Lease. If this happens for reasons beyond Owner's reasonable control, including the failure to obtain a waiver of any first refusal right that the Condominium may have with respect to this Lease prior to the beginning date, Owner will not be responsible for Your damages or expenses, and this Lease will remain in effect. However, in such case, this Lease will start on the date when You can move in; the ending date of this Lease as specified in Article 2 will remain the same. You will not have to pay rent until the move-in date Owner gives You by written notice, or the date You move in, whichever is earlier. If Owner does not give You notice that the move-in date is within 30 days after the beginning date of the term of this Lease as stated in Article 2, this Lease shall be canceled and all prepaid rent and security deposit shall be promptly refunded to You.
7. **CAPTIONS** In any dispute under this Lease, in the event of a conflict between the text and a caption, the text controls.
8. **WARRANTY OF HABITABILITY**
 - A. All of the sections of this Lease are subject to the provisions of the Warranty of Habitability Law in the form it may have from time to time during this Lease. Nothing in this Lease can be interpreted to mean that You have given up any of Your rights under that law. Under that law, Owner agrees that the Apartment is for human habitation and that there will be no conditions which will be detrimental to life, health or safety.
 - B. You will do nothing to interfere or make more difficult the Condominium's efforts to provide You and all other occupants of the Condominium with the required facilities and services. Any condition caused by Your misconduct or the misconduct of anyone under Your direction or control shall not be a breach by Owner.
9. **CARE OF YOUR APARTMENT; END OF LEASE - MOVING OUT**
 - A. You will take good care of the Apartment and will not permit or do any damage to it, except for damage which occurs through ordinary wear and tear. You will move out on or before the ending date of this Lease and leave the Apartment in good order and in the same condition as it was when You first occupied it, except for ordinary wear and tear and damage caused by fire or other casualty through no fault of your own.
 - B. When this Lease ends, You must remove all of Your movable property. You must also remove, at Your own expense, any wall covering, bookcases, cabinets, mirrors, painted murals or any other installation or attachment You may have installed in the Apartment even if it was done with Owner's consent. If the Condominium imposes any "move-out" deposits or fees, You shall pay any such deposit or fee when requested by the Condominium. You must restore and repair to its original condition those portions of the Apartment affected by those installations and removals. You have not moved out until all persons, furniture and other property of Yours is also out of the Apartment. If Your property remains in the Apartment after the Lease ends, Owner may either treat You as still in occupancy and charge You for use, or may consider that You have given up the Apartment and any property remaining in the Apartment. In this event, Owner may either discard the property or store it at Your expense. You agree to pay Owner for all costs and expenses incurred in removing such property. The provisions of this article will continue to be in effect after the end of this Lease.
10. **CHANGES AND ALTERATIONS TO APARTMENT** You cannot build in, add to, change or alter, the Apartment in any way, including wallpapering, painting, repainting, or other decorating, without getting Owner's written consent, if required under the Condominium Documents, the Condominium. Without Owner's and/or the Condominium's prior written consent, You cannot install or use in the Apartment any of the following: dishwasher machines, clothes washing or drying machines, electric stoves, garbage disposal units, heating, ventilating or air conditioning units or any other electrical equipment which, in Owner's and/or the Condominium's reasonable opinion, will overload the existing wiring installation in the Condominium or interfere with the use of such electrical wiring facilities by other occupants of the Condominium. Also, You cannot place in the Apartment water-filled furniture.
11. **YOUR DUTY TO OBEY AND COMPLY WITH LAWS, REGULATIONS AND LEASE RULES**

- A. **GOVERNMENT LAWS AND ORDERS.** You will obey and comply (i) with all present and future city, state and federal laws and regulations which affect the Condominium or the Apartment, and (ii) with all orders and regulations of insurance rating organizations which affect the Apartment and the Condominium. You will not allow any windows in the Apartment to be cleaned from the outside, unless the prior written consent of the Condominium is obtained.
- B. **CONDOMINIUM'S RULES AFFECTING YOU.** You will obey all of the Condominium Documents other than the provisions of the Condominium Documents required to be performed by Owner.
- C. **YOUR RESPONSIBILITY.** You are responsible for the behavior of Yourself, the Permitted Occupants of the Apartment, Your servants and people who are visiting You. You will reimburse Owner as additional rent upon demand for the cost of all losses, damages, fines and reasonable legal expenses incurred by Owner because You, Permitted Occupants of the Apartment, servants or people visiting You have not obeyed government laws and orders, the Condominium Documents or this Lease.

12. OBJECTIONABLE CONDUCT You, the Permitted Occupants, servants or people visiting the Apartment will not engage in objectionable conduct. Objectionable conduct means behavior which makes or will make the Apartment or the Condominium less fit to live in for You or other occupants. It also means anything which interferes with the right of others to properly and peacefully enjoy their Apartments, or causes conditions that are dangerous, hazardous, unsanitary and detrimental to other tenants in the Condominium. Objectionable conduct by You gives Owner the right to end this Lease.

13. SERVICES AND FACILITIES

- A. **REQUIRED SERVICES.** The Condominium will provide cold and hot water and heat as required by law, repairs to the Apartment, as required by the Proprietary Lease, elevator service if the Condominium has elevator equipment, and the utilities, if any, included in the rent, as set forth in sub-paragraph B. You are not entitled to any rent reduction because of a stoppage or reduction of any of the above services unless it is provided by law.
- B. The following utilities are included in the rent: **Water**
- C. **ELECTRICITY AND OTHER UTILITIES.** If Condominium provides electricity or gas for a separate, submetered charge, Your obligations to the Condominium and/or Owner are described in a rider attached to this Lease. If electricity or gas is not included in the rent and is not charged separately by the Condominium and/or Owner, You must arrange for this service directly with the utility company. You may also pay directly for telephone service and cable television if the cost of any such service is not included in the rent.
- D. **APPLIANCES.** Appliances supplied by Owner in the Apartment are for Your use. They are in good working order on the date hereof and will be maintained and repaired or replaced by Owner, but if repairs or replacement are made necessary because of Your negligence or misuse, You will pay Owner or the cost of such repair or replacement as additional rent.
- E. **FACILITIES.** If the Condominium permits Owner to use any storeroom, storage bin, laundry or other facility located in the Condominium but outside the Apartment, and provided such use is transferable to You by Owner pursuant to the Condominium Documents, the use of any such facility will be furnished to You free of charge and at Your own risk. You will operate at Your own expense any coin-operated appliances located in any such facility.

14. INABILITY TO PROVIDE SERVICES Because of a strike, labor, trouble, national emergency, repairs, or any other cause beyond Owner and the Condominium's reasonable control, Owner may not be able to provide or may be delayed in providing any services or in making any repairs to the Apartment and/or Condominium. In any of these events, any rights You may have against Owner are only those rights which are allowed by laws in effect when the reduction in service occurs.

15. ENTRY TO APARTMENT During reasonable hours and with reasonable notice, except in emergencies, Owner, Owner's representatives and agents or employees of the Condominium may enter the Apartment for the following reasons:

- A. To erect, use and maintain pipes and conduits in and through the walls and ceilings of the Apartment; to inspect the Apartment and to make any necessary repairs or changes. Owner or the Condominium decides are necessary. Your rent will not be reduced because of any of this work, unless the common charges payable by Owner under the Proprietary Lease is reduced.
- B. To show the Apartment to persons who may wish to become Owners of lessees of the entire Condominium or may be interested in lending money to Owner;
- C. For two months before the end of the Lease, to show the Apartment to persons who wish to Lease it;
- D. If during the last month of the Lease You have moved out and removed all or almost all of Your property from the Apartment, Owner may enter to make changes, repairs, or redecorations. Your rent will not be reduced for that month and this will not be ended by Owner's entry.

- E. If, at any time, You are not personally present to permit Owner or Owner's representatives or the agents and employees of the Condominium, to enter the Apartment and entry is necessary or allowed by law, under the Condominium Documents or this Lease, Owner or Owner's representatives or agents and employees of the Condominium may nevertheless enter the Apartment. Owner, Owner's representatives or the agents and employees of the Condominium may enter by force in an emergency. Owner will not be responsible to You, unless during this entry. Owner or Owner's representative is negligent or misuses Your property.

16. ASSIGNING; SUBLETTING; ABANDONMENT

- A. Assigning and Subletting. You cannot assign this Lease or sublet the Apartment. You acknowledge that Owner may refuse any request made by You to assign this Lease or to sublet the Apartment for any reason or no reason.
- B. Abandonment. If You move out of the Apartment (abandonment) before the end of the Lease without the consent of the Owner, this Lease will not be ended. You will remain responsible for each monthly payment of rent as it becomes due until the end of this Lease. In case of abandonment, Your responsibility for rent will end only if Owner chooses to end this Lease for default as provided in Article 17.

17. DEFAULT

- A. You default under the Lease if You act in any of the following ways:
- i. You fail to carry out any agreement or provision of this Lease;
 - ii. You, a Permitted Occupant of the Apartment, servants or people visiting the Apartment, behave in an objectionable manner;
 - iii. You, a Permitted Occupant of the Apartment, servants or people visiting the Apartment violate any of the Condominium Documents.
 - iv. You do not take possession or move into the Apartment fifteen (15) days after the beginning of the Lease; or
 - v. You and the Permitted Occupants of the Apartment move out permanently before this Lease ends.
- If You do default in any one of these ways, other than a default in the agreement to pay rent, Owner may serve You with a written notice to stop or correct the specified default within ten (10) days. You must then either stop or correct the default within 10 days, or, if You need more than 10 days, You must begin to correct the default as soon as possible.
- B. If You do not stop or begin to correct a default within 10 days, Owner may give You a second written notice that this Lease will end six (6) days after the date the second written notice is sent to You. At the end of this 6-day period, this Lease will end, and You must move out of the Apartment. Even though this Lease ends, You will remain liable to Owner for unpaid rent up to the end of this Lease, the value of Your occupancy, if any, after the Lease ends, and damages caused to Owner after the time stated in Article 18.
- C. If You do not pay Your rent when this Lease requires after a personal demand for rent has been made, or within three (3) days after a statutory written demand for rent has been made, or if the Lease ends, Owner may do the following: (i) enter the Apartment and retake possession of it if You have moved out; or (ii) go to court and ask that You and all other occupants in the Apartment be compelled to move out.

Once this Lease has been ended, whether because of default or otherwise, You give up any right You might otherwise have to reinstate this Lease.

18. REMEDIES OF OWNER AND YOUR LIABILITY If this Lease is ended by Owner because of Your default, the following are the rights and obligations of You and Owner:

- A. You must pay Your rent until this Lease has ended. Thereafter, You must pay an equal amount for what the law calls "use and occupancy" until You actually move out.
- B. Once You are out, Owner may re-rent the Apartment or any portion of it for a period of time which may end before or after the ending date of this Lease. Owner may re-rent to a new tenant at a lesser rent or may charge a higher rent than the rent in this Lease.
- C. Whether the Apartment is re-rented or not, You must pay to Owner as damages:
- i. the difference between the rent in this Lease and the amount, if any, of the rents collected in any later Lease or Leases of the Apartment for what would have been the remaining period of this Lease; and
 - ii. Owner's expenses for advertisements, broker's fees and the cost of putting the Apartment in good condition for re-rental; and
 - iii. Owner's expenses and attorney's fees.
- D. You shall pay all damages due in monthly installments on the rent day established in this Lease. Any legal action brought to one or more monthly installments of damages shall not prejudice in any way Owner's right to collect the damages for a later month by a similar action if the rent collected by Owner from a subsequent tenant of the Apartment is more than the unpaid rent and damages which You owe Owner, You cannot receive the difference. Owner's failure to re-rent to another tenant will not re-lease or change Your liability for damages, unless the failure

is due to Owner's deliberate inaction.

- 19. ADDITIONAL OWNER REMEDIES** If You do not do everything You have agreed to do, or if You do anything that shows You intend not to do what You have agreed to do, Owner has the right to ask a Court to make You carry out Your agreement or to give the Owner such other relief as the court can provide. This is in addition to the remedies in Article 17 and 18 of this Lease.

20. FEES AND EXPENSES

- A.** You must reimburse Owner for any of the following fees and expenses incurred by Owner:
- i.** Making any repairs to the Apartment or Condominium which result from the misuse or negligence by You, Permitted Occupants of the Apartment, persons who visit the Apartment or work for You;
 - ii.** Correcting any violations of city, state or federal laws or orders and regulations of insurance rating organizations concerning the Apartment or the Condominium which You, the Permitted Occupants of the Apartment, persons who visit the Apartment or work for You have caused;
 - iii.** Preparing the Apartment for the next tenant if You move out of Your Apartment before the Lease ending date;
 - iv.** Any legal fees and disbursements for legal actions or proceedings brought by Owner against You because of a Lease default by You or for defending lawsuits against the Owner because of the actions of You, the Permitted Occupants of the Apartment, persons who visit the Apartment or work for You;
 - v.** Removing all of Your property after this Lease is ended;
 - vi.** All other fees and expenses incurred by Owner because of the failure to obey any other provisions and agreements of this Lease or the Condominium Documents by You, the Permitted Occupants of the Apartment, persons who visit the Apartment or work for You.

These fees and expenses shall be paid by You to Owner as additional rent within thirty (30) days after You receive Owner's bill or statement. If this Lease has ended when these fees and expenses are incurred, You will still be liable to Owner or the same amount as damages.

- B.** Owner agrees that unless sub-paragraph (iv) of this subparagraph 20 A has been stricken out of this Lease You have the right to collect reasonable legal fees and expenses incurred in a successful defense by You of a lawsuit brought by Owner against You or brought by You against Owner to the extent provided by Real Property Law Section 234.
- C.** You shall pay the Condominium on demand for the cost of any miscellaneous charges payable to the Condominium for services You requested that are not required to be furnished You under this Lease.

- 21. PROPERTY LOSS, DAMAGES OR INCONVENIENCE** Unless caused by the negligence or misconduct of Owner or Owner's agents or employees, Owner or Owner's agents and employees are not responsible to You for any of the following: (i) any loss or damage to You or Your property in the Apartment or the Condominium due to any accidental or intentional cause, even a theft or another crime committed in the Apartment or elsewhere in the Condominium; (ii) any loss or damage to Your property delivered to any agent or employee of the Condominium (e.g., doorman, superintendent, etc.); or (iii) any damage or inconvenience caused to You by actions, negligence or violations of lease or the Condominium Documents made by any other tenant or person in the Condominium except to the extent required by law.

Owner will not be liable for any temporary interference with light, ventilation, or view caused by construction by or on behalf of the Condominium. Owner will not be liable for any such interference on a permanent basis caused by construction on any parcel of land not owned by Owner or Condominium. Also, Owner will not be liable to You for such interference caused by the permanent closing, darkening or blocking up of windows, if such action is required by law. None of the foregoing events will cause a suspension or reduction of the rent or allow You to cancel the Lease.

22. FIRE OR CASUALTY

- A.** If the Apartment becomes unusable, in part or totally, because of fire, accident or other casualty, this Lease will continue unless ended by Owner under subparagraph C below or by You under subparagraph D below. However the rent will be reduced immediately. This reduction will be based upon the square footage of the part of the Apartment which is unusable.
- B.** Owner and/or the Condominium will repair and restore the Apartment, unless Owner decides to take actions described in subparagraph C below.
- C.** After a fire, accident or other casualty in the Building, the Condominium may decide to tear down the Condominium building or to substantially rebuild it. In such case, Owner need not restore the Apartment but may end this Lease. Owner may do this even if the Apartment has not been damaged, by giving You written notice of this decision within 30 days after the date when the damage occurred. If the Apartment is usable when Owner gives You such notice, this Lease will end 60 days from the last day of the calendar month in which You were given the notice.
- D.** If the Apartment is completely unusable because of fire, accident or other casualty and it is not repaired in 30 days,

You may give Owner written notice that You end the Lease, If You give that notice, this Lease is considered ended on the day that the fire, accident or casualty occurred. Owner will refund Your security deposit and the pro-rate portion of rents paid for the month in which the casualty happened.

- E. Unless prohibited by the applicable policies, to the extent that such insurance is collected, You and Owner release and waive all right of recovery against the other or anyone claiming through or under each by way of subrogation.
- F. You acknowledge that if fire, accident, or other casualty causes damage to any of Your personal property in the Apartment, including, but not limited to Your furniture and clothes, neither the Owner nor the Condominium will be responsible to You for the repair or replacement of any such damaged personal property unless such damage was a result of the Owner's or Condominium's negligence.

23. PUBLIC TAKING The entire Condominium or a part of it can be acquired (condemned) by any government or government agency for a public or quasi-public use or purpose. If this happens, this Lease shall end on the date the government or agency take title. You shall have no claim against Owner for any damage resulting; You also agree that by signing this Lease, You assign to Owner any claim against the Government or Government agency for the value of the unexpired portion of this Lease,

24. SUBORDINATION CERTIFICATE AND ACKNOWLEDGMENTS All mortgages of the Apartment now in effect or made after this Lease is signed, and any lien created by the Condominium Documents, come ahead of this Lease. In other words, this Lease is "subject and subordinate to" any lease created by the Condominium Documents and existing or future mortgages on the Apartment, including any renewals, consolidations, modifications and replacements of these leases or mortgages. If certain provisions of any such mortgage or the Condominium Documents come into effect, the holder of any such mortgage or the Condominium can end this Lease and such parties may commence legal action to evict You from the Apartment. If this happens, You acknowledge that You have no claim against Owner, the Condominium or such mortgage holder. If Owner requests, You will sign promptly an acknowledgment of the "subordination" in the form that Owner may require.

You also agree to sign (if accurate) a written acknowledgment to any third party designated by Owner that this Lease is in effect, that Owner is performing Owner's obligations under this Lease and that You have no present claim against Owner.

25. YOUR RIGHT TO LIVE IN AND USE THE APARTMENT Provided that the Condominium waives any right of first refusal it may have with respect to this Lease, Your tenancy cannot be cut off before the ending date, except as provided for in Articles 22, 23 and 24.

26. BILLS AND NOTICE

- A. Notices to You. Any notice from Owner or Owner's agent or attorney will be considered property given to You if it (i) is in writing; (ii) is signed by or in the name of Owner or Owner's agent; and (iii) is addressed to You at the Apartment and delivered to You personally or sent by registered or certified mail to You at the Apartment. The date of service of any written notice by Owner to You under this agreement is the date of delivery or mailing of such notice.
- B. Notices to Owner. If You wish to give a notice to Owner, You must write it and deliver it or send it by registered or certified mail to Owner at the address noted on page 1 of this Lease or at another address of which Owner or Agent has given You written notice.

27. GIVING UP RIGHT TO TRIAL BY JURY AND COUNTERCLAIM

- A. Both You and Owner agree to give up the right to a trial by jury in a court action, proceeding or counterclaim on any matters concerning this Lease, the relationship of You and Owner as Tenant and Landlord or Your use or occupancy of the Apartment. This agreement to give up the right to a jury trial does not include claims for personal injury or property damage.
- B. If Owner begins any court action or proceeding against You which asks that You be compelled to move out, You cannot make a counterclaim unless You are claiming that Owner has not done what Owner is supposed to do about the condition of the Apartment or the Condominium.

28. NO WAIVER OF LEASE PROVISIONS

- A. Even if Owner accepts Your rents or fails once or more often to take action against You when You have not done what You have agreed to do in this Lease, the failure of Owner to take action or Owner's acceptance of rent does not prevent Owner from taking action at a later date if You again do not do what You have agreed to do.
- B. Only a written agreement between You and Owner can waive any violation of this Lease.
- C. If You pay and Owner accepts an amount less than all the rent due, the amount received shall be considered to be in payment of all or a part of the earliest rent due. It will not be considered an agreement by Owner to accept this lesser

amount in full satisfaction of all of the rent due unless there is a written agreement between You and Owner.

- D. Any agreement to end this Lease and also to end the rights and obligations of You and Owner must be in writing, signed by You and Owner or Owner's agent. Even if You give keys to the Apartment and they are accepted by either any employee or agent of the Condominium, Owner's representative or Owner, this Lease is not ended.
- E. This Lease, or any provisions hereof, may not be modified, amended, extended, waived or abrogated without the prior written consent of the Condominium.

29. CONDITION OF THE APARTMENT When You signed this Lease, You did not rely on anything said by Owner, Owner's agent or Condominium's employees, agents or superintendent about the physical condition of the Apartment, the Condominium or the land on which it is built. You did not rely on any promises as to what would be done, unless what was said or promised is written in this Lease and signed by both You and Owner or found in Owner's floor plans or brochure shown to You before You signed the Lease. Before signing this Lease, You have inspected the Apartment and You accept it in its present condition "as is," except for any condition which You could not reasonably have seen during Your inspection. You agree that Owner has not promised to do any work in the Apartment except as specified in a rider attached to this Lease.

30. DEFINITIONS

- A. Owner: The term "Owner" means the person or organization receiving or entitled to receive rent from You for the Apartment at any particular time other than a rent collector or managing agent of Owner. "Owner" is the person or organization that owns the shares of stock of the Condominium appurtenant to the Apartment. It does not include a former Owner, even if the former Owner signed this Lease.
- B. You: The term "You" means the person or persons signing this Lease as lessee and the successors and assigns of the signer. This Lease has established a lessor-lessee relationship between Owner and You.

31. SUCCESSOR INTERESTS The agreements in this Lease shall be binding on Owner and You and on those who succeed to the interest of Owner or You by law, by approved assignment or by transfer.

32. INSURANCE You may obtain liability insurance insuring You, the Permitted Occupants of the Apartment, Your servants and people visiting the Apartment, and personal property insurance insuring Your furniture and furnishings and other items of personal property located in the Apartment. You may not maintain any insurance with respect to any furniture or furnishings belonging to Owner that are located in the Apartment. You acknowledge that Owner may not be required to maintain any insurance with respect to Apartment.

33. WAIVER OF CONDOMINIUM'S FIRST REFUSAL RIGHT You shall furnish to the Condominium or its managing agent, within 5 business days after the date of this Lease, such personal and financial references and additional information concerning You and the Permitted Occupants of the Apartment as may be requested in order to obtain the waiver of the Condominium's first right of refusal with respect to this Lease, including the submission of any application requested by the Apartment Corporation.

You acknowledge that this Lease will not commence and that You and the Permitted Occupants shall have no right to occupy the Apartment until the waiver of the Condominium's first right of refusal with respect to this Lease is obtained. If such waiver has not been obtained by the date specified in Article 2 as the beginning date of this Lease, You shall have no obligation to pay rent until such consent has been obtained. All rent prepaid for the period You are unable to occupy the Apartment because of the failure to obtain such waiver shall be applied by Owner to subsequent rent payable hereunder. If such waiver is not obtained within thirty (30) days after the date specified in Article 2 as the beginning date of this Lease, this Lease shall be canceled and all prepaid rent and security deposit shall be promptly returned to You.

34. FURNITURE ~~This Apartment is being subleased as fully furnished; a rider attached to this Lease lists all furniture contained in the Apartment. You should accept the furniture and furnishings contained in the Apartment "as is" on the commencement date of this Lease. Owner represents that all such furniture and furnishings are in good repair and in working order on the commencement date of this Lease except as may be noted in such rider.~~

~~You shall take good care of the furniture and furnishings in the Apartment during the pendency of this Lease and shall be liable for any damages caused by You to such furniture and furnishings. You shall not be responsible for any damages to such furniture and furnishings not caused by You or caused by ordinary wear and tear. You shall surrender such furniture and furnishings when this Lease terminates in the same condition as on the date this Lease commenced, subject to ordinary wear and tear. If any repairs are required to the furniture or furnishings in the Apartment when the Lease terminates, You shall pay Owner upon determined cost of any required repairs.~~

~~You may not remove any furniture or furnishings from the Apartment or change the location of any such furniture or~~

furnishings during the pendency of this Lease without the Owner's prior written consent.

35. BROKER

- A. You represent to Owner that You have not dealt with any real estate broker(s) in connection with the leasing of the Apartment other than **MNS Real Estate**, and that _____ is your real estate broker in connection with the leasing of the Apartment. You will compensate such broker(s) in accordance with a separate agreement. You shall indemnify and hold Owner harmless from any and all loss incurred by Owner as a result of a breach of the foregoing representations.
- B. You represent to Owner that You have not dealt with any real estate broker(s) in connection with the leasing of the Apartment. You shall indemnify and hold Owner harmless from any and all loss incurred by Owner as a result of a breach of the foregoing representations.

36. ~~YOUR OPTION TO RENEW~~

- A. ~~You shall have the right to extend the term of this Lease for _____ commencing _____ and ending on _____, (the "Extension Term") provided: (i) you give Owner notice (the "Extension Notice"), in the manner required under this Lease, of your election to extend the term of this Lease; (ii) the Election Notice must be given Owner at least _____ days prior to the ending date of this Lease stated in Article 2; and (iii) You may not be in default of any of the provisions of the Lease when the Extension Notice is given and on the commencement date of the Extension Term. If you fail to send the Extension Notice to Owner by the date specified herein, this Article 36 shall be of no further force and effect.~~
- B. ~~The monthly rent payable by You during the Extension Term shall be \$ _____.~~
- C. ~~All provisions of this Lease, except as modified by this Article 36, shall remain in full force and effect during the Extension Term.~~

37. ~~LEAD PAINT DISCLOSURE~~ Simultaneously with the execution of the Lease, You and Owner shall sign and complete the disclosure of information on lead-based paint and/or lead-based paint hazards annexed as a rider attached to this Lease. You acknowledge receipt of the pamphlet, "Protect Your Family From Lead in Your Home" prepared by the United States Environmental Protection Administration.

38. PETS

- A. You may not keep any pets in the Apartment.
- B. If authorized by the Condominium Documents, You may keep pets in the requirement provided (i) You obtain the prior written consent of Owner, (ii) You comply with the Condominium Documents with respect to the keeping of pets in the Condominium.

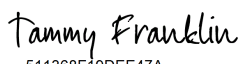
39. KEYS Owner shall retain keys to all locks of the Apartment. If You make any changes to any such lock, You must deliver keys to Owner, and to the Condominium or its managing agent. At the end of this Lease, You must deliver to Owner all keys to the Apartment. If You fail to return any keys, You shall pay Owner the cost of replacing any such keys.

40. WINDOW GUARDS You shall complete and deliver to the Condominium, when requested, a notice with respect to the installation of window guards in the Apartment in the form required by the City of New York. You acknowledge that it is a violation of law to refuse, interfere with installation, or remove window guards where required.

41. OWNER'S DEFAULT TO CONDOMINIUM If: (i) Owner defaults in the payment to the Condominium of common charges or other assessments payable to the Condominium with respect to the Apartment; (ii) the Condominium notifies You of such default; and (iii) the Condominium instructs You to pay the rent under this Lease to the Condominium, then You shall pay all future installments of rent payable under this Lease to the Condominium until such time as the Condominium advises that the Owner's default has been cured. Owner acknowledges that if You pay any installment of rent payable under this Lease to the Condominium as herein provided, You have satisfied Your obligation to pay any such installment of rent to Owner. Nothing contained in this Article shall suspend Your obligation to pay rent under this Lease.

42. BINDING EFFECT It is expressly understood and agreed that this Lease shall not constitute an offer or create any rights in Your favor, and shall in no way obligate or be binding upon Owner, and this Lease shall have no force or effect until this Lease is duly executed by You and Owner and a fully executed copy of this Lease is delivered to both You and Owner.

TO CONFIRM OUR AGREEMENT, OWNER AND YOU RESPECTIVELY SIGN THIS LEASE AS OF THE DAY AND YEAR FIRST WRITTEN ON PAGE 1.

DocuSigned by:
 12/14/2022
641368F49DEE47A...

Tammy Franklin (Resident) Date (Witness) Date

(Owner/Agent) Date

GUARANTY

The undersigned Guarantor guarantees to Owner the strict performance of and observance by Tenants of all the agreements, provisions and rules in the attached Lease. Guarantor agrees to waive all notices when Tenant is not paying rent or not observing and complying with all the provisions of the attached Lease. Guarantor agrees to be equally liable with Tenant so that Owner may sue the Guarantor directly without first suing Tenant. The Guarantor further agrees that his guaranty shall remain in full effect even if the Lease is renewed, changed or extended in any way and even if Owner has to make a claim against Guarantor. Owner and Guanartor agree to waive trial by jury in any action, proceeding or counterclaim brought against the other on any matters concerning the attached Lease or Guaranty.

Dated _____, New York City

(Witness) Date (Guarantor) Date

(Address)

AMENITIES AGREEMENT

Name: Tammy Franklin	
Address: 107-06 QUEENS BLVD #5G, Queens, NY 11375	Telephone:

Execution of this Agreement by the undersigned tenant (referred to herein as the "Licensee"), shall entitle the Licensee to the use of the premises known as BLVD amenities, including the _____ (together, the "Amenities") located at 107-06 QUEENS BLVD, in the City and State of New York, subject to compliance by the Licensee with all of the terms and conditions of this Agreement.

In consideration of the privileges granted herein, the Licensee hereby agrees as follows:

1. Use of the Amenities shall be on a first come, first served basis. The Landlord (referred to herein as the "Licensor" and as the "Landlord") does not guaranty availability of the Amenities to all licensees at all times, and the use of the Amenities may be limited or restricted in the sole discretion of the Licensor, and may, under all circumstances, be utilized only by licensees who are tenants of record in the subject building.
2. Guests shall only be allowed onto Lounge, Childrens Playroom, Roofdeck if accompanied at all times by a tenant. Tenant may bring up to 2 guests guests maximum at a time. No guests are permitted to use Fitness Center. Tenants shall have a priority for the use of the other Amenities.
3. Licensee agrees and understands that the _____ are smoke-free (i.e. smoking is not permitted) and food and beverage use is subject to the Rules that are and/or will be posted. No use of electrical appliances is permitted, and no music may be played or produced.
4. The Amenities may never be utilized for more than _____ at a time.
5. Licensee understands and acknowledges that in the event the Licensee fails to leave the Amenity areas clean, or cause any damage to such areas, the Licensee shall be responsible for the cost of any and all necessary repairs and/or restorations, and for the cost of cleaning the area at the rate of \$0.00 per hour.
6. The Licensor reserves the right to close all or part of the roof deck at any time, and/or to interrupt or discontinue the Amenities. There is no obligation on the part of the Landlord to continue to provide the Amenities. Landlord has the right to charge an amenity fee at any time.
7. The Licensee shall comply with all rules, regulations and directives posted by the Licensor in the Amenity areas, which rules, regulations and directives may be changed from time to time by Licensor in its sole discretion. The Licensee shall ensure compliance with such rules, regulations and directives by all of Licensee's guests. Failure to abide by any rules, regulations and directives may result in ejection from the Amenity areas and/or suspension or termination of this License in the sole and absolute discretion of the Licensor.
8. The Licensor, its affiliates, agents and employees shall not be liable for loss, theft or damage to the property of Licensee or Licensee's guests. The Licensee shall be required to pay or reimburse any claim, cost, liability, fee, expense and/or attorney's fees arising from the Licensee's or Licensee's guests' negligence or misconduct, including expenses related to replacement or repair of personal property, equipment or machinery located in or about the building and/or the gym and/or roof deck.
9. Prior to Licensee's use of the Amenities, Licensor has advised Licensee to obtain insurance for their own protection. Use of the Amenities is at the Licensee's risk, and Licensor assumes no responsibility or risk of loss for loss or damage to Licensee's property or bodily injury or harm to Licensee.
10. To the fullest extent permitted by law, Licensee shall indemnify, defend, and hold harmless the Owner, the Managing agent, the Licensor, and their agents and employees from and against all claims, damages losses and expenses, including attorney's fees, arising out of or resulting from use of the Amenities, attributed to bodily injury, sickness, disease or death or to injury to or destruction of tangible property including the loss of use resulting therefrom, or which is caused in whole or in part by any negligent act or omission of the Licensee and/or their guest(s) or anyone else.

11. Licensee assumes the liability for the use of the Amenities. Licensee expressly waives and releases Landlord from all claims against Landlord and agrees to hold Landlord harmless for any loss resulting from the use of the roof deck and/or gym, regardless of the cause. Landlord shall not be liable for any injury or damage to persons or property, or damages caused by other Licensees or persons in the Building, arising from the use of the Amenities.
12. Licensee covenants and agrees, at its sole cost and expense, to the fullest extent permitted by law, to indemnify, defend and hold Landlord, its partners, directors, officers, members, managers, employees, servants, representatives and agents harmless against any and all claims or loss (including attorney's fees, witnesses' fees and all courts costs), damages, expense and liability (including statutory liability) by or on behalf of any person, firm or corporation, resulting from, arising out of or in connection with the use of the Amenities, including, without limitation: (a) the conduct or management the premises by Licensee (or any person holding or claiming through or under Licensee) or anyone else; (b) the condition of the premises, or any use, nonuse, possession, management or maintenance of the premises; (c) any breach or default on the part of Licensee in the performance of any of Licensee's covenants or obligations under this Agreement; (d) any act, negligence or default or error or omission or breach of contract by or of Licensee, or any of its agents, servants, employees, contractors, invitees or licensees or of any person holding or claiming through or under Licensee; and (e) any accident, injury or damage whatsoever caused to any person, firm or corporation occurring as the result of any work or thing whatsoever done by Licensee (or person holding or claiming through or under Licensee) in or about the premises. Further, Licensee agrees to indemnify and hold Landlord harmless against and from all costs, counsel fees, expenses and liabilities incurred in or about any such claim or any action or proceeding brought thereon, and in case any action or proceeding shall be brought against Landlord by reason of any such claim, Licensee, upon notice from Landlord, agrees to resist and defend such action at Licensee's sole cost and expense.
13. The foregoing indemnity shall include claims or losses or damages arising out of any negligent or wrongful act, error or omission, in connection with the use of the Amenities by the Licensee, and shall also include injury or death of any guest of the Licensee. Licensee's liability under this indemnification is not limited to the limits of insurance.
14. Licensee shall be responsible for the loss or damage to TV remote controls, Billiards equipment, Barbecue equipment, or any other equipment provided to Licensee for Licensee's use of the Amenities, and shall comply with all rules, regulations and directives that may be posted from time to time relating thereto.

DocuSigned by:

Tammy Franklin

511368F19DEE47A...

12/14/2022

Tammy Franklin (Tenant)

Date

FIRE SAFETY PLAN PART I - BUILDING INFORMATION SECTION

BUILDING: BLVD

ADDRESS: 107-06_QUEENS_BLVD,_Queens,_NY_11375

BUILDING_OWNER/REPRESENTATIVE:

Name: _____

Address: _____

Telephone: _____

BUILDING INFORMATION:

Year of Construction: _____

Type of Construction: ☐ Combustible ☐ Non-Combustible

Number of Floors: _____

Sprinkler System: ☐ Yes ☐ No

Description: _____

Fire Alarm: ☐ Yes ☐ No

Manual Pull Stations: _____

Public Address System: ☐ Yes ☐ No

Location of Speakers: _____

Means of Egress: _____

Other Information:

Date Prepared: _____

FIRE SAFETY PLAN

PART II - FIRE EMERGENCY INFORMATION

BUILDING: BLVD

ADDRESS: 107-06 QUEENS BLVD #5G, Queens, NY 11375

THIS FIRE SAFETY PLAN IS INTENDED TO HELP YOU AND THE MEMBERS OF YOUR HOUSEHOLD PROTECT YOURSELVES IN THE EVENT OF FIRE. THIS FIRE SAFETY PLAN CONTAINS:

- Basic fire prevention and fire preparedness measures that will reduce the risk of fire and maximize your safety in the event of a fire.
- Basic information about your building, including the type of construction, the different ways of exiting the building, and the types of fire safety systems it may have.
- Emergency fire safety and evacuation instructions in the event of fire in your building.

PLEASE TAKE THE TIME TO READ THIS FIRE SAFETY PLAN AND TO DISCUSS IT WITH THE MEMBERS OF YOUR HOUSEHOLD. FIRE PREVENTION, PREPAREDNESS, AND AWARENESS CAN SAVE YOUR LIFE!

IN THE EVENT OF A FIRE,

CALL 911

OR THE FIRE DEPARTMENT DISPATCHER, AT

Manhattan	(212) 999-2222
Bronx	(718) 999-3333
Brooklyn	(718) 999-4444
Queens	(718) 999-5555
Staten Island	(718) 999-6666

OR TRANSMIT AN ALARM FROM THE NEAREST FIRE ALARM BOX

BASIC FIRE PREVENTION AND FIRE PREPAREDNESS MEASURES

These are fire safety tips that everybody should follow:

1. Every apartment should be equipped with at least one smoke detector. Check them periodically to make sure they work. Most smoke detectors can be tested by pressing the test button. Replace the batteries in the spring and fall when you move your clocks forward or back an hour, and whenever a smoke detector chirps to signal that its battery is low. The smoke detector should be replaced on a regular basis in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendation, but at least once every ten years.
2. Carelessly handled or discarded cigarettes are the leading cause of fire deaths. Never smoke in bed or when you are drowsy, and be especially careful when smoking on a sofa. Be sure that you completely extinguish every cigarette in an ashtray that is deep and won't tip over. Never leave a lit or smoldering cigarette on furniture.
3. Matches and lighters can be deadly in the hands of children. Store them out of reach of children and teach them about the danger of fire.
4. Do not leave cooking unattended. Keep stove tops clean and free of items that can catch on fire. Before you go to bed, check your kitchen to ensure that your oven is off and any coffeepot or teapot is unplugged.
5. Never overload electrical outlets. Replace any electrical cord that is cracked or frayed. Never run extension cords under rugs. Use only power strips with circuit-breakers.
6. Keep all doorways and windows leading to fire escapes free of obstructions, and report to the owner any obstructions or accumulations of rubbish in the hallways, stairwells, fire escapes or other means of egress.
7. Install window gates only if it is absolutely necessary for security reasons. Install only approved window

gates. Do not install window gates with key locks. A delay in finding or using the key could cost lives. Maintain the window gate's opening device so it operates smoothly. Familiarize yourself and the members of your household with the operation of the window gate.

8. Familiarize yourself and members of your household with the location of all stairwells, fire escapes and other means of egress.
9. With the members of your household, prepare an emergency escape route to use in the event of a fire in the building. Choose a meeting place a safe distance from your building where you should all meet in case you get separated during a fire.
10. Exercise care in the use and placement of fresh cut decorative greens, such as Christmas trees and holiday wreaths. If possible, keep them planted or in water. Do not place them in public hallways or where they might block egress from your apartment if they catch on fire. Keep them away from any flame, including fireplaces. Do not keep for extended period of time; as they dry, decorative greens become easily combustible.

BUILDING INFORMATION

Building Construction

In a fire emergency, the decision to leave or to stay in your apartment will depend in part on the type of building you are in.

Residential buildings built before 1968 are generally classified either as "fireproof" or "non-fireproof." Residential buildings built in or after 1968 are generally classified either as "combustible" or "non-combustible". The type of building construction generally depends on the size and height of the building.

A "non-combustible" or "fireproof" building is a building whose structural components (the supporting elements of the building, such as steel or reinforced concrete beams and floors) are constructed of materials that do not burn or are resistant to fire and therefore will not contribute to the spread of the fire. In such buildings, fires are more likely to be contained in the apartment or space in which they start and less likely to spread inside the building walls to other apartments and floors. **THIS DOES NOT MEAN THAT THE BUILDING IS IMMUNE TO FIRE.** While the structural components of the building may not catch fire, all of the contents of the building (including furniture, carpeting, wood floors, decorations and personal belongings) may catch on fire and generate flame, heat and large amounts of smoke, which can travel throughout the building, especially if apartment or stairwell doors are left open.

A "combustible" or "non-fireproof" building has structural components (such as wood) that will burn if exposed to fire and can contribute to the spread of the fire. In such buildings, the fire can spread inside the building walls to other apartments and floors, in addition to the flame, heat and smoke that can be generated by the burning of the contents of the building.

Be sure to check Part I (Building Information Section) of this fire safety plan to see what type of building you are in.

Means of Egress

All residential buildings have at least one means of egress (way of exiting the building), and most have at least two. There are several different types of egress:

Interior Stairs: All buildings have stairs leading to the street level. These stairs may be enclosed or unenclosed. Unenclosed stairwells (stairs that are not separated from the hallways by walls and doors) do not prevent the spread of flame, heat and smoke. Since flame, heat and smoke generally rise, unenclosed stairwells may not ensure safe egress in the event of a fire on a lower floor. Enclosed stairs are more likely to permit safe egress from the building, if the doors are kept closed. It is important to get familiar with the means of egress available in your building.

Exterior Stairs: Some buildings provide access to the apartments by means of stairs and corridors that are outdoors. The fact that they are outdoors and do not trap heat and smoke enhances their safety in the event of a fire, provided that they are not obstructed.

Fire Tower Stairs: These are generally enclosed stairwells in a "tower" separated from the building by air shafts open to the outside. The open air shafts allow heat and smoke to escape from the building.

Fire Escapes: Many older buildings are equipped with a fire escape on the outside of the building, which is accessed through a window or balcony. Fire escapes are considered a "secondary" or alternative means of egress, and are to be used if the primary means of egress (stairwells) cannot be safely used to exit the building because they are obstructed by flame, heat or smoke.

Exits: Most buildings have more than one exit. In addition to the main entrance to the building, there may be separate side exits, rear exits, basement exits, roof exits and exits to the street from stairwells. Some of these exits may have alarms. Not all of these exits may lead to the street. Roof exits may or may not allow access to adjoining buildings.

Be sure to review Part I (Building Information Section) of this fire safety plan and familiarize yourself with the different means of egress from your building.

Fire Sprinkler Systems

A fire sprinkler system is a system of pipes and sprinkler heads that when triggered by the heat of a fire automatically discharges water that extinguishes the fire. The sprinkler system will continue to discharge water until it is turned off. When a sprinkler system activates, an alarm is sounded.

Sprinkler systems are very effective at preventing fire from spreading beyond the room in which it starts. However, the fire may still generate smoke, which can travel throughout the building.

Residential buildings are generally not required to have fire sprinkler systems. Some residential buildings are equipped with sprinkler systems, but only in compactor chutes and rooms or boiler rooms. All apartment buildings constructed or substantially renovated after March 1999 will be required by law to be equipped with fire sprinkler systems throughout the building.

Be sure to review Part I (Building Information Section) of this fire safety plan to learn whether your building is equipped with fire sprinkler systems.

Interior Fire Alarm Systems

Although generally not required, some residential buildings are equipped with interior fire alarm systems that are designed to warn building occupants of a fire in the building. Interior fire alarm systems generally consist of a panel located in a lobby or basement, with manual pull stations located near the main entrance and by each stairwell door. Interior fire alarm systems are usually manually-activated (must be pulled by hand) and do not automatically transmit a signal to the Fire Department, so a telephone call must still be made to 911 or the Fire Department dispatcher. Do not assume that the Fire Department has been notified because you hear a fire alarm or smoke detector sounding in the building.

Be sure to review Part I (Building Information Section) of this fire safety plan to learn whether your building is equipped with an interior fire alarm system and whether the alarm is transmitted to the Fire Department, and familiarize yourself with the location of the manual pull stations and how to activate them in the event of a fire.

Public Address Systems

Although generally not required, some residential buildings are equipped with public address systems that enable voice communications from a central location, usually in the building lobby. Public address systems are different from building intercoms, and usually consist of loudspeakers in building hallways and/or stairwells.

Be sure to review Part I (Building Information Section) of this fire safety plan to learn whether your building is equipped with a public address system.

EMERGENCY FIRE SAFETY AND EVACUATION INSTRUCTIONS

IN THE EVENT OF A FIRE, FOLLOW THE DIRECTIONS OF FIRE DEPARTMENT PERSONNEL. HOWEVER, THERE MAY BE EMERGENCY SITUATIONS IN WHICH YOU MAY BE REQUIRED TO DECIDE ON A COURSE OF ACTION TO PROTECT YOURSELF AND THE OTHER MEMBERS OF YOUR HOUSEHOLD.

THIS FIRE SAFETY PLAN IS INTENDED TO ASSIST YOU IN SELECTING THE SAFEST COURSE OF ACTION IN SUCH AN EMERGENCY. PLEASE NOTE THAT NO FIRE SAFETY PLAN CAN ACCOUNT FOR ALL OF THE POSSIBLE FACTORS AND CHANGING CONDITIONS; YOU WILL HAVE TO DECIDE FOR YOURSELF WHAT IS THE SAFEST COURSE OF ACTION UNDER THE CIRCUMSTANCES.

General Emergency Fire Safety Instructions

1. Stay calm. Do not panic. Notify the Fire Department as soon as possible. Firefighters will be on the scene of a fire within minutes of receiving an alarm.
2. Because flame, heat and smoke rise, generally a fire on a floor below your apartment presents a greater risk to your safety than a fire on a floor above your apartment.
3. Do not overestimate your ability to put out a fire. Most fires cannot be easily or safely extinguished. Do not attempt to put the fire out once it begins to quickly spread. If you attempt to put a fire out, make sure you have a clear path of retreat from the room.
4. If you decide to exit the building during a fire, close all doors as you exit to confine the fire never use the elevator. It could stop between floors or take you to where the fire is.
5. Heat, smoke and gases emitted by burning materials can quickly choke you. If you are caught in a heavy smoke condition, get down on the floor and crawl. Take short breaths, breathing through your nose.
6. If your clothes catch fire, don't run. Stop where you are, drop to the ground, cover your face with your hands to protect your face and lungs and roll over to smother the flames.

Evacuation Instructions If The Fire Is In Your Apartment

(All Types of Building Construction)

1. Close the door to the room where the fire is, and leave the apartment.
2. Make sure EVERYONE leaves the apartment with you.
3. Take your keys.
4. Close, but do not lock, the apartment door.
5. Alert people on your floor by knocking on their doors on your way to the exit.
6. Use the nearest stairwell to exit the building.
7. DO NOT USE THE ELEVATOR.
8. Call 911 once you reach a safe location. Do not assume the fire has been reported unless firefighters are on the scene.
9. Meet the members of your household at a predetermined location outside the building. Notify responding firefighters if anyone is unaccounted for.

Evacuation Instructions if The Fire Is Not In Your Apartment

"NON-COMBUSTIBLE" OR "FIREPROOF" BUILDINGS:

1. Stay inside your apartment and listen for instructions from firefighters unless conditions become dangerous.
2. If you must exit your apartment, first feel the apartment door and doorknob for heat. If they are not hot, open the door slightly and check the hallway for smoke, heat or fire.
3. If you can safely exit your apartment, follow the instructions above for a fire in your apartment.
4. If you cannot safely exit your apartment or building, call 911 and tell them your address, floor, apartment number and the number of people in your apartment.
5. Seal the doors to your apartment with wet towels or sheets, and seal air ducts or other openings where smoke may enter.
6. Open windows a few inches at top and bottom unless flames and smoke are coming from below. Do not break any windows.
7. If conditions in the apartment appear life-threatening, open a window and wave a towel or sheet to attract the attention of firefighters.
8. If smoke conditions worsen before help arrives, get down on the floor and take short breaths through your nose. If possible, retreat to a balcony or terrace away from the source of the smoke, heat or fire.

"COMBUSTIBLE" OR "NON-FIREPROOF" BUILDINGS:

1. Feel your apartment door and doorknob for heat. If they are not hot, open the door slightly and check the hallway for smoke, heat or fire.
2. Exit your apartment and building if you can safely do so, following the instructions above for a fire in your apartment.
3. If the hallway or stairwell is not safe because of smoke, heat or fire and you have access to a fire escape, use it to exit the building. Proceed cautiously on the fire escape and always carry or hold onto small children.
4. If you cannot use the stairs or fire escape, call 911 and tell them your address, floor, apartment number and the number of people in your apartment.
 - A. Seal the doors to your apartment with wet towels or sheets, and seal air ducts or other openings where smoke may enter.
 - B. Open windows a few inches at top and bottom unless flames and smoke are coming from below. Do not break any windows.
 - C. If conditions in the apartment appear life-threatening, open a window and wave a towel or sheet to attract the attention of firefighters.
 - D. If smoke conditions worsen before help arrives, get down on the floor and take short breaths through your nose. If possible, retreat to a balcony or terrace away from the source of the smoke, heat or fire.

LEASE/COMMENCEMENT OF OCCUPANCY NOTICE FOR INDOOR ALLERGEN HAZARDS

1. The owner of this building is required, under New York City Administrative Code section 27- 2017.1 et seq., to make an annual inspection for indoor allergen hazards (such as mold, mice, rats, and cockroaches) in your apartment and the common areas of the building. The owner must also inspect if you inform him or her that there is a condition in your apartment that is likely to cause an indoor allergen hazard, or you request an inspection, or the Department has issued a violation requiring correction of an indoor allergen hazard for your apartment. If there is an indoor allergen hazard in your apartment, the owner is required to fix it, using the safe work practices that are provided in the law. The owner must also provide new tenants with a pamphlet containing information about indoor allergen hazards.
2. The owner of this building is also required, prior to your occupancy as a new tenant, to fix all visible mold and pest infestations in the apartment, as well as any underlying defects, like leaks, using the safe work practices provided in the law. If the owner provides carpeting or furniture, he or she must thoroughly clean and vacuum it prior to occupancy. This notice must be signed by the owner or his or her representative, and state that he or she has complied with these requirements.

I, **DE BOULEVARD LLC** (owner or representative name in print), certify that I have complied with the requirements of the New York City Administrative Code section 27- 2017.5 by removing all visible mold and pest infestations and any underlying defects, and where applicable, cleaning and vacuuming any carpeting and furniture that I have provided to the tenant. I have performed the required work using the safe work practices provided in the law.

DE BOULEVARD LLC

(Landlord)

Date

DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION ON LEAD-BASED PAINT AND/OR LEAD-BASED PAINT HAZARDS

Lead Warning Statement

Housing built before 1978 may contain lead-based paint. Lead from paint, paint chips, and dust can pose health hazards if not managed properly. Lead exposure is especially harmful to young children and pregnant women. Before renting pre-1978 housing, lessors must disclose the presence of known lead-based paint and/or lead-based paint hazards in the dwelling. Lessees must also receive a federally approved pamphlet on lead poisoning prevention.

Lessor's Disclosure

(a) Presence of lead-based paint and/or lead-based paint hazards (check (i) or (ii) below):

(i) ☐ Known lead-based paint and/or lead-based paint hazards are present in the housing (explain).

(ii) ☒ Lessor has no knowledge of lead-based paint and/or lead-based paint hazards in the housing.

(b) Records and reports available to the lessor (check (i) or (ii) below):

(i) ☐ Lessor has provided the lessee with all available records and reports pertaining to lead-based paint and/or lead-based paint hazards in the housing (list documents below).

(ii) ☒ Lessor has no reports or records pertaining to lead-based paint and/or lead-based paint hazards in the housing.

Lessee's Acknowledgment (initial)

(c) TF Lessee has received copies of all information listed above.

(d) TF Lessee has received the pamphlet *Protect Your Family from Lead in Your Home*.

Agent's Acknowledgment (initial)

(e) TF Agent has informed the lessor of the lessor's obligations under 42 U.S.C. 4852(d) and is aware of his/her responsibility to ensure compliance.

Certification of Accuracy

The following parties have reviewed the information above and certify, to the best of their knowledge, that the information they have provided is true and accurate.

DE BOULEVARD LLC

DocuSigned by:

Tammy Franklin

12/14/2022

511368F19DDE47A

Tammy Franklin (Tenant)

Date

(Landlord)

Date

RIDER FOR 100% SMOKE FREE COMMUNITY

Additional clause attached to and forming a part of the certain Lease dated, **December 6, 2022** between **DE BOULEVARD LLC**, ("Landlord") and **Tammy Franklin** ("Tenant") as Tenant(s) Apartment **5G** ("Apartment") in the premises located at **107-06 QUEENS BLVD QUEENS, NY 11375** ("Building")

- 1** Definition of Smoking – The term smoking means inhaling, exhaling, breathing or carrying any lighted cigar, cigarette or other legal and or illegal tobacco products or similar lighted product in any manner or in any form;
- 2** Smoking – Due to the increased risk of fire and the know adverse health effects of secondhand smoke, smoking is prohibited in any area of the property, both private and common, whether enclosed or outdoor. This policy applies to all owners, tenants, guests, employees and service persons;
- 3** Smoke Free Community – Tenant agrees and acknowledges that the premises to be occupied by Tenant and members of Tenant's current and future household have been designated as a smoke free living environment. Tenant and members of the Tenant's household shall not smoke anywhere in the Apartment including but not limited to bathrooms, kitchens, rented by Tenant or the Building where the Tenant's Apartment is located or in any of the common areas or adjoining grounds of such Building or other parts of the rental community, nor shall Tenant permit any invitees, workers, guests or visitors under the control of Tenant to do so;
- 4** Tenant to Promote No Smoking Policy and to alert Landlord of Violation – Tenant acknowledges that i) the Building is 100% Smoke Free and ii) all rental advertisements for the building contained the 100% Smoke Free Policy and iii) the 100% Smoke Free Policy will be strictly enforced. Additionally, Tenant shall inform Tenant's invitees, workers, guests or visitors of the 100% Smoke Free Policy. Further, Tenant shall promptly give Landlord a written statement of any incident where tobacco smoke is migrating into the Tenant's Apartment from sources outside of the Tenant's Apartment;
- 5** Landlord Not a Guarantor of Smoke Free Environment – While the Landlord has imposed and will attempt to enforce the 100% no smoking clause throughout the Building the Landlord is not a guarantor of the no smoking policy throughout the Building. The Landlord will at all times use its best efforts to enforce this policy including but not limited to commencing any legal action against the violating party. But nothing in this policy or the Landlord's willingness to enforce this policy will act as, be found to be or be read as a guarantee by the Landlord that this policy will be abided by all Tenants and their invitees, workers, guests or visitors at all times. The Landlord is not guaranteeing that Tenants might not attempt to circumvent, ignore and/or violate this policy. The Landlord cannot be held liable in the event a Tenant violates this Policy. No Tenant will look to or hold the Landlord liable in the event this Policy is violated by another Tenant. The Landlord will use its best efforts to enforce this Policy but at no time is the Landlord a guarantor of the 100% compliance with this Policy by all Tenants.

It is the responsibility of the Tenant to inform his/her guests of the No Smoking provision of this Lease and prohibits smoking of any kind by his/her household members or guests while on the premises. Smoking by the Tenant, members of his/her household, or his/her guests in any area of the leased premises is a violation of this Lease. A breach of this provision shall be considered a material breach of the Lease and grounds for termination of the Lease by the Landlord.

DE BOULEVARD LLC

DocuSigned by:

Tammy Franklin

12/14/2022

511368F19DEE47A...
Tammy Franklin (Tenant)

Date

(Landlord)

Date

Section 12-12.1 of Chapter 12 of Title 28 of the Rules of the City of New York describes conditions under which a combined notice may be used, combining notice of suspected gas leak procedures with notice for smoke detectors and carbon monoxide detectors. A sample of a combined notice is below:

NOTICE FOR SUSPECTED GAS LEAKS, SMOKE DETECTING DEVICES, AND CARBON MONOXIDE ALARMS

The law requires the owner of the premises to notify tenants regarding the following:

Suspected Gas Leak Procedure: When a tenant suspects that a gas leak has occurred, the tenant should take the following actions:

1. Quickly open nearby doors and windows and then leave the building immediately; do not attempt to locate the leak. Do not turn on or off any electrical appliances, do not smoke or light matches or lighters, and do not use a house-phone or cell-phone within the building;
2. After leaving the building, from a safe distance away from the building, call 911 immediately to report the suspected gas leak;
3. After calling 911, call the gas service provider for this building as follows:

Provider _____ Number _____

Smoke Detectors: The law requires the owner of the premises to provide and install one or more approved and operational smoke detectors in each apartment and to periodically replace such devices upon the expiration of their useful life in accordance with article 312 of chapter 3 of title 28 of the New York City Administrative Code. The tenant of each apartment is responsible for the maintenance and repair of the detectors installed in the apartment and for replacing any or all detectors which are stolen, removed, missing or become inoperable during the occupancy of the apartment with a device meeting the requirements of article 312 of chapter 3 of title 28 of the Administrative Code, unless a detector becomes inoperable within one year of being installed due to a manufacturing defect. The tenant of each apartment in this building in which a battery-operated smoke detector is provided and installed shall pay the owner a maximum of twenty-five dollars or a maximum of fifty dollars where a combined smoke and carbon monoxide detecting device is installed for the cost of providing and installing each detector. The tenant has one (1) year from the date of installation to make such payment to the owner.

Carbon Monoxide Detectors: The law requires the owner of the premises to provide a carbon monoxide alarm in each apartment in this building. The carbon monoxide alarm must be placed within 15 feet of the primary entrance to each sleeping room, must be equipped with an end of life alarm, and must be periodically replaced by the owner as necessary when the suggested useful life of the alarm expires. Tenants are responsible for the maintenance and repair of the alarms installed in the apartment and for replacing any or all alarms that are stolen, removed, missing, or become inoperable during the occupancy of the apartment, unless an alarm becomes inoperable within one year of being installed due to a manufacturing defect. The occupant of each apartment in which a carbon monoxide alarm is provided and installed must pay the owner **\$0.00** per alarm, or a maximum of **\$0.00** per device where a combined smoke and carbon monoxide detecting device is installed. This fee covers the cost of the work for the initial installation and each periodic replacement. The occupant has one year from the date of installation to pay the owner.

DocuSigned by:

Tammy Franklin

12/14/2022

511368F19DFF47A...

Tammy Franklin (Tenant)

Date

NOTICE DISCLOSING TENANTS' RIGHTS TO REASONABLE ACCOMMODATIONS FOR PERSONS WITH DISABILITIES

Reasonable Accommodations

The New York State Human Rights Law requires housing providers to make reasonable accommodations or modifications to a building or living space to meet the needs of people with disabilities. For example, if you have a physical, mental, or medical impairment, you can ask your housing provider to make the common areas of your building accessible, or to change certain policies to meet your needs.

To request a reasonable accommodation, you should contact your property manager. You will need to show your housing provider that you have a disability or health problem that interferes with your use of housing, and that your request for accommodation may be necessary to provide you equal access and opportunity to use and enjoy your housing or the amenities and services normally offered by your housing provider.

If you believe that you have been denied a reasonable accommodation for your disability, or that you were denied housing or retaliated against because you requested a reasonable accommodation, you can file a complaint with the New York State Division of Human Rights as described at the end of this notice.

Specifically, if you have a physical, mental, or medical impairment, you can request:

- Permission to change the interior of your housing unit to make it accessible (however, you are required to pay for these modifications, and in the case of a rental your housing provider may require that you restore the unit to its original condition when you move out);
- Changes to your housing provider's rules, policies, practices, or services;
- Changes to common areas of the building so you have an equal opportunity to use the building. The New York State Human Rights Law requires housing providers to pay for reasonable modifications to common use areas.

Examples of reasonable modifications and accommodations that may be requested under the New York State Human Rights Law include:

- If you have a mobility impairment, your housing provider may be required to provide you with a ramp or other reasonable means to permit you to enter and exit the building.
- If your doctor provides documentation that having an animal will assist with your disability, you should be permitted to have the animal in your home despite a "no pet" rule.
- If you need grab bars in your bathroom, you can request permission to install them at your own expense. If your housing was built for first occupancy after March 13, 1991 and the walls need to be reinforced for grab bars, your housing provider must pay for that to be done.
- If you have an impairment that requires a parking space close to your unit, you can request your housing provider to provide you with that parking space, or place you at the top of a waiting list if no adjacent spot is available.
- If you have a visual impairment and require printed notices in an alternative format such as large print font, or need notices to be made available to you electronically, you can request that accommodation from your landlord.

Required Accessibility Standards

All buildings constructed for use after March 13, 1991, are required to meet the following standards:

- Public and common areas must be readily accessible to and usable by persons with disabilities;
- All doors must be sufficiently wide to allow passage by persons in wheelchairs; and
- All multi-family buildings must contain accessible passageways, fixtures, outlets, thermostats, bathrooms, and kitchens.

If you believe that your building does not meet the required accessibility standards, you can file a complaint with the New York State Division of Human Rights.

How to File a Complaint

A complaint must be filed with the Division within one year of the alleged discriminatory act. You can find more information on your rights, and on the procedures for filing a complaint, by going to www.dhr.ny.gov, or by calling 1-888-392-3644 with questions about your rights. You can obtain a complaint form on the website, or one can be e-mailed or mailed to you. You can also call or e-mail a Division regional office. The regional offices are listed on the website.

THE REAL ESTATE BOARD OF NEW YORK, INC. SPRINKLER DISCLOSURE LEASE RIDER

Pursuant to the New York State Real Property Law, Article 7, Section 231-a, effective December 3, 2014 all residential leases must contain a conspicuous notice as to the existence or non-existence of a Sprinkler System in the Leased Premises.

Name of tenant(s): Tammy Franklin
 Lease Premises Address: 107-06 QUEENS BLVD, Queens, NY 11375
 Apartment Number: 5G (the "Leased Premises")
 Date of Lease: January 15, 2023

CHECK ONE:

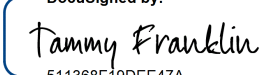
1. ☐ There is **NO** Maintained and Operative Sprinkler System in the Leased Premises.
2. ☒ There is a Maintained and Operative Sprinkler System in the Leased Premises.

A. The last date on which the Sprinkler System was maintained and inspected was on **NOT AVAILABLE** *

A "Sprinkler System" is a system of piping and appurtenances designed and installed in accordance with generally accepted standards so that heat from a fire will automatically cause water to be discharged over the fire area to extinguish it or prevent its further spread (Executive Law of New York, Article 6-C, Section 155-a(5)).

Acknowledgment & Signatures:

I, the Tenant, have read the disclosure set forth above. I understand that this notice, as to the existence or non-existence of a Sprinkler System is being provided to me to help me make an informed decision about the Leased Premises in accordance with New York State Real Property Law Article 7, Section 231-a.

DocuSigned by:
 12/14/2022
 511368F10DEE47A...
 Tammy Franklin (Tenant) Date

DE BOULEVARD LLC

 (Landlord)

 Date

*

ANNUAL NOTICE REGARDING INSTALLATION OF STOVE KNOB COVERS

The owner of this building is required, by Administrative Code §27-2046.4(a), to provide stove knob covers for each knob located on the front of each gas-powered stove to tenants in each dwelling unit in which a child under six years of age resides, unless there is no available stove knob cover that is compatible with the knobs on the stove. Tenants may refuse stove knob covers by marking the appropriate box on this form. Tenants may also request stove knob covers even if they do not have a child under age six residing with them, by marking the appropriate box on this form. The owner must make the stove knob covers available within 30 days of this notice. Please also note that an owner is only required to provide replacement stove knob covers twice within any one-year period. You may request or refuse stove knob covers by checking the appropriate box on the form below, and by returning it to the owner at the address provided. If you do not refuse stove knob covers in writing, the owner will attempt to make them available to you.

PLEASE COMPLETE THIS FORM BY CHECKING THE APPROPRIATE BOX, FILLING OUT THE INFORMATION REQUESTED, AND SIGNING.

Please return the form to the owner at the address provided by January 15, 2023:

- ☐ **YES**, I want stove knob covers or replacement stove knob covers for my stove, and I have a child under age six residing in my apartment.
- ☐ **YES**, I want stove knob covers or replacement stove knob covers for my stove, even though I do not have a child under age six residing in my apartment.
- ☐ **NO, I DO NOT** want stove knob covers for my stove, even though I have a child under age six residing in my apartment.
- ☐ **NO, I DO NOT** want stove knob covers for my stove. There is no child under age six residing in my apartment.

DocuSigned by:

Tammy Franklin

12/14/2022

511368F19DEE47A...
Tammy Franklin (Tenant)

Date

Print Name, Address, and Apartment Number:

Tammy Franklin

107-06 QUEENS BLVD #5G, Queens, NY 11375

Return this form to (Owner address):

215-15 NORTHERN BLVD, SUITE 301, Bayside, NY 11361



WINDOW GUARDS REQUIRED

LEASE NOTICE TO TENANT

THE CITY OF NEW YORK
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH
AND MENTAL HYGIENE

You are required by law to have window guards in all windows if a child 10 years of age or younger lives in your apartment.

Your Landlord is required by law to install window guards in your apartment:

- If a child 10 years or younger lives in your apartment.
- OR If you ask him/her to install window guards at any time (you need not give a reason).

It is a violation of law to refuse, interfere with installation, or remove window guards where required.

CHECK WHICHEVER APPLY:

- ☐ CHILDREN 10 YEARS OF AGE OR YOUNGER LIVE IN MY APARTMENT
- ☐ NO CHILDREN 10 YEARS OF AGE OR YOUNGER LIVE IN MY APARTMENT
- ☐ I WANT WINDOW GUARDS EVEN THOUGH I HAVE NO CHILDREN 10 YEARS OF AGE OR YOUNGER

NOTE: WINDOW "GUARDS" ARE NOT WINDOW "GATES". WINDOW GATES ARE SECURITY DEVICES WHICH MAY BE INSTALLED BY THE TENANT AT THE TENANT'S SOLE COST AND EXPENSE IN CONFORMITY WITH FIRE DEPARTMENT REGULATIONS.

Apartment Address: 107-06 QUEENS BLVD #5G, Queens, NY 11375

DocuSigned by:

 511368F19DEE47A...
 Tammy Franklin (Tenant) 12/14/2022
 Date

RETURN THIS FORM TO:
DE BOULEVARD LLC
215-15 NORTHERN BLVD, SUITE 301
Bayside, NY 11361

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CALL:
Window Falls Prevention Program (212) 676-2162

What Tenants Should Know About Indoor Allergens (Local Law 55 of 2018)

Allergens are things in the environment that make indoor air quality worse. They can cause asthma attacks or make asthma symptoms worse. Common indoor allergens, or triggers, include cockroaches and mice; mold and mildew; and chemicals with strong smells, like some cleaning products. Environmental and structural conditions, like leaks and cracks in walls often found in poorly maintained housing, lead to higher levels of allergens.

New York City law requires that landlords take steps to keep their tenants' homes free of pests and mold. This includes safely fixing the conditions that cause these problems. Tenants also play a role in preventing indoor allergens.

TENANTS SHOULD:



Keep homes clean and dry



Avoid using pesticides and chemicals with strong smells (e.g., cleaning products, air fresheners, etc.)



Place food in sealed containers, keep counters and sinks clean, and get rid of clutter such as newspapers and paper bags



Tell landlords right away if there are pests, water leaks, or holes or cracks in the walls and floors



Use garbage cans with tight-fitting lids



Let building staff into homes to make any needed repairs



Take garbage and recycling out every day, and tie up garbage bags before putting them in compactor chutes



Call **311** if landlords do not fix the problem or if repair work is being done unsafely

If you are a tenant and you or your child has asthma, and there are pests or mold in your home, your doctor can request a free home environmental inspection for you through the New York City Health Department's Online Registry. Talk to your doctor or call **311 to learn more.**

For more information about building owner and landlord responsibilities and safely fixing indoor allergen hazards, see the reverse side of this fact sheet.

For more information about safely controlling asthma, visit nyc.gov/health/asthma.

What Landlords Must Do to Keep Homes Free of Pests and Mold

New York City law requires that landlords of buildings with three or more apartments — or buildings of any size where a tenant has asthma — take steps to keep their tenants' homes free of pests and mold. This includes safely fixing the conditions that cause these problems.

LANDLORDS MUST:



Inspect every apartment and the building's common areas for cockroach and rodent infestations, mold and the conditions that lead to these hazards, at least once a year and more often if necessary. Landlords must also respond to tenant complaints or requests for an inspection.



Use integrated pest management (IPM) practices to safely control pests and fix building-related issues that lead to pest problems.

- Remove pest nests and thoroughly clean pest waste and other debris using a HEPA vacuum. Make sure to limit the spread of dust when cleaning.
- Repair and seal any holes, gaps or cracks in walls, ceilings, floors, molding, base boards, around pipes and conduits, and around and within cabinets.
- Attach door sweeps to all doors that lead to hallways, basements or outside.
- Remove all water sources for pests by repairing drains, faucets and other plumbing materials that collect water or leak.
- Use pesticides sparingly. If pesticides must be used to correct a violation, they must be applied by a New York State Department of Environmental Conservation-licensed pest professional.



Remove indoor mold and safely fix the problems that cause mold.

- Remove any standing water, and fix leaks or moisture conditions.
- Move or cover furniture with plastic sheeting.
- Limit the spread of dust. Use methods such as sealing off openings (e.g., doorways, ventilation ducts) and gently misting the moldy area with soap or detergent and water before cleaning.
- Clean moldy area with soap or detergent and water. Dry the cleaned area completely.
- Clean any visible dust from the work area with wet mops or HEPA vacuums.
- Throw away all cleaning-related waste in heavy-duty plastic bags and seal securely.
- To clean 10 or more square feet of mold in a building with 10 or more apartments, landlords **must** use a New York State Department of Labor-licensed mold assessor and remediator. These licensed workers must comply with New York City Administrative Code section 24-154 and New York State Labor Law Article 32.



Make sure vacant apartments are thoroughly **cleaned and free of pests and mold** before a new tenant moves in.



Provide a copy of this fact sheet and a notice with each tenant's lease that clearly states the landlord's and tenant's responsibilities to keep the building free of indoor allergens.

For more information about building owner and landlord responsibilities and safely fixing indoor allergen hazards, visit nyc.gov/hpd and search for indoor allergen hazards.

Local Law 1 - NYC Lead Poisoning Prevention Law Information for Tenants

The text below is a printer-friendly version of the New York City Department of Health and Mental Hygiene (DOHMH) brochure for tenants entitled, "Fix Lead Paint". For additional information on lead poisoning, go to www.nyc/lead or call 311.

Fix Lead Paint Hazards:

What Landlords Must Do and Every Tenant Should Know

Lead Can Cause Learning Problems

Lead is a poison often found in old paint. Peeling lead paint is the most common cause of lead poisoning in young children. Lead dust from peeling paint can land on window sills, floors, and toys. When children play on the floor and put their hands and toys in their mouths, they can swallow lead dust.

Preventing Lead Poisoning: What the Law Requires

In New York City, Local Law 1 of 2004 requires landlords to identify and fix lead paint hazards in the apartments of young children. This law applies to your apartment if:

- The building was built before 1960 (or between 1960 and 1978 if the owner knows that the building has lead paint), and
- The building has 3 or more apartments, and
- A child under the age of 6 lives in your apartment.

What Are Lead Paint Hazards?

- Dust from lead paint.
- Peeling or damaged lead paint.
- Lead paint on:
 - o Crumbling plaster or rotted wood.
 - o Doors and windows that stick or rub together.
 - o Window sills and any other surfaces that have been chewed on by children.

Things Landlords Must Do

- In buildings covered by Local Law 1, landlords must find out if any children younger than 6 years live in the building and inspect those apartments for lead paint hazards **every year**.
- Landlords must use safe work practices and trained workers when fixing lead paint hazards and when doing general repair work that disturbs lead paint.
- Local Law 1 requires landlords to use firms certified by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency when disturbing more than 100 square feet of lead paint, replacing windows, or fixing violations issued by the New York City Department of Housing Preservation and Development (HPD).
- Landlords must repair lead paint hazards **before** a new tenant moves into an apartment.
- Landlords must keep records of all notices, inspections, repairs of lead paint hazards, and other matters related to the law. HPD may ask the landlord for copies of this paperwork.



Before repair work begins, landlords must make sure that trained workers:

Local Law 1 - NYC Lead Poisoning Prevention Law Information for Tenants

- Post warning signs outside the work area.
- Tell tenants to stay out of the work area.
- Clean the work area with wet mops or HEPA vacuums.
- Remove all items that can be moved from the work area.
- Cover furniture that cannot be moved.
- Seal floors, doors, and other openings with plastic and waterproof tape.



While repair work is going on, landlords must make sure trained workers clean the work area every day with wet mops and HEPA vacuums.

Landlords and contractors must NEVER dry-scrape or dry-sand lead paint.

After repair work is finished, landlords must:

- Hire only trained workers to clean the work area with wet mops and HEPA vacuums.
- Hire a company or individual trained to take "clearance dust wipes" to make sure lead dust levels are below: 40 mcg/sf for floors, 250 mcg/sf for window sills, and 400 mcg/sf for window wells (mcg/sf = micrograms of lead per square foot). If levels are higher, clean-up must be repeated and the dust wipes taken again.
- Give a copy of clearance dust wipe results to the tenant.

Things Tenants Must Do

- Tenants must fill out and return the ANNUAL NOTICE form they receive each year from their landlord. This form tells your landlord if any children younger than 6 years live in your apartment.
- Wash floors, window sills, hands, toys, and pacifiers often.
- Remind your doctor to test your child for lead poisoning at ages 1 and 2. Ask the doctor about testing older children.
- If a child younger than 6 comes to live with you during the year or if you have a baby, you must notify your landlord in writing.

Tenants should also:

- Report peeling paint in your apartment to your landlord.
- Call 311 if your landlord does not fix peeling paint or if you think repair work is being done unsafely.



Call 311 to

- **Report unsafe work practices.**
- **Learn more about how to prevent lead poisoning.**
- **Find out where to get your child tested for lead poisoning, and for diagnosis and treatment information.**
- **Order more copies of this brochure or other materials on lead poisoning prevention.**

Owners of multiple dwellings (3 or more apartments) must give this brochure to tenants when they sign a lease or move into an apartment if the multiple dwelling was built before 1960, or was built between 1960 and 1978 if the owner knows that the building has lead paint. This brochure contains basic information about Local Law 1 of 2004 and is provided for your convenience only. For a copy of the law and applicable rules go to nyc.gov/hpd.